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The Daily Colonist

HALL & WALKER
AGENTS
WELLINGTON COLLIERY CO.'S
COAL
100 Government St. Phone 83

VOL. XCIII. NO. 108

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SUNDAY, APRIL 16, 1905

FORTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

WATCH REPAIRING

Watches need attention; all machinery does. And the better the watch, the more particular its owner should be to have it looked after. Watches should be oiled every eighteen months or two years, even if they are doing satisfactory work. Oiling involves cleaning, for fine dust finds its way inside the watch and eventually works an injury.

We have the best men we know of for repairing watches—employ none but skilled workmen; and, of course, we guarantee the work, which means that we do work that is first class. This applies as well to the finest Swiss or English hand-made watches as to good American movements, or in fact to any complicated timepiece.

We make no charge for examining your timepiece and if any repairing is required we will willingly give you an estimate of the cost of repairing.

CHALLONER & MITCHELL

COOKED MEATS

Our Specialty

Cooked Ham	35c per lb.
Corned Beef	25c per lb.
Ham Sausage	15c per lb.
Frankfurts	15c per lb.
Pickled Tripe	20c per lb.
Pickled Pig's Feet	5c each.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.,

The Independent Cash Grocers

Wallpaper Sale

Wonderful Reductions

To Reduce Stock as We are Preparing to Remove to Larger Premises.

THE MELROSE CO., Ltd.

78 FORT STREET Two Doors Below Redmond Theatre. 40 FORT STREET Next to Five Sisters' Block.

WHITESWAN SOAP

IS ALL THE GO

Are You Getting Coupons For This Month's Gramophone. Ask Your Grocer About It.

"CALEDONIAN"

R. P. RITHE & CO., LTD

AGENTS.

You don't have to take up your carpets when getting a room papered by

Mellor Bros., Ltd.

No muss! No dirt! No worry!

PHONE 812. 70 FORT STREET.



THE HUDSON'S BAY CO., Agents for B. C.

HAVE YOU TRIED WHOLE-WHEAT FLOUR?

It makes a Real Health Food. Manufactured only from Wheat as Nature formed it and containing all the nutriment of the Wheat Berry. B. & K. BRAND IS THE BEST.

THE BRACKMAN-KER MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED.

The Week At Ottawa

Strathcona Horse Will Be Revived In The New Province.

Ontario Newspapers Condemn British Columbia's Jap Exclusion Law.

Rider Haggard and Booth Tucker Address Members of Canadian Club.

From Our Own Correspondent.

OTTAWA, April 15.—With the advent of the two new provinces in Western Canada there is to be an extension of the militia system over the entire country between Manitoba and the Rocky Mountains. The people of the Territories have been clamoring for militia regiments for some years, and now the minister feels that the time has arrived to grant their request. Provision will be made for 2,000 men for Saskatchewan and Alberta. The idea the minister has in view is to authorize the creation of an efficient mounted force. The celebrated Strathcona Horse will be revived, and it is expected that many men who served in that splendid regiment, which was raised by the generosity of the venerable high commissioner, will join the corps again. It is possible in larger towns that the establishment of independent infantry companies will be authorized, but a mounted regiment is preferred.

Militia orders issued today authorize the free issue of fifty rounds of ammunition to cadets who have attained the age of 16 years. Graduates of the Royal Military College of Kingston are to have their status clearly defined with respect to the appointment of the permanent corps. The commissions will be given annually, should vacancies exist, to the graduating class.

Provision is made in orders for the appointment of paid specialists to the Canadian artillery, such as range takers and gun layers.

Mr. Oliver's Re-election

It is pretty well understood, so far as the opposition is concerned, that there will be no contest in the Edmonton district. An analysis of the population of the riding, telegraphed the other evening, is evidence of the futility of attempting to fight Mr. Oliver. Several gentlemen were anxious for Fred Haultain to tackle Mr. Oliver, but Mr. Haultain knows better than to court his last against a stone wall. Mr. Haultain will reserve himself for the contest in one of the new provinces, but which it will be not yet decided. He represents the district of Macleod in the Northwest assembly, but his home for the last years has been in Regina, and the chances are that he will cast in his lot with Saskatchewan. It is not known whether he will be called upon to form a provincial government. An effort will be made by the Liberals to sidetrack him, but as Mr. Haultain is very popular throughout the Territories it is thought he will have no difficulty in securing a majority of supporters in either province to enable him to form a ministry.

There has been a good deal of discussion this week in political circles regarding the Coast-Kootenay railway. The minister has not yet given out assurance that there will be any railway subsidies this session, but the British Columbia members are a unit in pressing the claim. It is the belief that if any subsidies are granted this year, the Coast-Kootenay line will be one of the favored ones.

Against Japanese Exclusion

Eastern Ontario newspapers are practically united in condemning the re-enactment of the restrictive legislation against the Japanese by the British Columbia assembly. Consul Nossie is very much worked up over the matter and will press for the prompt disallowance of the measure as soon as certified copies of the statute in question are received at Ottawa.

A despatch received from the colonial secretary points out that in view of the difficulty of establishing the nationality of claimants when the British claims recently came up for examination before the Venezuelan claims commission, it has been decided by His Majesty's government to encourage as much as possible the practice of registration of British subjects at British consulates abroad and more especially this is desired in the case of British subjects residing to Central and South America.

An order-in-council has been passed prohibiting vessels from anchoring in the harbor of Victoria between the railway bridge and the shores of James Bay temporarily while measures are being taken to bring them to some of the nearby wharves or to move them to the upper part of the harbor. This regulation, however, does not apply to small vessels and yachts that may be permitted to moor in the extreme eastern part of James Bay. A penalty of \$20 will be imposed for violating this regulation.

Britishers for Canada

Rider Haggard and Commander Booth Tucker addressed 300 members of the Canadian Club this afternoon, their remarks dealing with the "submerged tenth" problem. It is likely as a result of Haggard's interviews with members of the government that the Salvation Army will be given charge of the great movement to place British citizens on Northwest lands.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S HUNT.

Starts on First Bear Hunt of His Vacation.

Newcastle, Colo., April 15.—President Roosevelt started at 11:30 today on his horseback on the first bear hunt of his vacation in the Rocky mountains.

THORPE & CO'S

PALE

DRY GINGER ALE

WILL NOT VISIT U. S.

Band of Irish Guards Refused Permission for Proposed Trip.

London, April 15.—Reynold's Weekly newspaper says that the war office has prohibited the band of the Irish Guards from entering the United States on the occasion of their forthcoming visit to the Toronto exhibition, fearing a political demonstration on the part of the Irish in New York.

GERMAN COLLIERS SAIL.

Four Vessels Depart From Singapore for Vladivostok.

Chicago, April 15.—A Chicago Daily News despatch from Singapore says: "Four German colliers, which were anchored off Cape St. James, Indo-China, left that anchorage Thursday, and are understood to be making for Vladivostok, the supposed objective of the Baltic fleet."

FOR NEWFOUNDLAND WATERS.

French Cruiser to Reinforce Fleet in North Atlantic.

Paris, April 15.—The French third class cruiser Chasseloup Laubat is to be sent to Newfoundland to reinforce the French squadron there. The failure of Newfoundland to give French fishermen suitable facilities and protection in claiming for the Anglo-French agreement is considered to be one of the causes for sending the cruiser to Newfoundland waters.

STRANGE FATAL SCOURGE.

Epidemic Alarms People, Who Fleo to Reno.

Reno, Nev., April 15.—Inhabitants of Tonopah are coming to Reno by scores to escape an epidemic that thus far has puzzled the doctors of Tonopah. Governor Sparks will appoint a special commission to look into the matter and check the disease that is killing people at the rate of from five to a dozen each day. The disease brings death in from 12 to 14 hours. The bodies become black after death.

TO FORTIFY SAIGON.

French Experts to Visit Indo-China With Colonial Minister.

Paris, April 15.—Admiral Fournier, who was president of the North Sea commission, and Gen. Voynon, who commanded the French forces which operated against the Boxers, expect to accompany Colonial Minister Clementi on a voyage of naval and military inspection to French Indo-China. This trip is expected to result in a renewal of plans for construction of strong defenses at Saigon and other points in Indo-China.

CLAIMS AGAINST MEXICO.

Republic Will Be Asked to Pay for Yaqui Outrages.

Chicago, April 15.—The Mexican government will be asked to pay \$450,000 as indemnity for the murder of J. J. McKenzie and Dr. Robert McCoy of Chicago, Walter Stupinger of Kewanee and Mr. A. Call of Toledo, Ohio, and for the burning of the Yaqui Indian village of Salome, Cal., by Yaqui Indians on Jan. 19 last. Torrington, one of the survivors of the massacre, said that a claim of \$100,000 would be made for each of the four victims slain, and \$25,000 each would be demanded by Miller and himself because of the terrible experience through which they passed.

MRS. CHADWICK'S BAIL.

Fair Financier Is Required to Give Bonds for \$52,000.

Cincinnati, O., April 15.—Mrs. Cassie Chadwick, who has been convicted and sentenced to prison for ten years on procuring money by false pretences, was today admitted to bail in the sum of \$52,000 by Judge Burton of the United States circuit court of appeals, who ordered consultation with the other judges of the circuit court pending appeal proceedings which are to come before the court next October.

J. P. Daly, chief counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, stated today that the \$52,000 bond named by the circuit court of appeals in Cincinnati for the release of his client, was in addition to the \$47,000 fixed by the United States district court and the county and criminal courts. The total amount required is, therefore, \$52,000.

THE MOROCCAN SITUATION.

French and German Governments Get Together and Arrange Matters.

Berlin, April 15.—Foreign Minister Delcasse talked over the Morocco question with Prince von Rodolin, the German ambassador, yesterday, thus beginning a direct exchange of views between the German and French governments. Nothing is said by the foreign office regarding the substance of the interview, but Von Rodolin reviewed Delcasse's observations in suitable spirit. The foreign office prefers to make no statement on the subject, but the French newspapers, even the so-called inspired papers, today contain nothing from the French foreign office regarding the conference.

Paris, April 15.—Although details are carefully guarded, there is the best of reason to believe conversations have actually begun between representatives of France and Germany with a view to removing misunderstandings relative to Morocco. It is certain diplomatic means have been found to bring about a mutual exchange of views in place of the mutual recriminations which heretofore have been going on. This favorable turn of affairs appears to be the direct result of the German government's cordiality existing in London and the strong support given there to the French position. This leads diplomats to say Great Britain owes France much more moral support in Morocco.

The Anglo-French understanding resulted in France relinquishing to Great Britain the French shore of Newfoundland and important rights in Egypt, and Great Britain's consideration for this was the recognition of France's paramount influence in Morocco.

There is held that since Great Britain has obtained possession of the Newfoundland shore and of the French rights in Egypt there is a definite obligation on the part of Great Britain to give a part of the contract, namely, French predominance in Morocco.

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All Hope With Rojestvensky

Alleged Bold Move of Admiral Arouses Enthusiasm in Russia.

Admiralty Anxious for Chance to Retrieve Itself by Next Battle.

Result of Week's Operations Have Strengthened Reactionary Influences.

S. PETERSBURG, April 16.—The week closes with the government's hopes centered on Vice Admiral Rojestvensky, and gradually something like genuine enthusiasm has been aroused by the Russian admiral's hardihood in sailing straight for a combat with the Japanese. There are many naval officers who don't believe that Vice Admiral Togo will accept the challenge. In their opinion the Japanese will be too prudent in such a crisis to risk the destruction of their fleet. They believe that Togo's tactics will be to avoid an open sea fight and that he will launch a series of desperate night torpedo attacks in the hope of throwing the Russian fleet into confusion, scattering the lines of ships and giving his faster battleships and cruisers an opportunity to surround and destroy them individually, and if some of Rojestvensky's ships escape to Vladivostok, to bottle them up there.

At the moment the conservative counsels of the peace party, which realize that the military situation will be utterly hopeless if Rojestvensky's fleet is destroyed, and considers it best to open negotiations before the issue is put to a test, are rudely thrust aside. The admiralty clamors for a chance to retrieve its reputation and the war party generally seems to be convinced that the Emperor of Russia's position will not be worse if the Baltic fleet is lost, while the destruction of Togo's fleet would spell ruin for Japan. The

WILL SUSPEND TRIPS.

Tokio, April 15.—On account of the presence of the Russian Baltic squadron in Pacific waters, the Japanese steamship lines operating between Japan and America were planning to suspend suspension of trans-Pacific operations. It is expected also that the Formosan steamship lines will discontinue running steamers until all danger of seizure by Russian warships has ended. Connection was lost before any particulars could be secured. (The last probably means that connection with Formosa was broken, they could get any details.—Ed.)

Emperor himself, it is understood, expresses great confidence in victory and should he be victorious he will undoubtedly fix the imperial seal to the big naval programme prepared by the admiralty.

Reactionaries Strengthened

The possibility of a complete change in the fortunes of war has had an appreciable effect in strengthening the reactionary influences about His Majesty's court. The left, at the beginning of the war, had been so completely defeated of the president of the committee of ministers, M. Witte, the veto of the proposed ecclesiastical council by the Emperor until tranquility is re-established. Meanwhile the endless bureaucratic commissions charged with various reforms have been all working briskly and making great noise but little real headway, as all their decisions are provisional only and go through the council of the empire and receive imperial approval before being translated into acts. But, while the words of all breathe reform, acts tend to the contrary direction. For instance, the press censorship decrees additional liberties, but the censorship regulations grow severer.

The deplorable lack of confidence in the government's sincerity in placing reforms in the hands of the bureaucracy has already this year cost 100,000 tons of ore. If the same ratio is kept up for the balance of the year the total output should be in the vicinity of 340,000 tons, which was practically the output of last year.

From the energetic manner in which the mines are being operated, the probabilities are that the balance of the year will show considerable of an increase and bring the total for the year up to about 400,000 tons, which would be larger than for the most productive year the camp has yet seen, which was 1903, when the output reached a total of 377,134 tons.

The tonnage of ore shipped from and crushed at the Baidary mine for the week ending tonight was as follows: Le Roi, 2,050; Centre Star, 1,643; War Eagle, 1,170; Le Roi No. 2 (milled), 400; Le Roi No. 2, 120; Jumbo, 100; Spruce, 270. Total for the week, 5,753; and the total for the year, 102,357 tons.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S LABORS.

In Spite of Vacation Keeps Touch With State Affairs.

Rome, April 15.—While in Sicily Emperor William actively continues to deal with state affairs, keeping his representatives at the Quirinal and at the Vatican constantly engaged. It is rumored that the Emperor may pay a short visit to Rome, make the personal acquaintance of the Pope and agree with him on several difficult questions, briefly the secularism of cemeteries raised by Light Rev. of Wilhelms, Archbishop of Metz, who has refused to permit the burial of Catholics in Catholic cemeteries in which Protestants have been buried. This, it is understood, annoyed the Emperor, and he would like to have the archbishop removed, but the Vatican resists his demand, Archbishop Benzel having been appointed on Emperor William's recommendation.

Another serious question is that the Catholic Poles are supported by the Emperor in their struggle against the Prussian government, which is trying to destroy their nationality.

Besides these questions, Emperor William, it is said, wishes to receive part of the inheritance of the crown prince, concerns the protection of Catholics in the Orient after the separation of church and state in France actually takes place.

His Majesty also insists on the establishment of a papal delegation to Berlin, whereas secretary of state Merry Del Val is determined to have a papal there or nothing.

here of the international commission of inquiry into the North Sea incident, Captain Clado wrote a book pointing out that gunboats were one of Russia's greatest needs. This gives irony to his command of a fleet of such gunboats in the heart of Siberia.

MONARCHS WILL MEET.

King Edward and Consort to Visit Emperor William.

Rome, April 15.—A telegram from Messina to the Giornale Di Italia says that King Edward and Queen Alexandra are expected to meet Emperor William at Messina about April 20.

SAW NO JAPANESE.

Rojestvensky Encountered no Scouts Entering China Sea.

Paris, April 15.—A despatch to the Temps from Saigon says Admiral Rojestvensky did not sight any Japanese scouts during his entrance into the China sea. The despatch adds that it is expected that the Russian squadron will reposition off the coast of Annam.

MANY NEW TORPEDO BOATS.

Japanese Said to Have Commissioned Ten Lately.

Washington, April 15.—Information has reached Washington through European sources that the Japanese navy has within the last few days commissioned 10 new torpedo boat destroyers, built in Japanese shipyards. It is believed that within six weeks 25 additional destroyers under rush orders will be put in commission. Three hundred and eighty-one mines planted by the Japanese in front of Port Arthur have been taken up and planted elsewhere.

RUSSIAN FINANCES.

Interesting Financial Statement Just Issued by the Government.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—A financial statement regarding the state of the budget for 1904 shows that the total of the ordinary revenue collected was \$1,008,500,000, being \$18,500,000 over the estimates, \$7,000,000 below the total of 1903 and \$55,500,000 more than in 1902. The ordinary expenditures were \$555,000,000, leaving a surplus of \$55,500,000. In the extraordinary budget the sum of \$320,500,000 is assigned for war expenditure, \$81,000,000 for railroad construction; and the loans to railway companies for extraordinary expenditure were met by the above surplus and \$22,500,000, proceeds of the 5 per cent treasury bonds realized in 1904; imperial rent and bonds totalling \$215,500,000, other extraordinary revenue amounting to \$1,500,000 and the balances of former years amounting to \$130,500,000. This left at the beginning of 1905, a free balance of \$59,000,000, in which the proceeds of the 4 1/2 per cent loan are included.

SECOND PEACE CONFERENCE.

Instructions Now in Hands of Executive Council at The Hague.

Washington, April 15.—Inquiry into the status of the negotiations initiated by President Roosevelt looking to a second peace conference suggested by Lord Lansdowne's reference to the subject in the British parliament, develops the fact that the state department here has completed its instructions so far as this matter is concerned. It is expected, however, that the instructions will be placed on the conference could be more easily reconciled by the executive council.

ROSSLAND SHIPMENTS.

Large Tonnage of Ore Mined to Date—Week's Output.

Rossland, April 15.—The reliable mines of the camp continue to keep up their regular tonnage of ore, employing large forces of men in getting out the ore and in doing development work so that the output may be kept up indefinitely. The mines of the camp have produced already this year over 100,000 tons of ore. If the same ratio is kept up for the balance of the year the total output should be in the vicinity of 340,000 tons, which was practically the output of last year.

From the energetic manner in which the mines are being operated, the probabilities are that the balance of the year will show considerable of an increase and bring the total for the year up to about 400,000 tons, which would be larger than for the most productive year the camp has yet seen, which was 1903, when the output reached a total of 377,134 tons.

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CHICAGO'S NEW MAYOR.

Municipal Ownership as Well as Operation of Lines.

Chicago, April 15.—"Not only municipal ownership, but municipal operation of the two great traction systems of Chicago will be an established fact, in my opinion, within three months," R. E. Gover, former receiver of the union traction lines and a member of the firm of Hellions & Company, of New York, the representatives of eastern interests in union traction, has just made this statement today. According to Mr. Gover, paralleling of the systems will never be attempted.

DUMPING AMERICAN GOODS.

After Many Months U. S. Official Makes a Discovery.

Washington, April 15.—The Canadian government is proceeding actively to prevent the practice of "dumping" surplus American manufactures into Canada. Commercial Agent Johnson at St. Lawrence has reported to the state department that the Canadian department of customs has issued a new set of instructions which provide for the imposition of a special duty on such goods entering Canada, if it can be shown that they were sold at a reduced price for export. He gives a long list of the articles affected by this special duty.

MERCHANT MARINE SUFFERS.

Japanese Prepared for Many Losses by Baltic Fleet.

Chicago, April 15.—A special from Tokyo to the Daily News says that Japan is certain to lose trading vessels and commercial steamers of all kinds. The Jiji Shimpu thinks this inevitable because the Baltic fleet is traversing the path of navigation. Nevertheless the enemy will be allowed some latitude without molestation in its movements. Even marauding in the open seas will be unnoticed, while the Japanese complete their plans to catch the enemy's fleet and effect in a single engagement the annihilation of Rojestvensky's squadron. Meanwhile the Japanese should bear slight losses of commerce with equanimity, while they await glorious victory.

Japan is mourning the death of Gen. Viscount Tera, a privy councillor, and also the death of Dr. Tachibana, a member of the House of Commons, a prominent economist.

Capt. Clado Is Censured

Blatant Naval Expert Severely Rebuked by Grand Duke Alexis.

Sent on Special Service to the Seat of War to Retrieve Himself.

Doubts as to Success in Approaching Battle Manifest on Bourse.

S. PETERSBURG, April 15.—Grand Duke Alexis, high admiral of the Russian navy, has issued an order severely censuring Captain Clado, formerly chief tactician on the staff of Vice Admiral Rojestvensky for his criticisms of the navy, and at the same time to give him an opportunity to repair his faults, appointed Captain Clado to "special service" in connection with the equipment and command of vessels navigating rivers in the theatre of war.

Minister of Railways Hilko has issued a circular to railroad employees announcing that he had ordered the speedy preparation of legislation covering many points for the improvement of conditions of service and the rights of employees, in accordance with a petition by workmen.

A convention of mining engineers in session here devoted the majority of its attention to questions of political reform. The reforms and constitutions have now become so wide as to involve bitter attacks against newspapers supposed to especially favor either side. An orator in the engineers' convention who proposed to boycott the Novoe Vremya was thunderously applauded, while reactionaryaries are said to be spreading reports among the populace that the Russ and Down and other papers are subsidized by the Japanese. A petition signed by many liberals has been presented to the Sveraplov publicly asking for the removal of the files of the Novoe Vremya and the Moscow Gazette.

Doubts as to Success

Doubt as to the result of the approaching naval action in the Far East, on which so much depends, weakened prices on the Bourse today, all quotations falling. Imperial Fours, however, only yielded a quarter of a point.

The Russ today remarks, referring to the despatch from Washington, published here yesterday, on the subject of the Japanese assurance in regard to the opening of hostilities. "If the telegram is true, Japan deceived the United States. Why has the United States waited fourteen months to let the world know this? It did not hesitate to charge Russia with breaking her promises?"

Washington, April 15.—Acting secretary of state Loomis stated that the publication of the diplomatic correspondence respecting the Russo-Japanese war, and particularly that portion relative to the Japanese assurance before the formal declaration of war, was entirely in the usual course of departmental routine and was without any motive whatever or intention to affect the sensibilities of either of the belligerents.

FLEET AGAIN SIGHTED.

Baltic Squadron Seen Traveling Northward.

Paris, April 16.—The correspondent of the Petit Journal at Hai Fong, French Indo-China, calling under date of April 15 says: "An information entirely reliable, 40 vessels strong, running at 12 knots and without lights, was sighted in the 17th degree of latitude, steaming in a northerly direction."

WARSAW LAWYERS APPROVE.

Meeting Concur in Programme of St. Petersburg Conference.

Warsaw, April 15.—Governor-General Maxmilianoff left Warsaw for St. Petersburg this morning. The hour of his departure was kept secret and a strong military force guarded the entrance route from the castle to the railroad station.

The lawyers of Warsaw met today in a private house, received the action of the lawyers' conference at St. Petersburg and endorsed the action taken by the congress.

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Brightest and Best of all Lights IS THE ELECTRIC LIGHT

If you are not a customer of ours, it must be because your house is not provided with the necessary wiring. Call and see us about going ahead with this work.

**B. C. ELECTRIC
RAILWAY CO., LIMITED**
35 YATES STREET.

MELROSE NURSERY

Little Jack Horner
Sat in a corner,
Making a noise on a drum.
This mother's head ached,
So she never more baked
A nice pie containing a plum.

Little Jack Horner
Laid down in the corner,
And his mother cried, "Oh, Satan!
I have painted that seat
So nice and so neat,
With Melrose Liquid Paints."

Little Jack Horner
Got up from the corner,
And said, "Now listen to me—
I have read on a card
Melrose Paints dry hard;
Don't take me across on your knee."
All of which goes to prove that MELROSE HARD-DRYING PAINT is good for protecting seats—particularly Jack's.

The Week At The City Hall

Question of Control of Public Utilities Injected Into Municipal Affairs.

Sea Bathing on Dallas Road— Work on Spring Ridge Sewers Commence.

The record of work in City hall circles during the week just closed is made notable from the circumstance that there has just been injected into the field of discussion of municipal affairs the problem of the desirability of the city controlling public utilities. For the first time in the history of Victoria a direct suggestion has emanated from a responsible body to the effect that the council should consider the expediency of taking over the control and operation of a lighting system, viz., the Victoria gas works.

As has already been recorded in the Colonist, at the meeting of the board of works on Thursday evening last, a deputation was present from the Board of Trade to bring this particular matter. It appears that the gas company is desirous of disposing of its property and made overtures to the B. C. Electric Railway and Lighting Company. There seemed to be no difficulty about the matter of price, the reason the deal was not made being because the tramway company offered stock instead of cash. The council of the Board of Trade, hearing of the negotiations between the two companies, conceived the idea of the corporation going into the lighting business; and a committee waited on the council with the result recorded.

While most people who have given the matter any thought are agreed that there is very little possibility of the city determining to acquire the gas works, be the price what it may, there is a conviction in the minds of many that an excellent opportunity is here presented for the council to do some diplomatic work, and that the city might get electric light at reduced rates. Given a monopoly of the lighting business of Victoria, the tram company could fairly afford to make the minimum charge to its patrons, secure in the conviction that they were getting all the business going.

With this in mind, the council could very well approach the tram company and suggest to them the expediency of that company acquiring the gas works, protecting the city's interests in any deal which might be made by an agreement that the tram company—which would, of course, no longer operate the gas plant—make a reduction in the rates for electric lighting. Should the tram company be disposed to entertain a suggestion of this kind, some gentle "pressure" might be exercised by the council by intimating that possibly the city itself might go into the lighting business, the same of the splendid power available at Goldstream, and ultimately become an active competitor of the tram company.

There is a probability that at tomorrow evening's meeting of the council the matter may be informally debated.

Next in importance to the matter above referred to, the subject which has been most canvassed in City hall circles has been the question of the renaming of the streets. It appears certain now that the whole matter will be threshed out afresh. As Colonist readers are no doubt aware, the council several weeks ago adopted the report of a special committee on the matter. This report recommended the obliteration of many familiar street names—and this is the cause of the present agitation to have the matter reconsidered.

To specify particular complaints, it is to be mentioned that a storm of protest has arisen at the suggestion that the names "Birdcage Walk,"

AN ATTACK OF CROUP WARDED OFF.

"Our little girl, two and one-half years old, woke up coughing with the croup one evening recently. We had never had one of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on hand and gave her two doses of it. She went back to sleep and woke up next morning with a cold, but no cough. It is certainly a great medicine," says J. Luginbill, editor of Star, Villa Rica, Ga. An attack of croup can always be warded off by giving this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears. It has been in use for many years and has never been known to fail. It contains no opium or other harmful drug and may be given to the smallest child with perfect confidence. For sale by all druggists.

POMMERY
In France and Great Britain Where Champagne
Values are Fixed by Quality.
Pommery Stands First
LAW, YOUNG & CO., MONTREAL. SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA.

Naval Stores Sold At Esquimalt

Auction Sale at Naval Yard— Former Sealing Schooner Sold.

Princess Beatrice Goes North— Camosun Reports—War Rates to Japan.

At the auction sale of naval stores held at the naval yard by Mr. Hardaker, auctioneer, under instructions from the admiralty, there were many bargains—also many incidents. A ring of junk-dealers from San Francisco and Oakland furnished the incidents. The lots sold yesterday included a former sealing schooner, the Beatrice, now a lighter. She was bought by Mr. Butchart of the company which has established a cement works on Saanich arm, and will hereafter be used to carry cement instead of powder. The lighter, when a sealer, went inside the prescribed limits of sixty miles about the Pribilof islands, a limit set when the restrictions which followed the Paris treaty were in force. A British cruiser patrolling the sealing grounds sighted the Beatrice inside the limits and seized her. She was ordered to Victoria, where a trial took place in the admiralty court, and the schooner was condemned. She was converted into a lighter. Yesterday the lighter brought \$625. The copper placed on the hull, which is in good condition, was worth more than the purchase price. Mr. Butchart also purchased three screws, two for \$500, the third for \$650.

Two Victorians for \$10 bought 102 torpedo nets, which in war time are spread about the line-of-battle ships to guard them from Whiteheads and other torpedoes. The admiralty paid \$200 each for them. There were many other cheap lots. For instance, 1000 coaling baskets went for \$6. Many were the goods sold for a trifle in comparison with their cost. The sum of \$2,000 bought 100 iron beds, for \$15 each; 100 good wire mattresses were sold for \$25 each; 1000 boxes of zinc, many containing gun-metal—a very good buy. In connection with the sale of this lot, the ring of junk-dealers who came from San Francisco became very indignant, and charged the auctioneer with being crooked, with having been fixed, etc. It was this way that the British Empire was wrecked through the exposures they would have the San Francisco Examiner make.

There were many shipping men present, some of whom intended to bid on the hundreds of anchors and many tons of this lot. A little of this was sold, however, the admiralty having set a reserve price on these things. The junk-dealer's ring from the south attempted to browbeat bidders who sought to bid for the anchors and chains. They threatened some with dire things if they dared bid against the ring. A local shipping man was asked by one member of the ring if he was going to bid on the anchors. He said he was. "Yat die anchors," the man in better shape said. "That's my business," said the local man. "Id is, it is," said the man from Oakland. "Yell we'll make it our business." But they didn't. Members of this ring tried to get the anchors at a low price. The tender for the anchors as the price of their non-competition, in fact, they tried many of the old San Francisco wreck-buying ring's tricks—they were men of the ilk of those R. L. Stevenson told of.

Only one of the visitors from California did not attend yesterday's session of the sale. He had fled in flight. It seems that he made some overtures to the auctioneer in private to have several things sold to him. He was rebuffed and became offensive and threatening. The auctioneer ordered him from the premises. Thereupon some local bidders decided to, as one of them put it, throw a fright into him. They told the man that they would probably be arrested for trying to bribe an admiralty auctioneer, and that crime was as serious as sedition. He was told that he had better escape while he had an opportunity to do so. He did. He sold his purchases hurriedly for \$60 less than he paid for them, and departed. He is now on his way to San Francisco, congratulating himself on his escape.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS.
Steamer Princess Beatrice, Captain Hughes, sailed last night for Naas and way ports, with a fair complement of passengers and a good freight, including many shipments for the northern canneries which are making ready for the coming season's fishing. The northern route to Naas and way ports is attracting many vessels this season. The Union Steamship Co. have their steamers Capitan and Coquitlan on the route. Capt. S. P. Mackenzie is putting engines in the old bark Henriette, which was towed as a barge in past seasons, and she will be placed in the northern trade. The steamer Venture is being made ready at the Victoria Machinery Depot and is expected to be ready about three weeks hence.

Felt Weak and Nervous
Had Faint and Dizzy Spells.

These symptoms arise from a weak condition of the heart and nerves. Wherever there are sickly people with weak hearts and deranged nerves,

**MILBURN'S HEART
AND NERVE PILLS**

will be found an effectual remedy. Through the medium of the nervous system, they impart a strengthening and restorative influence to every organ and tissue of the body.

They restore enfeebled, enervated, exhausted, debilitated, or overworked men and women to perfect constitutional power.

Miss Maggie L. Cleveland, Bayswater, N.S., tells how she was cured in the following words:—

"I was sick for the past year, and became thoroughly run down. I had faint and dizzy spells, and felt weak and nervous all the time. I tried numerous remedies, but could get no help. I then read in the paper about Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and got a box of them. Before I had used one-half the box I began to get better, so got another one, and by the time the two were finished I was as well as ever."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, 50 cents per box, or 8 for \$1.25. All dealers, or THE T. MILBURN CO., LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

THE UNHEEDED WARNING.

"Watch out," warned the pick-pocket, as he palmed the gentleman's timepiece.

Raids On Chinese Gambling Den

Constables Dropped Through Skylight Among Two Dozen Fan Tan Players.

Twenty Four Arrested—Strong Barricaded Doors Which Closed Automatically.

Four and twenty Chinamen were playing fan-tan last night in a shed at the back of a two-story brick building on Cormorant street, barricaded and guarded by centuries against police intervention, who, however, J. Palmer and Fry, dropped through the skylight. The game was raided; the twenty-four were haled to the lock-up in three wagon loads.

The murder of Mah Quan in the Chinese theatre, and the trials which resulted, there has been intense strife between Chinatown clans, and amateur detectives inform of gambling houses. The police received information that a fan-tan game, which is illegal, was being run at the premises at 40 Cormorant street and plans made for a raid.

Chief Langley and Sergeant Detective Palmer, with Patrolmen Palmer and Fry, made up the party. They approached by devious ways, lest the watchers see them and give the alarm. All were in plain clothes. Some carried adzes hidden from sight. The two patrolmen went into the alley between Cormorant and Pizarro streets and secured two high ladders. They found a dilapidated ladder with a few rungs and clambered up this to the roof of the gambling house. It was too well arranged with steel doors, alarm bells and sentries to be broken into in front.

The guard stood at the front door, all unconscious. It was not until Constable Fry dropped through the skylight to the floor, eighteen feet below, that the Chinese were alarmed. They ran to escape. Constable Palmer followed his fellow officer, almost falling on him. He stumbled over a Chinaman trying to crawl out and threw him back into the room.

Chinamen raised a club and ran toward the officers because they were unarmed, but the officer drew his revolver and the crowd fell back. Some were busily piling buttons and other gambling impediments into a stove. Some ran upstairs, seeking escape. One man was wedged in a small hole he was trying to crawl through. Other scrambled behind.

Leaving Constable Fry to hold the two dozen gamblers in the shed, Constable Palmer broke open the doors and let the British Empire in. Detective Palmer into the place. The Chief grabbed a kettle of hot water and quenched the fire started in an air-tight heater to burn the evidence. Constable Palmer picked up the stove and took it to the street, keeping the evidence that remained unburnt.

Then the Chinese were gathered in, two dozen in all. The premises were well prepared for gambling. There were two doors which were closed by springs so that they could be closed by pressing a button when the sentry rang the alarm bell. There was also a heavy steel door which would almost defy a battering ram. In fact, the premises were arranged as though with a steel stage. But the rear attack, or rather the aerial attack through the skylight proved successful.

Last night several of the Chinese put up a good fight. They were armed with springs so that they could be closed by pressing a button when the sentry rang the alarm bell. There was also a heavy steel door which would almost defy a battering ram. In fact, the premises were arranged as though with a steel stage. But the rear attack, or rather the aerial attack through the skylight proved successful.

ITALIANS TAKEN CAPTIVE.

Rome, April 15.—A despatch from Caena, Crete, to the Giornale di Italia says it is rumored that among the prisoners taken by the Greeks are two Italian officers. The newspaper urges the foreign office to protect Italian interests in Crete, where, besides the gendarmerie, which is commanded by Italians, a contingent of Italian troops is permanently stationed.

ERECT STREET BARRICADES.

Strike of Porcelain Workers Assumes Large Proportions.

Limoges, France, April 15.—The strike of the employees in the porcelain industry here is assuming great proportions. Today 8,000 strikers, carrying red and black flags surrounded the leading porcelain factories, breaking windows and doors. The Haviland factory was pillaged and Mr. Haviland's motor car was burned. The rioters plundered a gunsmith's shop and erected street barricades. Many officers have been injured. Strong military reinforcements have been despatched to the scene of the disorders.

Local News.

Accident—Two hacks collided on Yates street last night. That of H. Brown was tied to a post, when a team belonging to C. G. Johnson left the stand and collided with the hack of Mr. Brown, breaking a pole and lamp.

Restrict Immigration—As a result of the anti-Japanese action in California the Japanese government has restricted immigration of Japanese to Hawaii from 500 per steamer to less than 100.

New Post Office—A post office has been established at Stewart, a new post office at the head of Portland canal. This post office, named in honor of the locator of mines there, Mr. R. M. Stewart of Saanich, will be opened on May 1.

S. P. C. A. Prize—In the reference made by the Colonist to the prizes offered by the parade committee in connection with "Victoria Day" celebration events, omission was made of the fact that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has very kindly consented to offer a silver cup as a prize for the most humanely harnessed horse in the parade. In this competition over-drawn checks will be barred.

Guard Replaced—When the Esquimalt station was abandoned some time ago the guard at the naval yard which occupied the building at the entrance was withdrawn. The beds of the guards were removed, rifle stands were taken away; in fact, the building was emptied. Within the past few days the beds and furnishings of the guardhouse at the gate have been restored, and yesterday the guard was replaced. The sentry stood at the gate as of yore, and the guard occupied the house at the gate.

Miners Go North—On the steamer Princess Beatrice, which sailed last night for Naas and way ports, was a party of miners bound to the mining district at the head of Portland canal. R. M. and J. W. Stewart, located at the American Girl, and other properties in that district, accompanied the miners north. Mr. Harris, who made the rich strike on Salmon river last year, also went north, he going to build a trail in to his property. The American Girl property was bought by Mr. Russell of Seattle for \$100,000, and the miners who went north on the Princess Beatrice last night were despatched by him.

THE UNHEEDED WARNING.

"Watch out," warned the pick-pocket, as he palmed the gentleman's timepiece.



Make your wants known to us. We will supply you with the Best Groceries that money can buy. Experience has taught us that the appetite for good things is born in one, and if the appetite is not cared for nothing will taste right. That is why we supply our trade with the best quality in everything in the way of Wines and Liquors or Groceries. Try us on an order.

Armour's Boiled Ham, per lb. .35c
Frye Bruhns' Head Cheese, per lb. .15c
Frye Bruhns' Ham Sausage, per lb. .15c
Pigs' Feet in Pickle, each 5c
Windsor Pork Sausage, per lb. .20c

CARNE'S CASH GROCERY,
Corner Yates and Broad Streets,
Phone 586. P. O. Box 329.



Vancouver Engineering Works Ltd., Agents.

Jacob Rile tells an anecdote of a young lady who devoted a good deal of her time to settlement work, and who was a particular favorite with all the children. "Why do you love Miss Mary so?" they asked a little lad one day. "I like her," he replied, "because she looks as though she doesn't see the holes in my shoes."—New York Times.

WHOOPIING COUGH.

The quick relief afforded by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in cases of whooping cough, makes it a favorite with the mothers of small children. It liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, keeps the cough loose and counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia. This remedy has been used in many epidemics of whooping cough and always with perfect success. There is no danger whatever from the disease when it is freely given. It contains nothing injurious and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

There Will Come a Time—The time mover. When that time comes we would mow. When that time comes we would like you to see our mowers. They are durable, easy running and serviceable and the prices are right. \$4.50 to \$7.00. R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

WAR RATES QUOTED.

Advance of Insurance on Vessels Bound to Japan.

War rates on cargoes destined for Japan show more activity than for some months past, in consequence of the reports that the Russian fleet is nearing the Asiatic coast. It was announced yesterday that a rate of 1/2 per cent. on immediate shipments and 2 per cent. on shipments for May had been quoted by the insurance companies.

HATS

Dressy and Effective
English and American Styles in
Browns, Blacks and Greys

\$2.50 UP.

Easter Neckwear

See our latest shapes in Tangerines and Purple Ties for Easter.

50c to \$1.50

Finch & Finch,

HATTERS and HABERDASHERS,
57 Government Street.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, April 15.—After yesterday's furious speculations in stocks a movement to take profits was indicated today, and it developed accordingly. Prices ended generally lower than last night, and the transcontinental group and stocks which have moved in sympathy in the group are not the least sufferers, notwithstanding the buoyant upshot in the first hour. Union Pacific, New York Central and Illinois Central closed at net losses of over a point for the first two and of 2 1/2 for the last. In the curb market Northern Securities was rushed up to 185 3/8, but fell back at the last to 181 1/2. The whole market centred around these movements, and was not in any degree responsible to the new developments. A denial by the head of the Great Northern and of the Northern Securities companies of yesterday's rumors of a slight dividend by the former company had no influence in checking the early rush to buy the stocks concerned, nor did the news favorable to values serve to hold the later market. The increase of bank deposits by reason of the loan expansion did not affect the surplus as the cash increase was more than sufficient to meet the added requirements. Mercantile reviews confirmed other evidence of active prosperous trade conditions. The money market was nominal, as is usual on Thursday, but foreign exchange moved up several points. Total sales par value, \$1,900,000.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

GRIFITH—At the family residence, No. 37 First street, Work Estate, on the 13th instant, Jeremiah Griffith, a native of Ireland, Wales; aged 67 years. The funeral will take place from the residence as above on Sunday, April 16, at 2 p. m., and at the Reformed Episcopal church, at 2:30 o'clock.

Friends please accept this intimation.

FARRELL—At St. Joseph's hospital, on the 15th instant, Richard Farrell, a native of County Mayo, Ireland (date of Ladner's Landing); aged 73 years. The funeral will take place on Monday, April 17, at 2:30 p. m., from the family residence, Boleskin road, and a little later at St. Mark's church.

Friends will please accept this intimation. (Chatham, Ontario, papers please copy.)

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

A. STEWART
Cor. Yates and Blanchard Sts.

make out more than two or three words. Then he showed it to several friends, and between them they read it all but the last three words. In despair he called Mr. Cannon and told him of the difficulty. Said the Speaker: "You showed this letter to several people, you say?" "Oh, yes, Mr. Speaker; I tried every way I read it before troubling you about the matter. None of us could make out the last three words, though." "Why," said Mr. Cannon, "the last three words were 'personal and confidential,' you from the Speaker, but was unable to chump."—Philadelphia Record

DISTRESSING COUGHS.

At the first symptom of a cough begin taking Angier's Emulsion. It differs from other preparations. It cures the cough without upsetting the stomach or producing other bad effects. It is especially good for dry, harsh coughs that have a tendency to hang on. Try a fifty-cent bottle.

Blackmount's auction rooms, 58 Broad street, phone B703, near Yates street.

Goods received daily at Bittancourt's, 58 Broad street.

Speaker Cannon's all but indecipherable handwriting got Congressman Cushman into a mess a few days ago. The Washington Representative got a note from the Speaker, but was unable to chump."—Philadelphia Record

COMPLETED SUCCESS.

With us at the first it was "Root hog or die!"

We recognized from the start that, in face of the prejudice existing among the better dressers for the custom tailor, we had to make a much better suit in every way than the custom tailor—or we wouldn't do much business.

Consequently we commenced gathering around us the most skilful tailors in the craft, and by experiment and experience we have adopted methods that have completely revolutionized the ordinary ways of tailoring; producing a thousand fold better results.

Our methods of shaping cloth by the needle—of building a coat on a permanently shape-retaining base of haircloth and shrunken canvas, of tailoring suits to physiques so that they garb a man and not burlesque him are absolutely original to us and new to the custom tailor.

From the time a suit is designed—every operation of the tailoring is essential to the style—form—fit, and the permanent retention of these qualities.

Each suit tailored to the basting stage—fore-judged—in every respect before you buy.

711

Semi-ready Tailoring

VICTORIA, B. C., Sole Agents B. WILLIAMS & Co

SUNDAY, APRIL 16, 1905.

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Company, Limited Liability.
No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B.C.
A. G. SARGISON, Managing Director.

COLONIST AGENCIES.

VANCOUVER,

W. R. Creech, 542 Hastings, St.

NEW WESTMINSTER,

H. Morey & Co., J. J. McKay & Co.

REVELSTOKE,

Canada Drug & Book Co., J.A. Buckham

KAMLOOPS,

Smith Bros.

NELSON,

G. R. Stanley

NANAIMO,

W. R. Murdoch

LADYSMITH,

J. A. Knight

CHEMAMINUS,

H. Harnell

DUNCANS,

R. Ventress

TAXING OF RAILWAYS.

At times we complain about taxation in British Columbia. There was, as our readers know, a good deal of opposition to the increase of the rate on railways to \$100 per mile when the Assessment Act of 1903 was passed.

In this connection it may be stated that some time ago a Provincial Railway Taxation Commission was appointed by the Ontario Government, consisting of H. J. Pattipiece, ex-M. P. P., Judge Bell of Chatham, and Prof. Shortt of Queen's University, Kingston, to inquire into the taxation of railways. Their report was laid on the table in the Ontario Legislature the other day. It is a somewhat lengthy document giving in detail the results of inquiries, which enabled the commissioners to reach their conclusion, into the systems of railway taxation in Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Maine, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Great Britain, the Canadian Provinces, and the views of railway officials themselves on the subject.

The report favors the change from a rate based on so many dollars per mile to a basis of 3 per cent. upon gross earnings, which the commission think would be reasonable, but which appears to be steep as compared with imposts in this Province. The appointment of a Provincial Board of Taxation, whose members would be required to give only part of their time to the work, with a permanent secretary and office staff, is suggested.

It is further recommended that telegraph, express and sleeping-car companies, as well as electric railways, should also be taxed upon gross receipts, with rates adjusted to their ability to pay.

In Ontario the taxation problem is somewhat complicated by the existence of municipalities, each of which can and does impose taxation on railways within its own limits. The report of the commission suggests to apportion equitably a certain amount of the proceeds from the 3 per cent. tax to the municipalities and retain the balance for the Province. The situation is, however, further complicated from the fact that certain railroads operate in more than one province. For instance, in Ontario, in addition to a number of branch lines and independent auxiliaries, the Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific Railways are through lines. There is also the Michigan Central, which simply passes through the Province from one State to another. It would be necessary, therefore, to ascertain as accurately as possible the volume of receipts between terminals in Ontario, a somewhat difficult proposition.

As to the most efficient method for administering a Provincial system of corporate taxation, whatever basis of taxation might be adopted, there is, the commissioners say, an almost unanimous conviction, alike in the United States and Great Britain, and also in Canada, that a Provincial Board of Taxation should be established, composed of, say, three persons, with a permanent clerical staff. The board would not be permanently employed, but would direct the work of assessment upon systematic efforts of enquiry as to the taxable assets of corporations.

PRESENT WAR SITUATION.

Since Kuropatkin surrendered the command of the Russian army in Manchuria to General Linévitch, there has been an almost total dearth of war news from the East. There are only two facts about which the public is informed. One is that the Russian army under Linévitch has gone north of the area in Manchuria in which an army could subsist on the country itself. At the present time fuel and food must be transported to the army over a railway that is already overtaxed. It is impossible to obtain supplies through any other source, except Vladivostok, and that port is in need to accumulate stores in order to prepare for a resistance greater, possibly, than that made by the Port Arthur garrison. In such circumstances, one can scarcely conceive of the difficulties to be overcome in reinforcing an army, the losses of which during the past month have been so enormous. In regard to the northern situation it is not possible to arrive at any definite idea. What little news is allowed to filter through is largely speculative.

It was announced by the Russian Government that immediate preparations were being made for the mobilization of a second army to be sent to the relief of Linévitch, which would bring up the total, under arms on the Russian side in Manchuria, to more than double what it is. This was almost immediately offset by a declaration on the part of the Japanese Government that it intended to place in the field an army of a million men. With all the advantages as now exist in its favor such a force could hardly be other than successful.

The other fact to which we have reference is the expected encounter between the fleets of Admirals Togo and Rojestvensky. Regarding the whereabouts of these fleets there is little definite information, but that a battle has been or is in progress at the present time may be probable. At all events an early encounter

seems inevitable. We can only speculate upon the result. Nearly all the advantages are in favor of the Japanese admiral. The Russian vessels are reported to be very foul after their long voyage; and Togo, after his long rest and careful preparations, with a greater familiarity of the waters—assuming equality in generalship—ought to win. The respective strength of the two fleets are as follows:

	Russian.	Japanese.
Battleships	8	6
Armored cruisers	3	8
Protected cruisers	0	18
Unprotected cruisers	0	10
Coast defence ships	3	2
Torpedo craft	15	93

Russia has four battleships which are new, but in armored-cruisers the Japanese are the most modern. In torpedo craft, the Japanese are vastly superior, and with skilful operation of these the Russian fleet will undoubtedly be greatly harassed.

While both sides are steadily persisting in their military operations, overtures for peace are under way—part of the ponderous game of diplomacy. Russia is face to face with a greater problem of warfare than that of mere prowess on land and sea. Financially she is in a position of desperation. Japan has had no difficulty in floating her war loans, which are really in favor as an investment. France, her only friend, has refused to advance more money to Russia except on condition of peace being declared. In the event of Russia being unsuccessful, it is stated that the Government will issue paper money, but, in the end, the result of such a policy will be the more disastrous.

In addition to her financial difficulties there is the terrible state of disquietude which exists in Russia among her people, and this, perhaps, is as serious a phase of the situation as any. There is also the serious problem involved in transporting the vast number of troops required to the seat of war and of keeping up supplies. It is stated that the proposition of double tracking the trans-Siberian railway has been abandoned for the reason that construction would demoralize existing traffic, and upon that traffic the soldiers of Manchuria depend absolutely, not only for reinforcements, but for their lives as well.

In any event, much depends upon the issue of the naval engagement now in progress or about to take place. A decisive victory for Japan would undoubtedly settle the war at once, as it would be an act of insanity for the Russian Government to continue. Even granting a victory for the Russians and the consequent protraction of hostilities, the end, which cannot be far distant, entirely depends upon the supply of money. Both nations, from sheer exhaustion of the treasury, must come to terms, the nature of which will be determined by the side that can press its advantage most strongly when that time comes.

THE STUDY OF LOCAL HISTORY.

The study of local history is something usually confined to a few enthusiastic persons who devote themselves to their leisure moments to historical research. Like the collection of plants, curios, or old prints, it is a fad; but in order that there should be success in certain lines it is necessary that there should be faddists. In Great Britain, there are in every parish, or district, or village one or two antiquarians who make a life study of the surroundings, which include the biography, archaeology, church records and many other phases of past life. The result of this has been a long series of local histories of parishes, counties, towns and villages which in themselves would make a vast library. The use of these volumes of history, apart from the local interest attached, cannot be said to be great, taking individual instances, but from these antiquarian stores are drawn material out of which the noted history writers weave the story of the past. Were it not for the scrupulous care and untiring industry of such individuals much of the knowledge of our country, apart from official records, would be entirely lost. In this way we have reproduced in almost photographic outline the lives and conditions of living of our ancestors. As an instance of the extent to which these investigations are carried, we have before us the first of two volumes entitled "Logie: A Parish History." They are quarto volumes containing about 350 pages each, printed on heavy paper and well illustrated. They contain all that is known of the past of the little parish of Logie, which lies under the shadow of Stirling Castle, and includes as its chief point of interest the historic bridge of Allan. The records are carried back as far as 1210 and the story is made continuous from that time. Every incident of note which could be gathered from parish records is given. It will be of interest, of course, only to those who have lived in or near the parish or to those whose forebears hailed from Logie, nevertheless, there are incidents which illuminate, as side lights, the history of Scotland.

Appropos of this we are in receipt of a little printed circular from Prof. Meany, Secretary of the Washington University State Historical Society, outlining the proposition he has formulated for the collection of State reminiscences for preservation and future reference. There is, perhaps, no man more enthusiastic in work of this kind than Prof. Meany, who has already done a great deal in compiling the history of the Northwest coast and making a varied collection of material bearing upon the same. The basis of his plan is an appeal to the teachers of Washington State for their co-operation, and in order to accomplish this he has offered certain inducements to the teachers. This proposition was brought before the Spokane County Teachers' Institute, which gave its approval. The State Historical Society has offered for the best biographies or historical sketches a life membership, worth \$25, and for each article submitted that is acceptable, but falls below the highest standard, an annual membership, worth \$2, is offered, thus affording every teacher of the State an opportunity to become a member of the society and assisting in its work. Particulars as to the method of operation are given. One of the features of the plan adopted is the interviewing of old settlers and pioneers, and for this purpose a number of questions are given to assist in the unfolding of the life story. Where a teacher may prefer to submit a manuscript on something other than the life story of a pioneer, such topics are recommended as historical trees, block

WEILER BROS.

Early Easter Store News

SECOND FLOOR

Moss Rose Curtains

Portieres and Couch Covers, mercerized, fine finish; Curtains, 3 yards long, 50 inches wide; in two-tone reds and other pretty combinations, \$5.00 to \$10.00 pair.

Couch Covers

In a variety of beautiful color combinations and fringed all around; size, 5 ft. x 9 ft. long; \$3.50 to \$7.50 each.

New Crepe Curtains

Embroidered in dainty designs in combinations of blue and green, red and green, gold and yellow; 3 yards long by 50 inches wide; \$6.00 pair.

Guipure Curtains

Linen Lace and Scrim; 3 1/2 yards long. Price \$6.50 pair.

Ecru Muslins

The latest in cheap, effective Spring Curtainings from 35c yard.

Bobbinet Curtains

From \$3.25 pair.

FIRST FLOOR

Flower Vases

Lemon Opalescent Flower Vases; 4 sizes; 25c, 35c, 40c, 60c each.

Epergnes

In opalescent colorings; \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 each.

Crystal Vases

English cut, Trumpet; 75c, \$1.50, \$2.00 each.

Plain Flint Vases; 3 sizes; 35c, 50c, 75c each.

Pressed Glass Vases, 15c, 25c, 35c each.

Flower Bowls, 25c, 35c each.

Orchid Vases for centres; good pattern; 75c each.

Jardinieres

Blue and Red Imperial, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 each.

Self colors, green, red celeste, gold etc.; 25c, 40c, 75c each.

Copper Jardiniere from \$1.50 each.

CUT GLASS CONNOISSEURS

Will revel in this exclusive display of exquisite Cut Glass. Could anything be more beautiful or appropriate for holiday presentation? Bon Bons, each, from \$3.00

Flower Vases, each, from \$3.50

Preserve Jars, each, from \$4.00

Perfume Bottles, from \$4.50

Sugar and Creams, each, from \$5.00

Oil Bottles, from \$6.00

Bowls, all sizes, from \$7.00

FIRST FLOOR

Candle Shades

Paper, all colors; 15c and 25c each.

Silk, a very pretty style; in red, white and pink only; 30c each.

Candle Lamps

65c each. Candles, 35c dozen extra.

Shade Holders, 3 for 25c.

Candles, assorted colors; twisted shape, 50c dozen.

Mica Linings and Chimneys, 5c each.

Cutlery

Joseph Rodgers & Sons make

Table Knives from \$7.00 dozen.

Dessert Knives from \$5.50 dozen. (Celluloid Handles.)

Carvers (celluloid), \$2.75 pair.

Carvers (ivory), \$5.00 pair.

Carvers (Buck), \$1.75 pair.

Bread Knives, carved handles. Price 85c each.

Cooks' Knives. Price \$1.00 each.

SECOND FLOOR

Mohair Rugs

A large consignment of these fine Rugs and Mats, in all colors, just arrived. Mats, \$1.50, \$1.65, \$3.50 each. Rugs, \$6.50, \$12.00 each, in the following colors—gold, green, crimson, rose, Nile, cream and turquoise.

Floor Feltings

Special quality in blue, green, crimson and maroon; 4 feet wide. Price \$1.75 per yard. This is an excellent wearing quality.

Fine Cretonnes

Exclusive designs and colorings; suitable for loose covers, etc., at 35c, 40c, 45c yard.

Easter Linens

We carry a very large range of Table Linens by the yard, or complete cloths, with Napkins to match.

Bleached Table Damask for 50c to \$2.00 yard.

Table Cloths, all sizes; from \$1.25 each.

Napkins from \$1.25 dozen.

ROGER'S 1847 SILVERWARE

Neatly Boxed in Plush-lined Cases.

Gravy Spoons, large size. Each \$3.00

Soup Ladles, five styles. Each 4.00

Gravy Ladles, six styles. Each 1.50

Fle Servers, five patterns \$2.50 3.00

Berry Spoons, nine styles. Each \$2.00 2.50

Neatly Boxed in Plush-lined Cases.

Sugar Shells, nice variety. Each 75c, \$1.00

Sug. Spoons & Butter Knives comb'd. Pair \$1 to 2.00

Butter Knives, pearl handle. Each 1.75

Afternoon Tea or Coffee Spoons, six patterns. 2.00

Half dozen 2.00

houses of Indian war times, origin of local geographic names, old roads, buildings, boats, vehicles, furniture, weapons or monuments.

Wherever it is possible, the gathering up of Indian legends is suggested, and in this connection is a caution as to the care to be exercised. As is well known, Indians are given to romancing and it is very possible for a young and ardent interviewer to be grossly deceived. To be successful in this respect it is necessary to become more or less intimate with the Indians themselves and to verify the legends supplied to submit them to other Indians.

Another very acceptable form of work is that of securing old diaries or other family documents, old pictures, and relics of historic value.

It is the intention of the society to continue this work systematically until the field has been thoroughly exploited and to place in the archives of the society the fruits of such work in a systematized form, properly classified and indexed. From this accumulation of reminiscences it will be possible for the historian of the future to select the materials for a book that will forever enliven, in readable and tangible form, the history of the Coast, a great work such as has been inherited from Parkman or Prescott.

A similar work has been suggested for British Columbia and to some extent has been carried out, but as yet nothing very systematic or extensive has been undertaken. Some time ago a historical society was established in town, but its existence was brief. The Natural History Society includes among its objects that of historical research, but after all results must depend upon the one or two enthusiasts who are prepared to sacrifice time for the reward which unselfish and unremunerative labor can bring. Very few of the early pioneers of the Province are now left and hundreds have departed whose experiences and reminiscences would have been extremely valuable. It is not yet too late to recover much that will be lost in a few years.

In Music's Realm

The cantata, "Olivet to Calvary," given by the choir of Christ church cathedral on Friday evening, proved a real treat to all who were present. Replete with passionate music for soloists and chorus it could not fail to touch the hearts of all who heard it. The choir, numbering forty voices, was well balanced and showed every sign of careful and conscientious rehearsal. Their strict attention to the conductor, Mr. J. S. Floyd, was most noticeable and to this was due, to a large extent, the success of the work. The accompaniment by Mr. Geo. Pauline was in perfect sympathy with the soloists and chorus. The interpretation of the choruses, "Bow down Thine Ear" and "Drop, Sacred Head," and the fine rendering of the unaccompanied quartet, "O Thou Whose Sweet Compassion," by Mrs. Moresby, Miss Archbutt, Mr. Goward and Mr. Kent, were perhaps the gems of the concerted numbers. The soprano solos by Mrs. Gresson were given with great purity and sweetness of tone and in sympathy with the character of the work. Mr. A. T. Goward was in splendid voice and did full justice to the many beautiful solos throughout. The baritone solos by Mr. Mosson were well given, and Mr. H. Kent was heard to full advantage, especially in the passage, "A New Commandment." In response to pressing requests, and with the sanction of the Rector, the cantata will be repeated during the service this evening, and will take the place of the usual sermon.

It is not likely that any person now living will ever hear Ysaeye's equal. There is no violinist upon whose shoulders the mantle of the great Belgian seems likely to fall; there is none who is worthy to be his successor. As Paganini was incomparable in his day, Ysaeye is unapproachable in his day. The consensus of opinion among musicians the world over is that Ysaeye is sui generis.

eris; he stands in a class by himself. His superb isolation causes him to occupy an exalted position which none of his contemporaries can reach. To hear Ysaeye is to enjoy a rare privilege. The residents of Victoria will be permitted to enjoy this privilege on June 10, when Ysaeye will make his only appearance here this season.

Mr. Frank Watkins, who may be claimed by Victorians as one of themselves, had the high honor of being one of the guests—and the only accompanist invited out of all the thousands—at the banquet to Sig. Garcia in celebration of his hundredth birthday anniversary. The guest list was limited to include only the leading musical artists of the world's metropolis, and after the banquet a short musical programme was given, Mr. Watkins playing and Blanche Marchesi and Ben Davis contributing vocal numbers.

Today being Palm Sunday, a special musical programme has been arranged for the sacred concert at the Jubilee hospital. The following friends have kindly consented to sing: The Misses Sehl, Mrs. Stancand and Miss Todd, while Mr. Jesse Longfield (violin) will play. The Masters Petch will sing Rodney's "Calvary," and Miss Sehl "The Holy City" by request, it being especially appropriate to the day.

On Tuesday evening next under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church there will be given an English ballad concert, the success of which is assured by the names of those taking part. These included Mrs. Theaberg, Mrs. Stancand, Miss Emma Sehl, Miss Bishop, Mr. Herbert Kent and Mr. E. Howard Russell, vocalists; Mr. Jesse Longfield, violinist; Mrs. Gleason and Mr. Houston, elocutionists; and Miss Clara McGregor and Mr. Longfield, instrumentalists. Rev. Mr. Clay will preside.

There has recently been issued from the press of Novello & Co., the London music publishers, another meritorious composition by Mr. G. Jennings Burnett, organist of St. John's church in this city, this being a new and scholarly setting for P. V. Faber's "Oh Paradise." The composition is for mixed chorus, quartette and bass solo, and is dedicated to the Rector of St. John's.

GROWING UP

There's something the matter with the child that fails to grow up. A child that grows up too much, however, without proper filling out of flesh, is almost as badly off. Nothing will help these pale, thin "weedy" children like Scott's Emulsion. It supplies the rounding out of flesh and the rich inward nourishment of blood and vital organs which insures rapid growth a healthy and uniform development.

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Established 1896.
Bastion Square, Opp. Provincial Court.
First and largest proper Tent and Awning Factory in British Columbia, running machines by electric power.
We have the trade and do the largest manufacturing in Camp and Lawn Tents, Store and Window Awnings, Flags, Banners, Tarpaulls and Canvas Goods of all descriptions. Dealer and Jobber in Camp Furniture, Hammocks, Baby Swings, and all the latest inventions in Waterproof Clothing. No oil. Tents to Rent.
Inspect goods and get prices before buying.
OUR MOTTO: "Goods guaranteed and bottom prices."

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And many other helps at low prices.

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Perfectly Reliable Dentistry.
Perfectly Artistic Dentistry.

And as reasonable as those three can make them.
Critical Examination with Definite Cost of work required given, and your teeth cleaned free of charge.
FEES WILL RANGE AS FOLLOWS:
Full Upper and Lower Sets, from \$7.50
Silver Fillings, from \$1.00
Gold Fillings, from \$2.00
Gold Crowns, from \$2.00
And all other work as reasonable as perfect care, best material, and finest workmanship can make them.
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The West Dental Parlors
IMPERIAL BANK CHAMBERS.
Cor. Government and Yates Sts., Victoria.

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H. A. SCRIVEN, B.A., VICE-PRIN.
DAVID BLAIR, Esq., Technical Master

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FOR BOYS
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VICTORIA, B. C.
PATRON AND VISITOR
The Lord Bishop of Columbia
STAFF
J. W. Laing, Esq., M. A., Oxon, Head Master.
Rev. C. Ensor Sharp, M. A., Cantab.
R. H. Bates, Esq., B. A., Lennoxville.
J. C. Barnacle, Esq., London University.
R. The Summer Term will commence on Tuesday, April 25, at 9 a. m. Two acres of ground have been added to property for boys' games. Moderate terms for boarders and day scholars.
APPLY TO HEAD MASTER.
OREGON PORTLAND
ST. HELEN'S HALL
A Girl's School of the Highest Class
Corps of Teachers, Location, Building Equipment—the Best. Send for Catalogue Opens September 15, 1904.

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HYDROCRESOL as a wash for your dog.
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HYDROCRESOL is invaluable in the garden.

A 25c bottle makes 25 gallons of splendid Disinfectant solution.

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59 Johnson Street, Near Cor. of Government.
Tel. 55. We call for and send orders

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

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General Hardware
A FULL LINE OF
Garden Tools, Hose, Lawn Mowers and Poultry Netting, Enamel and Tinware for Householders
Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone 3, P. O. Box 423.

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52 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.
Chas. Hayward, Presdt.
F. Caselton, Manager.
Phones 48, 305, 404 or 594.

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We have everything modern, both for the Embalming Process and for General Work.
We are commended by those who have employed us.
Our Prices are always reasonable.
We carry a large and complete line of every class of Undertaking Goods.
Our experienced certificated staff are promptly available at any time—night or day.
Attention is called to these facts because we recognize that those requiring Undertaking Services ought to have the best.

Somerset House

Infants' Ruben Vests..... 40c
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Mrs. W. Bickford, 61-63 Fort St.

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Cor. Yates and Broad Street
Builders and General Hardware, Lawn Mowers, Wire Netting, Garden Tools.
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McClary's famous Stoves and Steel Ranges at Clarke & Pearson's, 17 Yates street.

Mrs. Campbell, Chiropodist. Phone 1112. 161 Fort street.

A NOBBY SUIT FOR EASTER

SPECIAL VALUE and the Right Thing for Summer.

\$28 Homespun

Cooper & Linklater,
47 Fort, corner of Fort and Broad.

A BARGAIN COTTAGE

On stone foundation, containing six rooms, all well finished and newly papered. The hearths, Electric Light, etc.—A handsome home for a small family.

FULL LOT

Containing fruit, flowers and shrubs—ten minutes' walk from Douglas street car line. Good neighborhood.

\$1500

P. R. BROWN,
LIMITED
Phone 1078. 30 Broad St.



ON BASE

Ball Goods we are leaders. This is Spalding's Agency; also for Duke's Special Lacrosse Sticks. See our stock. Prices right.

JOHN BARNESLEY & CO.,
115 Government St.

Call in at 23 Johnson street and see the special offerings in Men's Shirts Underwear and Socks at today's sale.

TO PURIFY THE BLOOD TAKE

TEAGUE'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSA-PARILLA

IT CAN DO THE WORK!
Guaranteed Pure and of Best Quality.

B. C. Drug Store
Tel. 356. 27 Johnson Street.
J. TEAGUE, PROPRIETOR.

New shapes in Christy hats. B. Williams & Co.

Last season's men's suits half price. B. Williams & Co.

Boys' knickers, 35c, 50c and 75c pair. B. Williams & Co.

Semi ready trousers range at \$4, \$5 and \$6 per pair.

News boys' suits. B. Williams & Co.

New semi ready suits and trousers. B. Williams & Co.

New caps for men and boys. B. Williams & Co.

Special suits to measure. B. Williams & Co.

The greatest bargains ever offered in Men's Furnishings Goods are now being sold at the great bargain sale, 23 Johnson street.

Try Dean & Hock's Marvellous Rheumatic Lament.

Latest styles in outing shirts. B. Williams & Co.

Why pay \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$5.00 for shoes? You can buy for one-half that amount at the Great Salvage Sale, 23 Johnson street.

WITHOUT EXCEPTION

OUR ASSORTMENT OF

Fancy Grey Worsteds

Brown Worsteds

Suitings

Are without doubt the finest selection ever shown in the city. We ask you to call and see them for yourself.

PEDEN'S

36 Fort St. Merchant Tailor.

Use telephone to Seattle.

LA ZOMBA

Our Latest Perfume of Exquisite Fragrance

The Newest and Sweetest Odor. We are sole agents for Victoria. It would give us pleasure to have you call and sample it.

CYRUS H. BOWES

95 Government Street, near Yates Street, VICTORIA.

Dog Collars

All Sizes and Styles at

FOX'S—78 GOV. ST.

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The new policies of

THE CANADA LIFE

are World-Wide, indisputable and cover every possible contingency. For rates, etc., apply to

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GENERAL AGENTS.

LOCAL NEWS.

Special Services.—The monthly service for boys and girls held in Victoria West Methodist church this morning will be in charge of Rev. J. P. Westman.

The Police Court.—In the police court yesterday H. Fielding, accused of vagrancy, was again remanded until Monday. A drunk, who on Friday pleaded not guilty, thought different yesterday, and was fined \$3.50, or five days.

Socialist Meeting.—The Socialists will hold their regular educational meeting this evening in the Edison theatre at 8 o'clock. Those opposed to Socialism are invited to come to the platform during the evening and present their views.

Phrenology.—A meeting of the Phrenological Society will be held at the Y. M. C. A. rooms tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock. A very interesting lecture on the grouping of the faculties will be given by one of the members. All ladies and gentlemen interested are cordially invited to attend.

Visiting Evangelist.—Rev. E. H. Shanks, who has just completed a successful evangelistic tour, is spending a few days in the city and will preach in Calvary Baptist church tonight. During his recent tour he visited most of the important centres in the upper country and conducted missions in each.

Fraternal Visit.—A number of members of the city lodges of the I. O. O. F. went to Duncan yesterday afternoon to visit the lodge at that place. In the evening a team, captained by P. W. Dempster, initiated several candidates into the mysteries of the order. The Victoria I. O. O. F. hall is at present in the hands of the paperhangers, and is also receiving a general renovation. A new carpet will complete the spring house cleaning.

Easter Holiday.—For the Easter holidays the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway are advertising a double train service from Good Friday, April 21, until Easter Monday, April 24, inclusive, with excursion rates in effect between all stations covering the above limit. There is also a special rate of one dollar in effect to Shawinigan Lake and return for the holidays. There is no doubt but that the additional service and reduced rates will be taken advantage of by a large number to spend a day or so of the first holidays of the season in the country, the numerous resorts along the line becoming more popular each season.

Remember that the big salvage sale is announced to positively close in 10 days.

Easter festivities ahead prompts the careful housewife to look over her stocks of silk, glass and china and replace the shorts. Weller Bros. have such a large and fascinating selection in everything pertaining to good house furnishing that it is doing injustice to yourself not to look well over their stock.

Will Close.—The big salvage sale going on at 23 Johnson street is announced to close in ten days' time. A list of the different lines of goods to be sold will be found on the 8th page of this paper.

Lawn Mowers at Cheapside.

Weller's steam carpet beating machine is kept busy these pre-Easter days. It is really wonderful how absolutely free from every particle of dust the carpet emerges, as free as the day it was purchased and without injury to the treatment though simple is very effective, the total cost of taking up, beating and relaying is only ten cents per yard. Phone 103, Weller Bros.

Garden Hose at Cheapside.

Have you seen the widely advertised "Moss Rose" curtains and draperies? Weller Bros. are the agents and carry a choice selection.

When out for bargains, don't forget that Arthur Holmes store is a good place to go. See his ad. on 4th page for particulars.

Japanese screens, four fold and 5 feet 6 inches high, in rich black and gold, and priced \$4.50, are not a luxury—they are a necessity—so many uses for them. Weller Bros.

New Norfolk suits. B. Williams & Co.

Raincoats and overcoats one-fifth off. B. Williams & Co.

Sailors' suits, \$1. B. Williams & Co.

Whitney Go-carts have been the leaders for half a century. Latest styles at Weller Bros.

Odd hats from last season half price. B. Williams & Co.

Bargains in raincoats and overcoats. B. Williams & Co.

New regatta shirts. B. Williams & Co.

All kinds of Upholstering, Repairing, Making Over and Reupholstering of Furniture, etc., by first-class workmen. Give us a call and get our prices. B. C. Furniture Co., 56 Government St.

Use telephone to Vancouver.

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Sashes and Doors and Wood Work

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Mills—Shawnigan Lake. Office and Yards—Government and Discovery Streets, Victoria, B. C. Manufacturers of—

Rough and dressed Fir and Cedar Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Mouldings, Etc., of the Best Quality, Seasoned and Kiln-Dried Flooring and Finishing Lumber always in stock.

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Doors, Sashes and Woodwork of all kinds. Rough and Dressed Lumber, Fir, Cedar and Spruce Laths. Shingles, Mouldings, etc.

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FOR LUMBER, SASH DOORS

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Beauty of Hebron Potatoes, per Sack \$1.50

Early Rose, per Sack..... \$1.50

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TO CLOSE AN ESTATE

Tenders Will be received up to and including 28th April, 1905, for the purchase of the following: Lot 731, Southeast corner of Douglas and Chatham. Lot 729, Chatham. Southeast corner of Topaz avenue and Quadra, part Block 30 and 31, 3 15-100 acre. Topaz avenue, Block 32, 2 acres.

Fairfield Estate Lots 6, 7, 8, 18, 19, 20 21, facing Moss and Cornwall streets. Section 1, Newcombe, 161 acres. Sections 43, 47, Metochin, 173 acres. Section 76, Sooke, 495 acres. (These last two border Matheson lake). The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Terms cash.

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35 FORT STREET.

Ready for Business

Having secured the exclusive agency for Victoria of a leading English Woollen House, we are showing the latest and best in English and Scotch Worsted and Woollens. Before purchasing your

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CALL AND SEE THEM.

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NEXT TO COLONIST

LET US CALL

For the clock that has stood on your mantle so many years without attention. Many people fail to give these clocks proper attention owing to the trouble of getting them into the watchmaker's. This need trouble you no longer. A postal card will bring us to your door.

W. B. SHAKESPEARE

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31 Government St.



Full value when we advertise goods. The Second hand Pianos advertised by us on Sunday morning found ready sale. They were bargains, and wise buyers snapped them up. We still have one or two left. Come early before they all go.

M. W. WAITT & CO., LTD

44 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Use telephone to Nanaimo.

An Old-timer.—The photograph of Yale, which is reproduced on page 9 of this issue was taken by the late F. Claudet in 1892, who at that time was government assayer and stationed at New Westminster. The Colonist is under obligation to Mr. F. H. Claudet of London, England, son of the first named, for permission to use this picture.

Co-Operative Notice

The Victoria Co-operative Mercantile Association, Ltd., is the only Co-operative Society doing business in Victoria. Persons becoming shareholders before the end of April may expect an apportionment of profits on any purchases made up to that date, and thence half yearly. Prices as low as any; all goods fresh and new.

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Opposite Fell & Co's store, for your next order of Meat.

All kinds of fresh and salt meats and choice sausages constantly kept. Free Delivery to any part of city.

A TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.

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291 Prizes.—The oldest, largest and most reliable sweep in B. C. is to be held at the Strand Hotel, Vancouver. Tickets on sale at Morris' cigar store, \$1.00 each. 291 prizes; limit, \$10,000.

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THE HOME OF NEW IDEAS

Great Easter Display

A Great Easter Display of New Ideas and Late Novelties For This Week.

NEW AND HANDSOME NECKWEAR

New Wash Neckwear, New Silk and Chiffon Neckwear, New Lace and Chiffon Scarfs, Fischus and Collars.

NEW MAGGIONI KID GLOVES

Our Maggioni Kid Gloves are made of superb and carefully selected skins. They have also the fashionable Paris Point. The Maggioni is a perfect-fitting glove, and will always look well on the hand.

CORONA KID GLOVES

The Corona is an exceptionally nice glove, with one Dome Pearl Fastener, and only \$1.00.

WASH KID GLOVES

We are showing a very special line of White Easter Gloves at 75c.

NEW CLOAKS AND SUITS

New Coats, Blouse and Shirt Waist Suits.

New Effects in Lustre, Sicilian Voile and Panama Cloth.

NEW LINEN, CRASH and MUSLIN DRESSES

Building Lots

FOR SALE

HOUSES BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

D. H. Bale

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.

Leighton Road. Phone 1140

"King of Siam"—A rehearsal of the choir parts of the "King of Siam" will be held at Institute hall on Monday at 7.30 p. m.

Tuesday Club.—A business meeting of the Tuesday Club will be held at the Alexandra Club on Tuesday at 4 p. m. As this is an important meeting a full attendance is requested.

K. of P.—Last Friday evening Far West lodge, K. of P., conferred the rank of esquire on several pages. Friday next being Good Friday, there will be no meeting. The following Friday the rank of knights will be conferred in the amplified form on about twelve candidates. A committee was appointed to act in conjunction with a similar committee from Victoria lodge to take the first steps to getting up an excursion from Nanaimo on the occasion of the decorating of the graves of the departed brethren in June next.

Manufacturers Meet.—Tomorrow evening at the Board of Trade rooms at 8 o'clock a general meeting of the Victoria branch of the British Columbia Manufacturers' Association will be held for the purpose of considering the organizing committee's report, nomination and election of officers, appointment of committees and the resolution to the Dominion government opposing the petition of Eastern manufacturers. It is hoped that all the members will be in attendance.

Victoria's Representative.—Mr. Noah Shakespeare has been appointed Victoria's representative to the triennial convention of International Sunday School Workers, to be held in Toronto from the 20th to the 27th of June next. An invitation has been received by Mr. Shakespeare, as superintendent of the Centennial Sunday school, and other local school officials, to attend a convention to be held on the 25th, 26th and 27th of this month. Morris Law Association, International Sunday School Association, will be present, participating in the proceedings.

For the Children's Ward.—The subscription lists for the fund of the children's ward are now out, in the charge of a special committee consisting of the following ladies: Mesdames Locke, Robertson, Inis Russell, Bickford, Henry Clay, Vigor and Nellie. Will every mother help by giving a small donation to either the general or the "mothers' memorial" sheets, and to have their names and the names of their little ones associated with the good work?

Synod Meets Here.—The synod of British Columbia and Alberta is to meet this year in Victoria, and hold its sessions in the First Presbyterian church, beginning on Wednesday evening, May 3, and continuing on Thursday, May 4, and on the following Sunday, May 7. Rev. Dr. G. M. Milligan, of Toronto, moderator of the general assembly of the Presbyterian church in Canada, will preach in the same church at 11 o'clock in the forenoon. It is generally acknowledged that as a popular preacher Dr. Milligan has no peer in Toronto, the city of churches and church-goers.

A CLEANLY AGE.

Twentieth Century Ideas Incline Toward Sanitation and Preventatives.

Nowadays scientists believe that in cleanliness lies the secret of prevention of diseases.

To prevent a disease, remove the cause. Just as unclean habits breed many diseases, so careless habits will breed danger. Improper use of another's brushes, combs, etc., will cause dandruff, and, in time, will as surely cause baldness.

It's microbes infection, nothing more nor less.

Newbro's Herpicide kills the dandruff germ, and causes hair to grow luxuriantly. Herpicide is absolutely free from grease or other injurious substances. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

C. H. Bowes & Co., 98 Government street, Special Agents.



Fine Jewellery

If you want a RING, a BROOCH, a BRACELET, or any other article of Jewellery, call and examine our well assorted stock. We undertake to give you the best value for your money, and guarantee every article to be exactly as represented.

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Whether amateur or professional, when examining into the relative merits of Canadian made pianos invariably PREFER THE

GERHARD HEINTZMAN PIANO

On account of its Superior Tone Quality, pure and sweet, like a silver bell, with wonderful sustaining power and the magic touch responsive in the highest degree and absolutely dependable and last but not least, the beautiful finish and handsome exterior of the case, unequalled by any other Canadian piano,

Inspection Invited Whether You Intend Purchasing or Not.

FLETCHER BROTHERS

93 Government Street Victoria, B. C.

Beautifully Finished

"Corona" Photos

At \$4.00 Per Dozen

Is a special reduced price at the Skene Lowe studio this month. No need to say anything more, except that you had better come early in the month.

B.C. STEAM DYE WORKS

141 Yates St. Tel. 200.

Spring Dyeing and Cleaning

Lace Curtains, Chenille Curtains, Damask Curtains, Heavy Curtains and all kinds of Household Furnishings, cleaned or dyed at the only first-class Dyeing and Cleaning Works in the province.

HEARNS & RENTREW

PROPRIETORS.

We call for and deliver.

Use telephone to Lumsyth.

PHYSICAL CULTURE

This system is endorsed by the leading physicians of the city.

Classes for Ladies and Children

The Evening Class for Ladies Meets on Tuesdays at 8 p. m.

Private Lessons Given

Terms moderate. Apply to Principal

ALEXANDRA COLLEGE

DON'T FORGET

To see the Bristol Steel Road and Automatic Reels at

Peden Bros.,

30 Government St., opp. Weller's.

</

An Eloquent Testimony

Is on the lips of every
Dog Fancier who has used

SMITH'S DOG BISCUITS

M. R. SMITH & CO., LTD.
VICTORIA VANCOUVER

Spring Cleaning

Tubs, Pails, Brooms, Brushes, Dustpans,
Scrubbers, Soap, Pearline, Gold Dust,
Scouring and Polishing material of all
kinds. We give them to you FREE in
exchange for our Discount Coupons

MOWAT'S GROCERY, 77 Yates Street



IMPERIAL
CREAM TARTAR
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
E. W. GILLET COMPANY
TORONTO, ONT.

WITH CAP
AND BELLS

"ROJESTVENSKY IS BOLD," is the big heading given by the Portland Telegram to a recent war despatch. After M. Rojestyevsky meets one Togo, all that will be necessary to make the heading again fit for service will be to add the one word—OUT. (Cricketers will explain.)

The Vancouver World intimates that protection for the water supply is the burning question in that strayed section of the continent. How low can a water question be a burning question without losing caste?

If the Japanese Theatrical Trust permits, the Russians will shortly play a one-night stand at Harbin.

Of course, the pro-Russians are complaining the sprinting ability of their runners when they predict that the Little Father's soldiers will win in the long run.

It is polite and proper to listen to your friend's fishing stories with baited breath.

Now that the Evangelists have left Portland, rapid progress is being made by the concessionaires with their shows upon the Trail.

Bets on the prospective naval battle are 16 to 10 on Togo, with no takers.

A Chicago astronomer has announced that Giacobini's comet is trying to get away from the sun, but is being held back by the gravitational pull of Jupiter.

A writer in the Chicago Post has dug up an old hymn of a century ago and reproduced it, just to illustrate how we have strayed in our degeneracy from the good old religious ideas of our fathers.

This cheerless duty began thusly:

"In lakes of liquid fire they lie;
On the flaming billows tost,
Forever, oh, forever lost!

But saints undaunted and serene,
In calmness view the dreadful scene."

That was really the dreadful part of it—that the Saints could be conceived so callously indifferent as to view these unpleasant and uncomfortable scenes with undisturbed serenity. The Saint of today would not be happy until he had visited the Celestial bad lands, started a free ice fund, put in an irrigation system, and distributed a full supply of Tourist Association advertising with a view to inducing emigration to the more salubrious climate of Victoria.

A certain section of the city council is seeking to cancel all the recent work of streets re-naming having for its purpose the removing of confusing duplications—because there are some few citizens who rise upon their hind legs and paw the air at the mere mention of suppressing the euhonious appellation of Birdcage Walk. The argument of Ald. Fell in this regard is singularly suggestive of the olden times. She had found a feather in her bed.

There is one thing about the dog of fashion, as well as the stylish gentleman of noble and ancient lineage—the cur of the day is a variety of names to support which would send any ordinary mortal to the poorhouse in half a year. Eugene Percy Harold Van-De-Vere Plantagenet Cummins-Smuggs would feel himself insufficiently dignified with a bad, bold street name, by calling upon Wanda Duke, or Glen Tanna Piccolo, or Kippo Wans Recompense? Or just imagine the predicament of the honest citizen who lives in a small cottage and arousing the sleeping four-footed guardian of the premises by taking off his boots in the hallway. Why, before he could get well started with his assurances that it was all right, Rippo Wans Recompense would probably have a nice succulent section detached from his right leg. And the danger there is in it for the dog, too! If Roy's Last Montez doesn't see the car, it's useless trying to call him off. The car will reach him sooner if you in your excitement can mention half his names. And that's when it's lucky to be plain Mike or Tige.

The people who are dizzing up the buried cities of the East have found what may prove to be the oldest love letters on earth, writes A. J. R. in the Minneapolis Tribune. They were written by a Babylonian gentleman to his sweetheart about 2,200 B. C., which is far longer than the oldest inhabitant can remember. By careful arithmetical work we find that these letters are 4,105 years

The death occurred at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday morning of Richard Farrell, a native of County Mayo, Ireland, aged 73 years. For many years he was a resident of Ladner's Landing. A widow and one son, R. J. Farrell, are left to mourn his loss. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the family residence, Boleskine road, at 2:30 o'clock and a little later at St. Mark's church.

The funeral of the late Jeremiah Griffith, whose death occurred on the 13th inst., will take place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from a private residence, 67 First street, and half an hour later from the Reformed Episcopal church.

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One-on-mee Suits

From the "SMART SET CLOTHIERS," Pall Mall, London, S.W.

Robert Croft & Co., Bastion Square, Victoria, Sole Importers for B. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—Hammerless shot gun. Apply to Mr. Lane, corner First and Hillside avenue. ap10

WANTED—Two good waitresses at Balmoral hotel. ap10

SITUATION WANTED—By young woman as cook for small crew of men; would take position as general servant or waitress in small restaurant. Address Box 353 Colonist. ap10

FO SALE—Horse, buggy and harness. Apply P. O. Box 180. ap10

LOST—On Saturday between 12 and 1 p. m., between Broughton and Hay streets, a Government, two \$5 notes. Reward this office. ap10

TO RENT—Good 7 room storey house; sewer connected; double tram service; near North Ward public school. Plut. & Co. ap10

PLAIN, HONEST WIDOW, age 35, has \$40,000, large income; wants a good, kind husband. King, 1046 George street, Chicago. ap10

BACHELOR—Age 35; good natured; good appearance; has \$120,000; wants a good, affectionate wife. Lawrence, 817 Lincoln avenue, Chicago. ap10

WANTED—Lady returning to England in autumn, wishes good nurse now, who will accompany her; two children. Box 354 this office. ap10

HOUSES TO RENT—Apply to A. W. Jones, 28 Fort street. ap10

FOR SALE—Good talking parrot. Apply 135 Pandora street. ap10

SWINERTON & ODDY

102 Government Street

158 ACRES—Goldstream Dist., 15 miles from Victoria, 3 acres cleared, 14 acres good bottom land. Easy terms. Only \$800. ap10

41 ACRES—Lake Dist., 3 or 4 cleared, 20 acres good land, drained; 7 1/2 miles from city—\$1,200. ap10

21 ACRES—Lake Dist., 4 or 5 acres good land; would make a good chicken ranch—\$400. ap10

10 ACRES—Lake District, 4 acres cleared; good well; 14 fruit trees, 500 straw-berry plants; good house; land suitable for fruit—\$300.00. ap10

6 ROOMED HOUSE—Near Jubilee Hospital; 2 lots; fruit trees; stable—\$1,000.00. ap10

6 ROOMED HOUSE—Near Central school; electric light, sewer connection—\$2,100.00. ap10

2 COTTAGES—James Bay, on corner; sewer connection—a bargain at \$900.00. ap10

6 ROOMED HOUSE—Johnson St. Brick and stone; four rooms; sewer connection; corner lot, 60x80—\$2,600.00. ap10

A large list of acreage close to city. Money to Loan on Mortgage. Fire Insurance. ap10

Grant & Conyers
No. 2 View St., Opposite Main Entrance
Driand Hotel.

SIX ROOMED HOUSE, CENTRALLY LOCATED—If you want to get a comfortable home, centrally located, it will pay you to look into this, as it is being sacrificed. Price and terms on application at our office. ap10

BEAUTIFUL MODERN RESIDENCE, STANLEY AVENUE—Six rooms and all modern conveniences. We can sell you this at a snap. ap10

LARGE LOT AND TWO GOOD COTTAGES close to car line. Only \$1,000. BEAUTIFUL NEW RESIDENCE ON STANLEY HILL PARK—Near car line, and has all modern conveniences. Call and get particulars. We are offering this at a tempting price. ap10

DO YOU WANT A HOME AT A BARGAIN? If so, call on us. We have on our lists choice homes and cottages, with all modern conveniences, and can offer you a lot of homes in the city today, and we can give you a lot in any locality at the lowest figure. ap10

IF YOU WANT TO SELL, list your property with us. We are selling property all the time, and can sell yours. ap10

WE CAN LOAN YOU MONEY and arrange terms of purchase, or insure your property against fire. It will pay you to call on us if you want to buy. Advice free. Remember the address is No. 2 VIEW ST. ap10

Pemberton & Son

45 FORT ST.

OAK BAY AVE.—6 room cottage; pantry, etc.; good condition; city water—\$950. ap10

CAPITAL HOUSE—8 rooms; city water; one acre; fruit; stabling; 5 minutes' walk of cars. ap10

NORTH PARK ST.—4 room cottage; pantry, etc.; sewer; city water; 8-stall stable; large carriage house—\$1,750. ap10

COTTAGE AND 1 1/2 ACRES—1 mile from Douglas street cars—\$1,000. ap10

2 1/2 ACRES nearly cleared and fenced; close in; moderate price. ap10

GORDON ROAD—2 acres; corner—price \$1,050. ap10

COTTAGE AND 4 1/2 ACRES—7 miles out. \$1,200; easy terms. ap10

25 ACRES—First class bottom land; some under cultivation; all fenced; 6 miles out. \$1,000; terms. ap10

6 ROOM COTTAGE—Buildings; 4 acres; fruit; nice position; 4 miles out. ap10

20 ACRES—All cultivated; cottage and buildings; water supply good; easy reach of station; nice little farm. ap10

TO RENT—Corner View and School streets; 10 room house; a new house, with all modern conveniences. ap10

ESQUIMALT ROAD—7 room cottage; 1 acre; fruit; stable; a pretty home. ap10

NEAR SHOAL BAY—7 room house, only \$15. ap10

ANGELA COLLEGE—A fine large house, with nice grounds. ap10

A NEW HOUSE in an A1 position, 7 rooms, sewer, etc. ap10

E. A. Harris & Co.
35 Fort Street.

\$275—50x130, Milne street. ap10

\$1,250—2 1/2 lots, Battery street. ap10

\$600—Lot, Dallas road. ap10

\$400—Lot 50x110, South Turner street. ap10

\$680—Lot, 60x120, Kingston street. ap10

\$180—Lot, 50x118, Amphion street. ap10

\$315—Lot 60x135, Craigflower road, near In. ap10

\$400—Lot 60x120, Kingston street. ap10

\$1,800—6 room cottage; sewer connection, electric light, \$300 cash, \$20 monthly, 6 per cent. Yates street. ap10

\$1,000—5 room cottage, Pandora, corner lot. ap10

\$3,200—7 room house, modern improvements, Slincoe street. ap10

\$1,500—Kingston street; 6 room house, in first class order; sewer connection; electric light. ap10

MONEY TO LOAN.
ESTATE HARDRESS
CLARKE
TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until noon, 22nd April, for the Stock-in-trade, Fixtures, National Cash Register, Dayton Computing Scale, 2 Horses and Delivery Wagon. The stock can be seen at 80 1/2 Douglas street, and stock lists shown at the office of the undersigned on and after Tuesday, 18th instant. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. F. ELWORTHY, Assignee. Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C.



LACROSSE.

Executive Meet Tomorrow

A meeting of the executive of the Victoria Lacrosse Club has been convened for tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock at the office of Thomas Hooper, in the Five Sisters' Block. A full attendance is requested, as the business listed is of an important character. Included will be a report from the Central Juniors with reference to the cancellation of the Junior League. In discussing this subject, President Bolton explains that it was with deepest regret that the executive felt compelled to take this course, for two reasons—the crowding of the games at Oak Bay park and the evident lack of players for a three-team league. If the Central Juniors in any event will have no objection to hang up their sticks, as there will be opportunity given them to try their strength in the provincial junior championship series. The executive has decided that from now on the practice is to be the order of the day, and the following players are expected to be on hand regularly at Oak Bay to get in shape for the opening of the season on the 13th proximo: H. Jesse, W. and S. Lorimer, West, McConnell, Alexander Stephens, and Quigley. Both Dewar and Peeler are as yet doubtful, while among the intermediates there are Cessford, Simpson, F. Cullin, Roscamp, Clegg, Morris, Houghton, Crocker, Baker, Laing, Taylor, Richmond and others. From these a team can be selected to represent Victoria which it will be hard to beat, if they practice faithfully.

The Bays Reorganize

The J. B. A. Lacrosse Club has fully reorganized, and is now ready to take an active and prominent part in the City League. The names of those who have been elected to the executive are: President, H. C. Colquhoun, Vice-president, W. West, Secretary-treasurer, W. Lorimer, J. Hancock and J. Richmond. Among those who have signified their intention to play for the Stars are the following: H. Roscamp, W. Laing, J. Lorimer, J. Hancock, H. Cullin, A. Houghton, R. McDowell, J. Richmond.

mond, F. Cullin, W. Russell, S. Coghlan, T. Gawley, M. McLaughlin, H. O'Herhouse, G. Simpson, J. Finlaison, J. Temple, B. Jones, A. Mulcahy, C. Quigley, E. Dempster and C. Manson.

THE RIFLE

Poor Scores the Rule

The attendance at Clover Point range was not very large yesterday afternoon, only thirty members putting in an appearance. No doubt the likelihood of a wet afternoon was responsible for keeping many away. With one exception the scores were poor; the Sergeant-Major would appear to be in good fettle just now, as he has an average of 96 for three shots. Members are requested to keep a look-out for any announcements that may be made regarding a shoot on Good Friday. The attendance was divided as follows: Staff, one; No. 1 Co., four; No. 2 Co., two; No. 3 Co., ten; No. 4 Co., four; No. 6 Co., four; R. E., three; civilians, two. The best scores are appended.

	Yds.	Yds.	Yds.	Tot.
Sgt.-Major McDougall	33	32	32	97
Mr. A. R. Langley	28	30	30	88
Co. S. M. Caven	30	31	29	87
Cpl. J. Simpson, R.E.	25	30	30	85
Sgt. G. S. Carr	30	29	25	84
Sgt. G. W. Neill	25	28	25	78
Sgt. T. Jeremy	20	28	23	71
Br. W. Richardson	18	28	30	76
Cpl. M. Doyle	22	30	24	76
Gr. W. H. Kentingham	21	28	25	74
Cpl. R. T. Strachan	28	21	24	73

YACHTING.

Club Meeting

The annual general meeting has been called by the commodore, Mr. W. H. Langley, for next Thursday night, at 8:30 o'clock, to be held in the yacht clubhouse. As business of special importance in connection with the coming season will be dealt with, it is hoped that all members will do their best to be present.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Random Gossip of All Sorts

Association football team, are requested to attend practice this morning at ten o'clock at Oak Bay, and every evening during the week, in order that they may be in shape to meet the Vancouver Cities when they come here next Saturday.

Percy Cove, who bested Collie Hill at the Savoy last Thursday, is spoken of by the Vancouver province thugster, "Cove" as Kid Chamberlain, who went to around fighters in Vancouver when ring events were more lively than they are now. He can just about beat an egg. Collie Hill is another false alarm.

At London, England, yesterday H. L. Doherty defended the lawn tennis cham-

An opportunity for a young
man to start business
for himself

There are hundreds of young men throughout the country, who have mastered the details of merchandising, and are now dreaming of the time when they can be proprietors—many of them with a few hundred dollars laid by for the purpose.

Nearly every prosperous well rated merchant of to-day, made a beginning in a modest way.

At the very outset such young men as we have in mind—such as are capable, thoroughly in earnest, reliable, and have saved a little money, say enough to fit up a store and pay for part of their stock, can make a connection with our house, and in short order, they can be at the head of an establishment where men can be outfitted with the best of clothing.

The clothing business is an attractive proposition. It is a live one—always something doing.

We shall be pleased to correspond with men who have decided to make a start for themselves in some live town or city, and who can show some tangible evidence of an earnest effort in that direction, with a view to extending the sale of our "Male Attire" brand of high class tailored clothing.

We propose as part of our scheme to give free advertising and promotion.

The Male Attire Co., Montreal

Please mention this paper

Write as anyway.

Treated by Three Doctors

for a

Severe Attack of
Dyspepsia,Got No Relief From
Medicines, But Found It At
Last In

Burdock Blood Bitters.

Mrs. Frank Hutt, Morrisburg, Ont., was one of those troubled with this most common of stomach troubles. She writes:—"After being treated by three doctors, and using many advertised medicines, for a severe attack of Dyspepsia, and receiving no benefit, I gave up all hope of ever being cured. Hearing Burdock Blood Bitters so highly spoken of, I decided to get a bottle, and give it a trial. Before I had taken it I began to feel better, and by the time I had taken the second one I was completely cured. I cannot recommend Burdock Blood Bitters too highly, and would advise all sufferers from dyspepsia to give it a trial."

TIDE TABLE.

(Issued by the Tidal Survey Branch of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.)
Victoria, B. C., April, 1905.

Date.	Time H.T.	Time H.T.	Time H.T.	Time H.T.
	h.m.	ft.	h.m.	ft.
1	2:25	7.3	7:51	5.7
2	2:07	7.3	8:13	5.2
3	2:14	7.4	8:38	4.0
4	2:30	7.2	8:57	1.1
5	2:52	7.6	9:41	3.0
6	3:15	10.19	3.3	16.55
7	3:39	10.6	3.0	17.57
8	4:00	7.51	2.8	18.15
9	4:08	8.15	2.8	19.28
10	4:21	8.20	2.5	13.25
11	4:40	7.41	2.3	
12	4:52	7.51	16.08	2.31
13	5:07	7.21	3.45	7.01
14	5:14	7.1	4.52	6.7
15	5:33	7.1	5.51	6.1
16	5:49	7.3	6.42	5.2
17	6:05	7.4	7.11	4.3
18	6:18	7.5	7.11	4.3
19	6:28	8.4	7.4	17.63
20	6:40	8.5	7.4	18.13
21	6:51	8.8	7.4	18.13
22	6:57	8.2	7.50	24.15
23	7:02	8.12	7.4	18.13
24	7:08	8.12	7.4	18.13
25	7:14	8.1	7.4	18.13
26	7:20	8.1	7.4	18.13
27	7:26	8.1	7.4	18.13
28	7:32	8.1	7.4	18.13
29	7:38	8.1	7.4	18.13
30	7:44	8.1	7.4	18.13

Cheap Business Property BROAD STREET

This property consisting of a well built four storey brick block is for sale at a comparatively very low figure.

For full particulars apply to

PEMBERTON & SON
45 FORT STREET

Fol. 114.

1805—1905 Caledonian Insurance Co.

(The Oldest Scottish Fire Office.)

This year completes its first century of business. During this time it has earned for itself an enviable reputation for honorable dealing, and for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims. If you are not already insured in this Company, it affords this opportunity to solicit a share of your business.

A. W. Jones, 28 Fort Street

For Spring Cleaning

NASCO

IS INVALUABLE

Gals. 85c., Or with tin returned 75c.

CHICK STARTER—Sylvester's

Is a primary food for baby chicks up to five weeks old. This food is carefully selected, re-cleaned stock, cracked grain, Kafir Corn-Millet-grit, etc., free from dust and dirt, and entirely high grade.

10-LB. CARTON 50c.
50-LB. SACKS \$2.00
SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 YATES ST. Tel. 134

Why Not Increase YOUR LIGHT 70 PER CENT

Without Increased Current Cost. If Interested Inquire at

Hinton Electric Co.

GREAT NORTHERN'S NEW TRAIN DE LUXE

Splendid Service Lately Added
on Vancouver - Seattle
Run.

The Great Northern have recently doubled their train service between Vancouver and Seattle, and a run over the road in the new flyer is a most delightful trip. The train leaves the Terminal City at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and arrives in Seattle at 10 in the evening. This new train de luxe includes a buffet car and travelers may enjoy the luxury of a first class dinner a la carte while speeding along over the smooth roadbed, and at the same time feast his eye on the beauties of the scenery along this beach road. A beach road it certainly is, as for miles and miles the placid waters of the Sound wash with their gentle swell the foot of the permanent way. And this "permanent way" is most substantially built—rock cuttings and riprap revetments giving the entire line an appearance of solidity and safety rendered necessary by close proximity to the inland sea along which it is constructed. The beauties of the trip over this comparatively new road is one that will leave a lasting impression on the minds of any one making it. The distance—about 150 miles—is not long enough to make the trip tedious, while the elegant cars and pretty pastoral country through which, for the most part, the line runs affording an ever-changing note of interest, makes the trip an ideal one.

To Vancouver by the Princess Victoria—the wonder and admiration of the traveling public—from Vancouver to Seattle by the Great Northern, with its luxuriously appointed service, and home by the staunch little steamer Whatcom, is as pleasant an outing as one could wish for, and considering the variety and length of the trip, is a most inexpensive one.

BRUSHES LIGHTEN HOUSEWORK.

The many different kinds of brushes which are now obtainable for all sorts of housework are the means of relieving housework of much of its drudgery. It is decidedly easier to clean greasy pans and kettles and dishes with a good brush, than it is to scrape them with a knife, or attempt to scour them with a cloth. Hardwood floors look their best when cleaned and polished with the proper brush. China, silver, in fact everything that must be cleaned, is quickest and easiest done with the right brush.

One reason why brushes are coming into favor is that they enable the woman who does her own work to keep her hands out of the water. A woman can easily do her own washing, and keep her hands well groomed, if she adopts the modern way of using the proper brush for the different kinds of housework.

Drilled Yesterday—In place of the usual weekly gallery practice, the cadet corps paraded yesterday and put in an interesting hour and a half on company drill.

For Office Purposes—The company which has obtained the contract for the erection of the superstructure of the C. P. R. hotel has within the space of a few hours placed in position on the site a one storey cottage building, admirably suited for office purposes, for which it will be used. It is not to be supposed, however, that the building was erected in the space of a few hours—it was not. About 30 years has elapsed since it was built; and, until the day before yesterday, it occupied a site on the north side of Belleville street, just beyond the James Bay Athletic Club building. Owing to the improvements now taking place in the vicinity its usefulness as a place of residence has departed, and it was accordingly purchased by the hotel contractors for the hotel, and moved to its new site by block and tackle.

Use telephone to New Westminster.

Announcement

We have recently completed arrangements with

**MESSRS. JAMES
MUNRO & SON LTD.**

Proprietors of the well known Dalwhinnie Distillery, Strathspey, Inverness-shire, Scotland, for the control of their

Celebrated Scotch Whiskies

For British Columbia, Yukon Territory, Washington State and Oregon. The Whiskies produced by Messrs. James Munro & Son are of

The Very Highest Type and
guaranteed to be Fully Aged
Before Marketing.

The consumers can rely upon getting the highest possible quality and absolute uniformity in purchasing these Whiskies. These goods will be supplied by us direct from the Distillers to the consumers, thus avoiding blenders and middlemen's profits, assuring the consumer the very best Whisky at the lowest possible price. These Whiskies can be obtained at all grocers who handle Whiskies, and from all first class Hotels and Saloons throughout British Columbia.

Pither & Leiser

IMPORTERS.

1905 SUITINGS

BELWARP SERGES
SPECIAL DESIGNS IN

SUITINGS

—AND—

TROUSERINGS
ENGLISH GOODS.

GREGG & SON

TAILORS.

62 Yates St.

Biscuits

Buy No Other; They are the
Best.

Ask Your Grocer For

**RAMSAY'S EMPIRE
CREAM SODAS**

Always fresh, crisp, light and flaky.
HOME MADE and 25 per cent.
cheaper than Eastern make.

Manufactured by

Ramsay Bros. & Co. Ltd.

VANCOUVER, B. C.

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

EASTER DAYS at SPENCER'S

Our Special Easter display this week presenting
Victoria's authoritative style show of

Paris Millinery, Suits, Silk Waists, Silk Petticoats, Dainty Neckwear and Kid Gloves, Dress Goods, Laces and Fine Wash Goods.

EASTER MILLINERY

IS OF THE FIRST CONSIDERATION

No worthy model from Paris has been left uncopied, and hundreds of original conceits from our own skilled designers give our showing the exclusiveness our customers like.

It will gratify you to see the collection of Ready-to-wear Hats. Interesting novelties among Unicorns, Long Narrow Admiral Shapes, Small Quaint Turbans and Flat Sailor Hats. Shapes for all faces, \$1.75 to \$7.50. And nearly Ready-to-wear Hats, that require but a little trimming—a quill, wing, or spray of foliage—\$1 to \$6.75.

EASTER GLOVES

The Trefousse, our Best Quality. Price, \$1.50

The Gloves at \$1.00 are in harmony with the swellest Easter costume. The colorings, stitchings and fasteners are correct. We have them in glace or suede, at this price, and we guarantee every pair.

SILKS

Japanese Taffeta with spot specials, 50c yard.

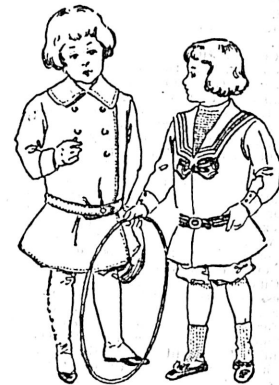
AT 50c a yard—Check Silks for Shirt Waist Suits.

AT \$1.00—Chiffon Taffetas, all shades.

BOYS' EASTER SUITS

If the boy gets his suits at Spencer's, he gets them right. Stylishly right, right in fit, and price right.

Our 3-piece Suits at \$3.50 and \$4.50 only need to be seen to be appreciated.



It's easier to sell clothing this season than ever.

We have the right suits at the right price.

Hand-Tailored Suits at
\$12.50, \$15 and \$17.50

BUGGIES and GO-CARTS

Third Floor.

Special Values at \$3.90, \$5.75, \$8.75,
\$14.50 and \$19.50



Too Late to Have Your Easter Apparel Made to Order

Promenade Suits and Silk Shirt Waist Suits, so carefully selected that no other store has an equal showing and no fashionable tailor can duplicate them at less than double the price—not even as to style, much less quality and workmanship.

Silk Suits from \$17.50 to \$40. Plain colors, also the shepherd checks. The new fancy mohair weaves from \$10 to \$16.50. The new tailor made Suits in the new materials, \$15 to \$40. The advantages of buying at the Spencer Store are so obvious that they require no extended explanation. All Victoria practically shops at the Big Store. And just at this time the store is more attractive than ever.

Easter is hurrying along and many are busy preparing for the big Fashion Show, the event that really marks the advent of the Spring Season.

The Great Salvage Sale

23 Johnson Street

Will Positively Close in 10 DAYS, So Take Advantage of These Genuine Bargains. The Following Are Among the Lines Yet Unsold

White and Grey Cotton Blankets at	\$.75	Men's Overalls	\$.50
Grey Blankets at	\$1.35 and 1.50	Boys' Overalls .....	.25
Extra Fine Grey Wool Blankets	2.50	Men's Caps, from and up .....	.15
Heavy 12-lb All-wool Grey Yukon Blankets	4.00	Men's Ties, 3 for .....	.25
Men's Underwear, from and up .....	.15	Scotch Ginghams, per yard .....	.10
Men's Black Stiff Hats .....	.15	Fine Black Sateen, per yard .....	.10
Men's \$3.00 Stiff Hats .....	.50	Grey Flannel, per yard .....	.12 1/2
Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, per suit .....	.75	Fine Flannellette, 14 and 15 yards for	1.00
Men's Fine Colored Dress Shirts .....	.50	Fine Tweed and Dress Plaid, exceptionally cheap at, per yard .....	.15
Men's Cotton Socks, 3 pairs for .....	.25	54-inch Heavy Suiting Serges, per yard .....	.75
Men's All-wool Socks, 3 pairs for .....	.25	Fancy Cotton Rugs, silk finish .....	.75
Men's Extra Fine Worsted Socks .....	.25	P. D. and Other \$2.50 Corsets for	1.00
Men's Fine Merino Socks, 2 pairs for .....	.25	Girls' Cotton Hose, 2 pairs for .....	.05
Men's Black Sateen Shirts .....	.40	Ladies' 50c Black Cashmere Hose .....	.25
Men's Fine Negligee Shirts from .....	.50	Men's Shoes, from and up .....	.75
Men's Fine Soft Felt Hats from .....	.50	Men's \$5.00 Extra Fine Shoes	2.50
MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS AT SPECIAL REDUCED PRICES FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.			
Men's Bicycle Suits at	4.50	Boys' Shoes, from and up .....	.80
Men's Tweed Pants at .....	.90	Girls' Shoes, from and up .....	.75
Men's Extra Fine \$3.00 Worsted Pants	1.50	Ladies' Shoes, from and up .....	.90
		Colored Quilts, from and up .....	.45
		White Quilts, from and up .....	.65

This sale is no fake. Every article in stock and sold as advertised. Blame yourselves if you miss this chance for buying good goods at less than the cost of production

The Following Special Bargains

10 Dozen Men's Fine Moleskin Shirts, summer weight only 25c each. 10 dozen Men's Fine American Outing Shirts, tie with each shirt, 50c each. Special line of men's sweaters at 75c ea.

Call at 23 Johnson St. and Be Convinced That This is a Genuine Sale

BITTANCOURT AUCTIONEER.

Has secured No. 58 Broad St., near Yates St., and will hold

Weekly Auction Sales

Beginning Wednesday, April 19, at 2 p. m. Particulars in Tuesday's Colonist.

Goods Received Daily

PHONE 7031.

We Will Hold a Large Sale of

VALUABLE

FURNITURE

and other

HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS

—ON—

Wednesday, 19th, at 2 p. m.

Particulars in Tuesday's Colonist.

Parties wishing to furnish cheaply should see our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

We are always open to purchase household goods, or will sell on commission, either by private sale or auction. We hold in stock for private sale, 3 Hardwood

Chairs, Sofas, Mahogany Tables and Desks, Iron Cots, Blankets, Pillows, Sheets, etc.

L. EATON & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

Use telephone to Vancouver.

ELECTRIC MOTORS

Generators for Light and Power.
Transformers, Meters and Supplies.

The Canadian General Electric Co.

LIMITED.

Head Office, Toronto, Ont.

B. C. Head Office, Vancouver,

Also at Rossland and Calgary.

STEPHENS & HAWKINS

V. I. Selling Agents,

95 Fort St., VICTORIA, B. C.

City Auction Mart

OLD CHURCH,

Corner Broad and Pandora Streets.

W. JONES

DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER.

Has Largest and Best Saleroom in City.

Furniture or Merchandise received at any time. Furniture bought for cash to any amount.

Use telephone to Chilliwack.

..HAY..

\$12 PER TON

One Hundred Tons First-Class Hay must be sold at once.

R. BAKER & SON

'Phone 1. 30 Yates St.

Marine Gasoline Motors

Guaranteed reliable, with all latest improvements for 1905. Get prices and references at

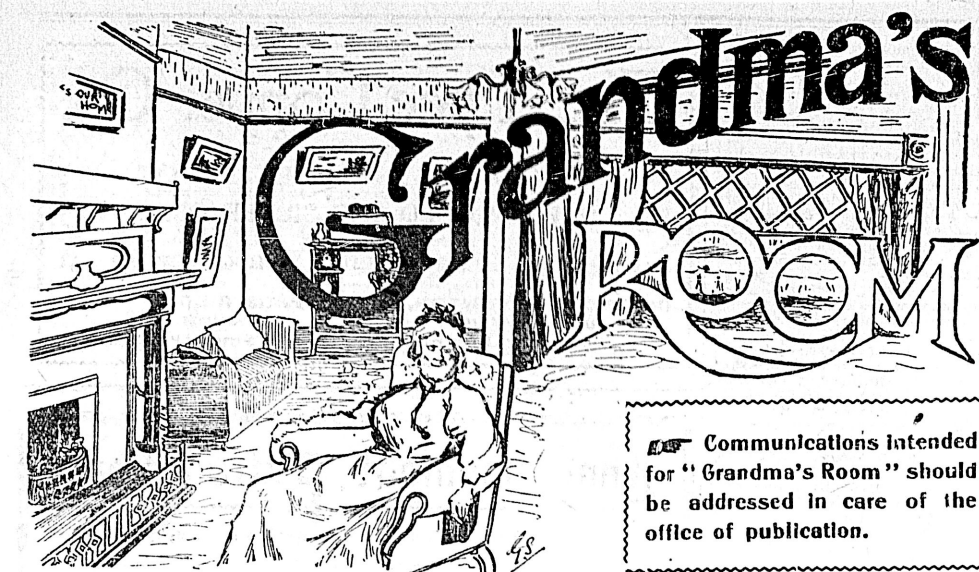
Marine Iron Works,

Embley Street, Victoria.

ANDREW GRAY, Prof.

Tel., Res. 100. Tel., Works 681

Use telephone to Ladners.



Communications intended for "Grandma's Room" should be addressed in care of the office of publication.

"Jockie W."—Is not frankly outspoken; a little secretive and a little close in money matters, yet there is benevolence in his disposition; while not leading indiscreetly, would help late needy if able to do so. Takes great chances, and is able to turn his hand to various works. Acts quickly and on impulse. His life is much influenced by women, and he has a suspicion of mean-ness in his disposition. He is fond of money and not too particular how it comes, so long as the exertion is not too great in obtaining it. Liver diseased physically, heart morally. Promise of a premature and violent death brought about by an enterprise not at all to your credit.

"Violet W."—Will be a widow. Is gifted with some talent, but makes little or no use of it. Is not ambitious nor given to ruling others. Acts upon impulse rather than reason. Is not gifted with great mental power, but is well satisfied with her own ability, and is foolishly self-reliant. Finds negative life upon which she meets with a love which proves fatal to her life and its hopes. Makes persistent efforts for success, but is unlucky. Money late in life.

"Mr. Henpeck"—Writes a note, with his application for a reading, in which he inquires if he could meet with success on a chicken ranch. Most assuredly you may, "Mr. Henpeck," if there is success in that line for anyone; and we are assured by the manufacturers of incubators that there positively is. You are independent in action, consequently will not listen to the blue moon talkers who say there is only failure ahead. You are careful and orderly, and your plans are always clearly marked and arranged before you go to work. You are exact in all details; you have a superior mind which knows exactly how to measure and complete, whether in a chicken business or any other course in life you choose to give your attention to. You will do no work carelessly or thoughtlessly; and the open-air exercise and employment will benefit your tendency to nervous dyspepsia. With these characteristics, I do not plainly marked, I see nothing but success for you, if you start with good tools. Send me your private address, and I will direct you to a sure and honest path in this line.

"C. A."—Is very fond of horses and most animals. Is not wildly ambitious, but such aims as exist in this line have a decidedly common-sense tendency. Is self-reliant, sees many changes and means with success. Is generous, has good executive ability, and can also plan intelligently. Is orderly and careful in work. Is affectionate. Will meet with worry, if not sorrow, through loved ones. Is not a judge, but is easily influenced, and comes to hasty conclusions.

"Leo."—Is quite independent in thought and reason, and plans more than is carried out. Does not believe much that is not proven. Is ruled by the head or by reason, not by impulse; is thoroughly practical. Thinks deeply, decides for herself, is careful in all fine or detail work. The major influences of life do not lead itself to fine or complete lines, so I cannot read all that this hand may possibly hold.

"Buffalo Bill"—Is possessed of great bravery, confidence, and talent as a commander in war. Is generous, but stands no imposition. Is ambitious, ready to take chances, secretive, keeping plans and affairs to himself. Has a marvellously quick perception of things, and is not slow in his reasoning. Is clever and clear-minded, with good intellectual ability. Strong and pure in soldier, and a good one.

"Cupid"—Is frank and open-hearted, independent and yet very sensitive. Does not willingly or knowingly wound others. Has a delicate sense of touch. Has artistic talent and good executive ability. Will not be imposed upon, but is pleasant and adaptable to various people and their ways—so long as they do not try to rule his opinions and ways. Loves excitement and a jolly good time, and is not fond of routine work. A happy marriage is, or will be, yours. There seems to be a natural aptitude for the science of medicine. The marriage lines I cannot see, but there is a love which will cause an unfavorable change in your life. Your childhood was unhappy. You take a number of journeys.

"Dekko"—Jumps at conclusions, never once stopping to reason or think; but she has wonderfully quick perceptive faculties. And is prompt in solving, truthfully, odd situations. Does not care to make friends everywhere, caring rather for the few. Is a careful speaker, but not a grasping, mean one. Serious sickness in middle life. Considerable imagination, and a talent to apply it to pleasing taste. Guard carefully against an infatuation which may prove disastrous. Will meet with negative happiness.

"Lolio"—Will never save money, but must spend lavishly, as fast as possible. Utterly imprudent. Takes risks and chances also. Does not plan ahead

much, making quick decisions. Was kept well under control of the home people for first few years of life. Not very self-reliant. Likes ease and pretty surroundings.

"Telo"—Is independent in thought; a little narrow-minded, but withal pretty good company. Is forgiving, never seeks revenge, and is generous, but not foolishly so. Is guided by impulse and the heart more than by reason. Has more than one talent, but lacks in energy to make either very successful. In love is purely material. There are indications of wounds and of sudden death.

"Opal"—There is but one marriage in this hand, and the love was pure and strong, with a warm mother-heart for the little children. Very self-reliant, with some egotism. Fond of beautiful surroundings; of an artistic temperament and talents. Success has been marred through artistic blunders. Is gifted now with wisdom.

There are many small lines which the photographs do not show plainly.

"An Artist"—I think that marriage will interfere with any artistic career which you may hold in contemplation. You are emotional and somewhat attracted by the opposite sex; and while you are a person of refinement and artistic talents, you will not meet with brilliant success. Love, with its joys and its sorrows, will have more to do with your life than art. Your power of planning is greater than your gift of execution. You will have power, but cannot give close attention to fine details. Your mind is broad and generous, and you love to improve your talents, but you are not a genius.

"Z. C. C."—Marries once. Expects and demands many virtues and no faults in her life partner, and she will be jealous. Is not particularly ambitious. Is careful and economical. Is impulsive and comes to rapid conclusions. Is orderly, not afraid to work; has a great deal of self-respect. Has real artistic talent, but meets with poor success. Money and honor late in life, after many struggles.

"Carrie Nation"—There is wonderful good fortune in store for you, and you will use it in a most common-sense manner. Your natural talents are good, but you do not cultivate them. You marry twice. You are ambitious, but take chances or depend too much upon chance, and do not apply yourself to one subject. You are generous, but not one to waste your means.

"Nibs"—A widow once, and marries again. Has many cares and worries. Is very good business ability, and is close and saving. Is not fond of hard work, and is orderly. Is very emotional, and not at all idealistic in love. Marries for purely material reasons. Is clear-minded and possessed of many good qualities. Print is so blotched that the most important lines are obliterated.

"Scotia"—You have nothing in your hand which is pleasant to tell you—no cultivated talents, that is. You do not tell me how that finger came to be deformed. It may mean nothing, or much. There is much in your hand which I would not care to publish in our cozy family circle. You had better look over the "ads" in this paper and get a private consultation with a good oculist, who will tell you your faults if you care to overcome them.

"Cyama"—Likes a quiet, easy, luxurious life, with plenty of all things. Finds negative happiness. Is a little indolent, like a rule and is ambitious. Life much controlled by others. Is good company; does not waste, though would spend freely for pleasure or friends. This heavy paper, or the method of printing, always leaves part of the lines out, hence the incomplete reading.

"Bonnie"—Sends a folded print, which was not fixed, and has rubbed till one can barely see that it has been the outline of a hand. It is now only a ghost of a print, but it whispers that there were pleasant things to be found in the original. Will you not try again, "Bonnie," and use softer paper, and fix the print with shellac, or even skin milk.

"Bachelor Girl"—Will not be a bachelor girl very long, because she has two, if not three, marriages in her hand, and such very strong, idealistic affection that I feel sure she is looking for a charming, every one of her jolly bachelor days. She is impulsive and jumps at conclusions but sees through things so quickly that perhaps she is safer in jumping than many are at slower, more conservative methods. She has considerable self-respect and ambition, and she takes her lot in life by chance. She has a bright, clear mind, and a fair share of good luck and success in life.

"Chenille Curtain"—You are guided entirely by impulse and impressions. You trust anyone who is good to you. You look for the highest and best, and

do not see or understand the low and the common; you are thus easily led and imposed upon. In affection you are changeable; you do not keep to any one thing very long. You love piety, art and the ideal. You love the music and ritual of religion and eloquence; but the sermon you know nothing about. You are gentle, confident and loving for a time. Beauty attracts you, and ugliness repels you. You will never be very happy, though there is success and good fortune, in a measure, for you. You are very strong in your affection while it lasts.

"Swiss Turkey"—Is emotional and fond of an easy life, full of beauty and lovely things. You will observe the law so long as it does not interfere with your pleasures. You fall violently in love, and as violently out again. You might prove faithful and happy for life if you could only marry on the six months' installment plan but for life—well, you might be faithful, but not happy. You are sympathetic and generous, and when angry you speak your mind plainly and decidedly. There is a tendency towards the saving of money, unusual in your type.

"Belgian Spider"—Is ambitious, and while not particularly fond of work, will still take pains with that which she undertakes. Is not very self-reliant, dependent upon the family decisions for a number of years. Has many petty cares and worries, result of nervous condition rather than real trouble. Have literary talent which if cultivated, would bring you success. Will marry once. You are good company and generous, and somewhat independent in your actions.

"Titimus Elijah"—This hand as printed holds very little to read. The wide lines would have to be seen and judged by other indications before one could tell the meaning of their unusual width. Any way, it would not be particularly flattering. There is bravery and courage shown, and an ability to do fine particular work, if the inclination to work were very manifest, which it is not. Evidently the hand of a dreamer, one free from care and worries, somewhat selfish, but not coarse or given to the pleasures of the table, or any intemperance in that line. Has not done any very earnest work in life.

"Miss Midget"—Is not a stickler for the strictest rules of etiquette, and is not easily offended. Meets with sorrow caused by unfaithfulness of some loved one. Seen many changes and some good fortune. Has, or will have, heart trouble. Will marry once, and become a widow. A little jealous. Is generous, but will stand no imposition.

There are so many patrons of this particular corner in Grandma's Room, that Grandma herself would like you to remember her direct requests for making these prints, and \$8.10 tablets are cheap and common. Yet few heed the request to use these unused sheets upon which to print the hand. Instead, impressions are received upon the backs of old letters, or on blotting paper, on colored fashion plates, on tinted Bristol board, and misery of miseries—on stiff lined note paper, which only prints in spots, and faintly there. In outlining, the greatest of liberties are taken, and some finger will be shaped like a wooden knitting needle, the next beside it like a chocolate cream. This is not in accordance with nature, so a generous portion of your reading is omitted. Others supply lines with a lead pencil, and some will print close to the outline and paste it on a second sheet of paper. Sometimes he cuts off a fine characteristic by a close shave, again by a swerve of the scissors he adds one. 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HER MAJESTY QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S HOUSEHOLD



From the day Queen Alexandra arrived in England, loveliest but least known of royal brides, she determined to make England her home and centre in every sense of the word, says London Sketch.

She at once chose friends among her new surroundings, and even now is still on intimate terms with many great ladies whom she first saw on her memorable wedding day in the March of 1863. On the King's accession, Queen Alexandra exercised the pleasant privilege of forming her own household. Political questions played no part in the selection of "the group of noble dames" whose duty it is to be in attendance on the sovereign's consort, for she chose her household according to the dictates of her heart and the claims of friendship.

The Hon. Charlotte Knollys holds a unique position in both the King's and

Queen's regard. Miss Knollys is the sister of King Edward's private secretary and lifelong friend, and she has been connected with the British court from childhood. She is the Queen's inseparable companion at home and abroad, and on the occasion of the dangerous fire at Sandringham her presence of mind undoubtedly saved her mistress from the most awful of deaths.

The appointment of two sisters, Lady Gosford and Lady Alice Stanley, to be members of the Queen's household

was a great tribute to friendship. Her Majesty has always been especially intimate with the Duchess of Devonshire, and by thus honoring two of her three daughters she greatly gratified their brilliant mother.

The Dowager Lady Lytton was attached to the late court circle, and Queen Alexandra singled her out for social favor before the accession of the King.

The Queen has remained young in heart as well as in appearance and she

delights in having young people about her. Several of her daughters' contemporaries are honored by her warm friendship. This is especially the case with Lady Chelsea, daughter of the late Lord Allington, and her sister, Lady Hardinge, wife of the Ambassador at St. Petersburg. Another Lady Hardinge, who is the daughter of their Majesties' old friend and faithful servant, Sir Arthur Ellis, is a great favorite of Her Majesty.

The Queen's love of music is a strong bond between her and Lady Grey, whose mother-in-law, Lady Ripon, is numbered among Queen Alexandra's oldest friends, as is another loyal hostess, Lady Howe. The illness of the latter drew forth many warm tokens of sympathy from both their Majesties, who have also been unwearied in their attentions to Mrs. Arthur Paget, one of the American ladies honored with Queen Alexandra's personal friendship.

The Antarctic Continent

London Times, February 28.

Captain Scott's lecture last night at the Royal Geographical Society on the geographical results of the National Antarctic expedition, combined with the papers contributed to the research department of the society by the members of the special scientific staff, enables us to form a fair idea of the scientific work accomplished during the two years or more that the Discovery lay under the shadow of Mount Erebus. To work out the many observations and to report on the collections in detail will be the labor of years; but it is already possible to conjecture, with some approximation to reality, what are the main characteristics of a great world of our globe, only the fringe of which has up till now been touched by the explorer. Captain Scott dealt last night with that aspect of the Antarctic which is of most general interest—namely, its geographical problems. He has worked out in a tentative way the configuration of the Antarctic continent for contour it no doubt is—a configuration to which the known facts lend a certain amount of probability. Approaching the continent from New Zealand, we come at Cape Adare, in about latitude 70 degrees S., longitude 170 degrees E. from Greenwich, upon a land rising rapidly from the sea. The mountain-backed coastline was followed partly by ship and partly by sledge, almost directly south for over twelve degrees of latitude—that is, for more than 800 miles; and it was seen by Captain Scott and his companions, from the extreme southern point of the great sledge journey, to extend to at least 84 deg. S. Captain Scott is disposed to think that this mountainous coastline, soaring in places to a height of 15,000 feet, continues practically unbroken until it reaches Graham Land, to the south of Cape Horn. This, then, according to Captain Scott's view, is the face which the Antarctic continent presents towards the Pacific, and within its edge high situated peaks point westward from the winter quarters of the Discovery the explorers pushed through the coast range of mountains and came upon a lofty plateau some 9,000 feet high, largely glaciated, and extending as far westward as could be reached and seen. The question is, How far does this plateau extend toward the Antarctic circle? The German expedition, in about 90 degrees E. longitude and just to the south of the Antarctic circle, found a considerable extent of continuous coastline. Between that and Cape Adare earlier expeditions had charted at frequent intervals indications of land, and similar indications have been noted on the other side as far as 50 deg. E. Is there, then, from Cape Adare round at least to Enderby Land, a practically continuous coastline facing the Indian Ocean, with a great ice-covered plateau lying between that coast and the coast skirted by Captain Scott and his companions? Captain Scott seems inclined to think that such indeed is the case. If his theory of the connection between Victoria Land and Graham Land be correct, the outline of the continent is probably completed between Enderby Land and Graham Land, facing the Atlantic, by way of Coats Land, as the stretch of coast discovered by the Scottish expedition has been called. The so-called great ice-barrier, then, discovered by the British expedition at the eastern end of the great ice-barrier, might be separated from the main continent. An alternative theory, however, favors the view that King Edward Land is connected with Victoria Land on the one side and with Graham Land on the other, the ice-barrier being thus imprisoned within a great belt. However this may be, Captain Scott's conjecture as to the reason between the continents east of Victoria Land and the Indian Ocean has undoubtedly much to commend it; to whatever extent future discovery may modify the details, we cannot doubt that the existence of an Antarctic continent has virtually been proved.

Apart from the configuration of the land, there are other geographical conditions referred to by Captain Scott and his staff which are of great interest. The so-called great ice-barrier, with a face rising from 100 feet to 200 feet above sea level, has receded southwards

for a distance of from 20 to 30 miles since the time of its discovery by Sir James Clark Ross over sixty years ago. Moreover, it is not, as has been conjectured, the face of an extensive land glacier, but the edge of an enormous icefield, which Captain Scott is convinced is afloat. He believes, however, that in the course of ages it has greatly decreased, both in superficial extent and in thickness, and that it may at one time have been really aground. This decrease in the ice-barrier corresponds with what all the scientific staff of the expedition have noted—the marked recession of the ice all over the area covered by the work of the expedition. Captain Scott comes to the curious conclusion that the snowfall takes place mostly in the southern summer, and that it does not exceed four or five inches of closely-packed snow; and, further, that on the plateau, if not on the barrier, the evaporation equals, if it does not exceed, the deposition. This last conclusion, if it is justified, goes far to explain the recession of the ice-covering, which, after all, still shrouds the greater part of the continent. In other departments of natural science—geology, meteorology, biology, terrestrial magnetism—valuable work has been accomplished. Of particular interest is the discovery of a great bed of sandstone, some 2,000 feet thick, resting on granite and capped by basalt, perfectly horizontal, covering some thousand square miles and possibly ten times that area. It was in this sandstone that Mr. Perrar found the few carbonaceous fossil remains he was able to bring home. Unfortunately these have been crushed beyond all possibility of identification, but the experts who have examined them entertain no doubt that they are of vegetable origin. At any rate, they may be taken as indicative of a climate, in some remote period of the past, much more genial than that which prevails at present. But it is possible to register variations between 91 degrees of frost and 10 degrees above freezing point (Fahrenheit).

Curious and incomplete as this survey has necessarily been, enough has been said to show that, when supplemented by the results of the Scottish, German and Swedish expeditions, the secrets wrested from the fastnesses of the Far South by the British explorers will form a substantial contribution of permanent value to our knowledge of the world in which we live. The Antarctic continent is the most inhospitable land on the face of this globe; it is difficult to see how it can be of any service to humanity. But these expeditions went out in the service of science, and in that service they have done work with which they themselves and those who equipped the expeditions have every reason to be proud. But it is still only the merest fraction of the lands and seas within the Antarctic circle of which we have any definite knowledge; hence at least there will be work for many a pioneer explorer before the "great southern continent" of former generations, now reduced to comparatively modest dimensions, can be satisfactorily recorded on our maps.

THE GAME OF ALLITERATION.

Inquirer.

Here is a game that may be played by any number of boys and girls. It is a single letter, and one that is at the same time will have the effect of making you think quickly.

Each of the players, who sit in a row, tells in order to what place he will travel and what he will do there, always using for principal words (such as nouns, adjectives, and verbs) those beginning with the letter of the alphabet. The first player takes A, the second B, etc. Thus the players in order may say:

"I am going to Africa to Ask an Abak for Apples."

"I am going to Boston to Buy Baked Beans."

"I am going to California to Cut Curious Capers."

"I am going to Damascus to Dine on Delicious Doughnuts," and so on through the alphabet.

Anyone unable to give a sentence of this kind may be required to pay a forfeit, or a score may be kept, the successful ones being given one point. In this case the method of playing must be agreed upon beforehand.

WOMAN'S PROGRESS.

Boston Advertiser.

Does any one think that this mass of women with college-trained minds are going to continue to be satisfied with pink teas and opera seasons for five or ten years while they are waiting for the men to get ready to marry them? They are restless now, and they are going to get more restless. They are taking up serious work, paid and unpaid, now, and they are going to take it up more and more. And the more they take it up the more they will fit into a normal niche in the social scheme and cease to be superfluous. Of course, if a woman has no vocation in life except to marry, and fails in that, she is a failure. She is the superfluous woman.

Vincent Harper's great book, "The Mortgage on the Brain," at Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Ltd.

Big Graft in New Jersey

An Example of Corporation Work in the Land of the Free.

(Written for the Sunday Colonist.)

According to Lincoln Steffens, who tells the story in McClure's for April, New Jersey has been under the control of the railroad corporations since the earliest days. This state sends corrupt senators to Congress, but that is only what the other states do. The state legislators live largely by graft, but others do that also. The main difference between New Jersey and other states is that while the latter sell themselves only, the former have sold her self and also the other states of the union. When the United States was contriving to curb the growth of overwhelming combinations of capital, New Jersey sold to the corporation a general law, which was a general license to grow, combine and overwhelm as they would, not in New Jersey alone, but anywhere in the United States. She not only licensed them to do in New Jersey, she licensed them to do in those other states what she would not let them do in New Jersey. New Jersey sold out for money. She passed her miscellaneous incorporation "acts for revenue. Her citizens pay no direct state tax. The corporations pay all the expenses of the state; and it was treason. If there is such a thing as treason by a state, then New Jersey is a traitor state. She is the centre of the vicious business of the country, the tangle of the United States.

From the moment the family of states was formed, the fathers have gone to Jersey to do things they would not do at home. Alexander Hamilton was the first man to steal off to New Jersey in order to fight his famous duel with Aaron Burr, and it was he who organized the first Jersey corporation. Wedged in as this state is between the two largest cities of New York and Philadelphia, her geographical position makes her important from a railway point of view. This was recognized by Hamilton who organized a company to control most of the rights and privileges of the government. The great Federalist from New York and the leading citizens of New Jersey combined to have and to hold "the gateway of the continent" as private property, and Hamilton's charter not only gave the company control of the powers and rights and privileges troublesome to the commonwealth down to today, it taught the "best people" to rule, and, ruling, to use the state for private business purposes. The lesson was well learned. In 1830, when a railroad was projected from Camden to Amboy, the promoters being pioneer railwaymen, were doubtful of the success of the scheme; but they were leading citizens, and they went to the state for aid and easy terms. Though the route chosen was the shortest way through Jersey from Philadelphia waters to a water connection with New York, they talked in modern terms of "developing the resources of the state," and the legislature of 1830, to which they applied, met full of popular enthusiasm, to grant all that the company might ask. This is all that is asked: a monopoly for ever of the New York-Philadelphia traffic, exemption in perpetuity from taxation; a state subscription to their stock; and plenty of time to build. And they got all this.

The promoters of the Camden and Amboy foresaw what the people did not, that their monopoly was against public interest; that their exemption would tempt rivals into the field; and that the development of the resources of the state, which they promised, would make more railways necessary. To protect their precious privilege therefore, they set deliberately about corrupting the state. And how they did corrupt it! Like the "best people" of Rhode Island, they bought the voters with cash at the polls; they bought the political parties with contributions to the campaign funds; they organized machines and reorganized the government of the county by county town by town, legislature after legislature. They nominated their men for office, petty and important; made themselves and their kind governors and United States Senators; they ruled the state. They put the railroad above the state. With the fat profit of their state-granted privileges, they so corrupted the state that the government represented, not the people of New Jersey, but its railroad. It was a national scandal. New Jersey became known as the state of Camden and Amboy, and that is what she was; and as such she was execrated and ridiculed throughout the Union. The railroad monopoly charged excessive rates, but it was a monopoly; there was no way around it.

The period that followed down to 1873 was one of the most disgraceful in the history of the commercial corruption of American politics. The United States was growing, business was increasing, and the traffic had to get over "the highway of the continent." Other roads had to come and they did come. The promoters of these

also were great captains of industry, and they went to Trenton to fill their pockets full of bribe money. Ask an aged Jersey grafter for the traditions of the time, and he will give you an expression of greedy contemplation will come over his face. "Those were the days!" Bribes were taken from both sides, but the people of the state stood by the monopoly because it was not a "foreign company," as they said.

What "particular interest" had the state in the Camden & Amboy? Indignant public opinion in the nation asked, and the newspapers found out. In lieu of all taxes, the Camden & Amboy railroad had arranged with the Camden and Amboy legislature, in its charter, that the state was to collect so much a head on passengers and so much a ton on freight carried across the state on the road. In other words, besides the onerous charges for transportation, the railroad was to collect what was called a "transit duty" for the state. It was this discovery that finally enraged the national mind and brought down upon Jersey the cold charge of treason referred to above.

In spite of the loyalty of the state to their own railway corporation the loyalty was not reciprocal. In 1871 the Camden & Amboy was leased to the Pennsylvania railroad, a "foreign corporation." Like the other Island captains of industry and politics, those of New Jersey financed their political power and sold it—sacred charters, rights, privileges, property, exemptions and all—to Pennsylvania capital.

New Jersey dumfounded, turned to rend the now "foreign" monopoly. A fight began in which the corporation was, of course, victorious. They did not buy the government, they became the government. They won the next election, they rendered the state to districts, and by this means controlled the state for some time. Later, they were defeated at the polls but they won even when defeated. They had to govern, and they governed. They did it. If the legislature were not the governor was. By combining their forces, the railroads controlled both parties in the legislature, and by this means obtained special privileges and exemptions. To so great an extent that it was stated that more than one-fourth of the property of the state was exempt from taxation, the contributions from which should have been at least two million dollars annually.

In order to catch the prohibition vote the Republican party introduced a high license and local option bill, which, with the help of the clergy and "good people" of the state, was pushed through. "Good" was commonly made to mean "Protestant," and the people wonder why. They may see now. Before this local option law was passed, the liquor interests had not been very active in politics. Now they went into it with a vim. They joined the Democratic party and soon they were the government. The railroads did not object because the liquor element made business. Race tracks were opened near New York and Philadelphia and the whole state was wide open. Vice reigned. In order to get rid of the stench the people turned to the Republican party, that was to the railroads and big graft. They were the devil and the deep sea. When the railroads were put in power they had to drive out the race tracks but the liquor men were prosperous and are yet. The railways rule and there is pretty good government. There is graft, of course, plenty of it; for the most part, however, corruption is orderly, respectable, dignified, "business." The people to some extent share in the plunder of the other states so that they have no burdens, but the government is not representative except that it represents the railroads, any more than the government of Russia is representative.

SOURCE OF A KIPLING TITLE.

New York World.

A reader of the Academy has lighted upon the source of the title of one of Kipling's most successful books, "Captains Courageous." The title will be found in the opening stanza of the sixteenth century song celebrating Mary Ambree, the Amazonian heroine of the stage of Ghent in 1580:

"When captains courageous whom death could not vanquish, and they did march to the siege of the city of Gaunt, They mustered their soldiers by two and by three, And the foremost in battle was Mary Ambree."

PROMPT PAYMENTS OF ACCOUNTS

A Missouri paper thinks merchants should be more prompt in presenting their accounts. A druggist of that place recently brought a young man in the town a bill two years old, and the first part of the bill was a charge for a box of chocolates, and on the other end was a charge for one nursing-bottle. How time does fly!

R. D. Evans, of Brandon, Manitoba, Has Discovered A SURE CURE FOR CANCER

SEE TESTIMONIALS

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 21, 1903.

To Mr. R. D. Evans, Brandon, Manitoba.

Dear Sir,—In reply to yours of the 15th inst., re testimony of my wife.

My wife was operated on in St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, B. C., five doctors being present at the operation. The doctors having opened her, found her stomach a mass of cancerous growth and could not do a thing for her. I having questioned them why they did not try to cut it out, they said they would have taken her life immediately; they said they did not know how long she would last. Having heard of your remedy I got her home as quickly as possible, and as soon as possible started applying Plaster on the head.

No one could possibly get lower than my wife was and live, as we watched for days and hours expecting the last. Today my wife is positively cured, that is the words the doctor used as he has kept coming, examining her. He says either Divine interference or the Plasters has cured her and he don't doubt but what it is the Plasters. My wife is the talk of the town, being looked on as a wonder. I am thoroughly convinced the Plasters cured her. I can give you date and address of the nurse and doctor should you wish it. As full details would fill a small book, any other information I will be pleased to forward should you wish it.

I am yours very truly,
JAMES PARFITT,
102 North Chatham St., Victoria, B.C.
Canada.

Madford, P.O., Man.,

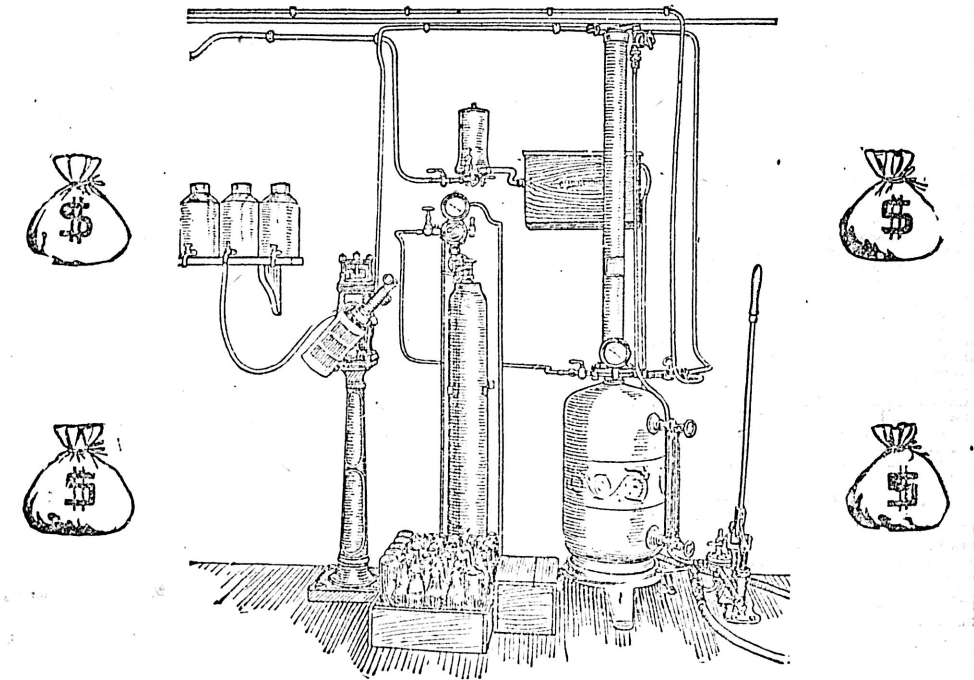
Nov. 20th, 1903.

Dear Mr. Evans,—About the beginning of 1902, I had a sore come on my face under the left eye and it gradually grew worse. I went to Brandon and consulted a doctor, and he told me it was a bad cancer, and that I would have to go to the hospital and have it cut out. However, I came home for a day or two to think about it, and one day my son said to me: "Why don't you try Evan's Plasters?" I came to Brandon and got one of your plasters, put it on the cancer, and it effectively drew out the cancer, and now I am as well as ever.

Use this as you wish.
Yours gratefully,
JAS. B. MITCHELL.

THE CHAMPION MONEY MAKER OUTFIT.

90 Per Cent. Saved On Your Soda Water Purchases



For over fifty years several inventors have been experimenting to get up a system whereby any hotel-keeper or dealer could accomplish the manufacture of his own Ginger Ale, Cream Soda, Plain Soda, Lemon Sour, Mineral Waters, etc., but the great drawback was the cost of this machinery; to-day modern science has found the Champion Money Maker Outfit which embraces all the points necessary to make it a success and at a small investment.

This outfit has only been offered in Montreal since February 1st, 1904, and up to March 8th, 1904, we could furnish 100 names of prominent hotel-keepers in Montreal and vicinity, who have purchased Champion Money Maker Outfits.

If you are skeptical as to the quality of goods you can make with this outfit, drop us a postal card, and we will send you by express samples of either Cream Soda, Cider, Ginger Ale, Mineral waters, etc.

Thomas Burdett, Agent for Canada, 290 St. Paul St., Montreal.

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Developing and Printing

BLUE PRINTING AND ENLARGEMENTS PHOTO SUPPLIES.

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CAMPBELL & GULLIN

FOR

Fine Pipes

AND

Cigars

Phone No. 12.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

EASTER HOLIDAYS

Double train service in effect from Friday, April 21st, until Monday, April 24th, inclusive.

Trains leave Victoria at 9.00 a.m. and 4.00 p.m. EXCURSION RATES available to and from all stations; tickets being good from Friday, April 21st, until Monday, April 24th.

FARE TO SHAWNIGAN LAKE AND RETURN ONLY ONE DOLLAR.

Children under 12 years, Fifty Cents.

GEO. L. COURTNEY

Traffic Manager

THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED



DON'T experiment with other and inferior makes

USE EDDY'S PARLOR MATCHES

OUR BRANDS

"King Edward," 1,000s

"Headlight," 500s

"Eagle," 100s and 200s

"Victoria"

"Little Comet"

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

James Mitchell, Agent, Victoria.

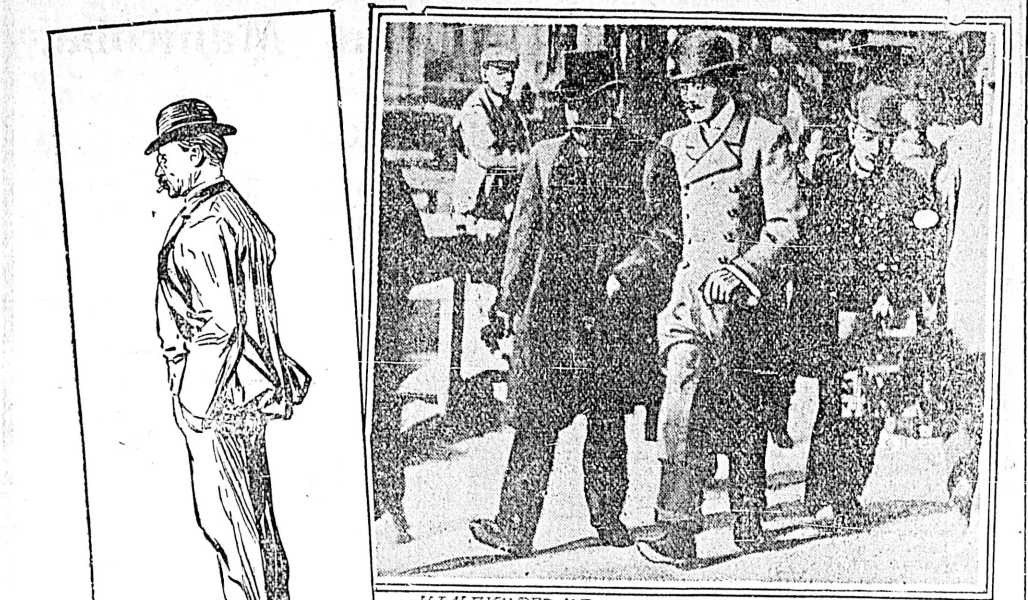
Drunkenness Cured Secretly

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and pamphlet giving full particulars, sent on request, price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence strictly confidential. Enclose stamp for reply. Address—The Samaritan Kennedy Co., 23 Jordan St., Toronto.

Also for sale by Hall & Co., corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society



J. H. ALEXANDER AND A. G. VANDERBILT LEAVING AFTER DIRECTORS MEETING



JAMES H. HYDE ENTERING HIS AUTOMOBILE IN FRONT OF THE EQUITABLE BUILDING

The most astounding, far-reaching financial scandal known to the history of the United States is approaching its climax in the battle for the control of the surplus and assets of the Equitable Life Assurance Society.

It is a scandal which indirectly involves the hundreds of thousands of policy-holders in at least two other life insurance companies whose directorates interlock with that of the Equitable.

It is a scandal in which some of the most conspicuous figures in American finance and business are implicated.

It is a scandal which reaches to the uttermost parts of the stupendous system of organized capital, relating not only to insurance companies, but to banks, trust companies, railroads and industrial undertakings with an aggregate capitalization of hundreds of millions of dollars.

It promises to result in a more amazing revelation of the methods of "high finance" than the populism of the Western prairies ever dreamed of in its wildest and most incoherent phantasy.

And these astounding exposures all revolve around a young man of the town, James H. Hyde, who gives an elaborate dinner to the French ambassador at the expense, it is alleged, of the policy-holders of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, who gives a \$100,000 costume ball at the expense, it is alleged, of the policy-holders of the Equitable, who has personal servants and employees, it is alleged, on the payroll of the Equitable, who, in the face of a temporary challenge to resign as an officer of the society or face exposure, drives jauntily downtown in his private hansom cab, a bunch of violets nodding at the side of the horse's head, another bunch nodding from the coachman's hat, and a third bunch, breathing income from the buttonhole of the young man himself. Dumas' riotous, turbulent imagination never conceived of such a situation.

What the Charges Are.

All the charges in connection with the Equitable divide themselves under three heads. There are the charges against James H. Hyde personally. While the amount of money involved in these is comparatively small, the audacity and the impudence of the scandal are monumental.

Greatest in financial magnitude and of most practical concern to the policy-holders and the public are the charges against the notable financiers in the board of directors that they have embezzled the great surplus and assets of the Equitable for their own financial profit.

There are also the necessarily implied charges against President Alexander and the members of the executive and finance committees and against the superintendent of insurance that they must have known, or should have known, and that many of them confessedly knew, the facts involved; that they all kept silent and that even now their efforts are not for the policy-holders and in the public interest, but for this or the other of the two contending factions.

First—That the cost of his dinner to M. Cambon, the French ambassador, his expenses in Paris and his French ball at Sheraton were charged to and paid out of the Equitable's advertising account.

Second—That he placed on the Equitable payroll his personal employees and servants, who rendered no service to the Equitable for the salaries they received.

Third—That the securities of E. H. Harriman's system of railroads and the Gould railroads were sold to the Equitable Society, although Mr. Harriman and Mr. Gould were members of the board of directors.

Fourth—That by organizing banks and trust companies, the stock of which they own, and by depositing the money of the Equitable Society in these banks and trust companies, individual directors personally profited.

Fifth—That individual directors used the funds of the Equitable Society to secure control of great corporations, which they reorganized, and then sold to the Equitable Society bonds and securities of the reorganization, out of the proceeds of which they paid the initial loans and had for their personal profit the underlying stock and bonds.

Sixth—That these directors were "dummy" and their object in being directors was to use to their own advantage the \$400,000,000 of Equitable assets.

These are men of the type to which American youth are advised to look with emulation. Not only have they fully represented that material skill, invention and enterprise which have made America what it is, but the softer and more gracious aspects of humanitarianism. They are prominent in the administration of colleges, hospitals, asylums. One of them received knighthood from Queen Victoria for eminent services. All the others belong to the untitled aristocracy of commanding talent and high opportunity.

Were ever men of more apparent care, discretion and prudence, all eminent, prominent and successful, entrusted with the management of a great undertaking?

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panies incorporated under the laws of New York which belong to what is known as the insurance trust.

These other companies have no James H. Hyde; but Mr. Hyde has become merely the embodiment of one scandal in a circle of scandals. He is hardly more than the financial instrument.

The policy-holders of the Equitable are entitled to know all the facts about its management. The policy-holders of other companies have a right to know whether the directors are common to the Equitable Society or common to the interlocking directorates.

Nobody connected with the Equitable denies any of the grave accusations. Mr. Hyde does not; Mr. Alexander does not. The directors, some of whom serve

on other insurance boards, deny nothing. At a late hour yesterday afternoon the body forces became less active, sleep failed to bring rest. An ever-increasing tiredness develops into overpowering weakness.

Let the germ of consumption get into the system like this, and it's likely to take root.

This only hope lies in supplying an abundance of new blood which must be rich in nourishment, brimming with vitality and building material.

Where is the company to come from? Easily answered with Ferreroze, which first renovates all the blood in the body and then constructs more blood possessing the very elements needed by a weak system.

Remember this: Ferreroze establishes so high a standard of blood quality, nerve force and bodily vigor that sickness of any kind simply can't creep in. It rebuilds all the worn-out tissues, puts new life into the lungs and absorbs all the danger of consumption or spring fever.

Mrs. E. J. Richardson, of Manitowick,

working together. Recently, however, the two or three union men who have been given steady employment by the company had their ranks augmented by the arrival of eight other union men, who had been sent for by the company in regular course to handle the work in hand. The new arrivals, learning that a non-union man was being employed at once refused to work with him, and so notified the company. The company thereupon discharged all but three—the non-union man and two union men, the latter came out, however, and the company was left with the "unfair" in Victoria. The action of the local union has received the support of the Vancouver and other Coast unions, who will give the Victoria men all the assistance they can. Meanwhile the company is locked out and the hardship involved is considerable, especially to married men with families.

The report of the commissioner who was appointed to investigate the alleged employment of aliens on the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, has just been issued by the Department of Labor, and the following is the conclusion to which Judge Winchester comes to. As the result of the evidence taken before me during the investigation I am of opinion that there was no earnest endeavor made to obtain Canadian engineers for the location of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway by those having authority to employ such, that had such an effort been made there would have been no difficulty in obtaining a sufficient number capable not only of locating but of constructing the whole work. In the word "engineers" I include all those who are engaged in harbor engineering, the transmission, draughtsmen, levellers and topographers. There was, however, a very earnest desire to obtain American engineers for the work, and in some cases applications were made to the heads of other railway companies to relieve them of the purpose of having them brought to Canada to be employed on this road. I have already stated the number of American engineers so employed. I also state from the evidence that the Canadian engineers are not inferior to the American engineers for the work in question, but having a superior knowledge of the country they are better qualified for that work. I also state that the Canadian engineers are not asking for protection for themselves, but merely desire that no discrimination be made against them. That discrimination has been made against them, in my opinion, there is no doubt.

At the regular meeting of the Carpenters' Union, held last week, the matter of having direct labor representation in both the Dominion and Provincial parliaments was discussed. This was taken up on suggestion of Calgary Union, and laid over until next meeting.

It is to be hoped that the Spring Ridge sewerage work will be undertaken without any further delay, as well as other municipal works, and thus give employment to numbers of men who have been idle altogether too long.

W. McKay, secretary of the Victoria Laborers' Protective Union, and who has always been an active worker in labor's cause, and P. J. Riddell, are out to contest the vacant seat in the School Board. Both were candidates at the last election.

"Unfair" in Victoria.

The book of the day, "The Mortgage on the Brain," by Vincent Harper, the local author, at Victoria Book and Stationery Co., Ltd.

The Linemen employed in the city by the B. C. Telephone Co. quit work last Monday, the grievance being that, being members of the Electrical Workers' Union, they could not work with a non-union man. At a meeting held next day the action was ratified. It appears that Victoria has for a long time been the one city on the Coast where the Linemen have not been sufficiently strong numerically to insist upon the Electrical Workers' Union being recognized, and as a consequence, union and non-union men have been

Millions of people, of nine different nations, are constant users of Liquezone. Some are using it to get well; some to keep well. Some to cure germ diseases, some as a tonic. No medicine was ever so widely employed. These users are everywhere; your neighbors and friends are among them. And half the people you meet—wherever you are—know someone whom Liquezone has cured.

We paid \$100,000.00

For the American rights to Liquezone. We did this after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, after proving in thousands of different cases that Liquezone destroys the cause of any germ disease.

Liquezone has for more than twenty years been the subject of scientific and chemical research. It is not made by compounding drugs, nor with alcohol. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—as a germ-declaring agent. The result is a liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is a germicide. We aim that we publish on every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Liquezone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetable matter.

The Saloon Franchise Bill met the fate of several others at the close of the session. This bill had for its object the enabling of masters of coasting vessels to act as returning officers and receive the votes of electors among their crews, when their vessels are absent from port on any election day. A good deal of opposition was encountered and the bill was thrown out.

In San Francisco half of the working women are organized. In Chicago an estimate last year placed the number at one-fourth, or about 35,000.

In the amendment to the Shops Regulation Act, 1906, brought up in the Provincial Legislature, the compulsory clauses to which exception was taken were as follows:

"All classes of shops shall be closed and remain closed after six o'clock in the afternoon on each and every day of the week, except Saturday, and on Saturdays after nine o'clock in the afternoon."

On any day other than Sunday, in each and every week all or any classes of shops shall be closed and remain closed after one o'clock in the afternoon.

"One hour for the noonday meal shall be allowed each day for each and every employee, and one hour for another or evening meal on each and every Saturday, not later than seven o'clock in the afternoon."

Shops shall not be opened on the following days, namely: New Year's Day, Christmas Day, Easter Monday, May Day."

This bill was killed in the shuffle for the cloths—t the House on the 8th inst.

Consumption causes more deaths than any other disease. Pneumonia comes second, bronchitis third and cancer fourth.

France is to import large quantities of salmon spawn to stock the French rivers.

Union plumbers at Fresno, Cal., have established a co-operative shop and are doing well.

An early closing by-law is now in force in Montreal. The nights for closing the stores are Wednesday and Thursday of each week at 7 p. m.

The manufacturers of the city have organized under the designation of the Victoria Branch of the British Columbia Manufacturers' Association, their object being the better protection and development of the manufacturing industry of the city. Sixty-one members, including the leading manufacturers of the city, have already enrolled.

The members of the Victoria Farmers' Institute have under consideration in order to increase their political power, a practical question in which all farmers should be interested.

The National Federation of Teachers is an outgrowth of the Chicago Teachers' Association, which was organized about eight years ago to try to better the condition of the assistant teachers in that city. After many severe fights the Federation came out triumphant, though even now they have a fight on. In order to increase their political power, a practical question in which all farmers should be interested.

Now that the corporation has decided to itself proceed with the work of filling in 13,000 yards of space at the site of the new C. P. R. hotel, no time is to be lost in commencing operations. It is estimated that the work can be done for about 50c. per yard. A contract will be entered into with the tram company for the hauling of the material from the Spring Ridge pits and other points where it may be obtained. The secretary of the Victoria Laborers' Protective Association forwarded a letter to the City Council, urging that the work be done by day labor and that contractors employing Chinese be not encouraged. This is to be done.

On other insurance boards, deny nothing. At a late hour yesterday afternoon the body forces became less active, sleep failed to bring rest. An ever-increasing tiredness develops into overpowering weakness.

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CONSUMPTION FOLLOWS SPRING DEBILITY

The Tubercular Germ Takes Root Very Easily When the System Is Run Down.

In the spring time the vigor and resisting power of the body fall very low. Instead of being rich and nourishing, the blood is thin and watery. As a result, the body forces become less active, sleep fails to bring rest. An ever-increasing tiredness develops into overpowering weakness.

Let the germ of consumption get into the system like this, and it's likely to take root.

This only hope lies in supplying an abundance of new blood which must be rich in nourishment, brimming with vitality and building material.

Where is the company to come from? Easily answered with Ferreroze, which first renovates all the blood in the body and then constructs more blood possessing the very elements needed by a weak system.

Remember this: Ferreroze establishes so high a standard of blood quality, nerve force and bodily vigor that sickness of any kind simply can't creep in. It rebuilds all the worn-out tissues, puts new life into the lungs and absorbs all the danger of consumption or spring fever.

Mrs. E. J. Richardson, of Manitowick,

working together. Recently, however, the two or three union men who have been given steady employment by the company had their ranks augmented by the arrival of eight other union men, who had been sent for by the company in regular course to handle the work in hand. The new arrivals, learning that a non-union man was being employed at once refused to work with him, and so notified the company. The company thereupon discharged all but three—the non-union man and two union men, the latter came out, however, and the company was left with the "unfair" in Victoria. The action of the local union has received the support of the Vancouver and other Coast unions, who will give the Victoria men all the assistance they can. Meanwhile the company is locked out and the hardship involved is considerable, especially to married men with families.

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Ont., tells in the following words how she gained in health and spirits from Ferreroze: "For about two years I was not well. I was thin and anemic. Towards spring I fell into a condition of nervous exhaustion that made life scarcely worth living. A dead tiredness seemed to hang over me like a load of lead. I simply couldn't do housework of any kind. A bad cough developed and worried me greatly, or I thought it might be tubercular. When I first read about Ferreroze I was convinced it was good. I took it regularly for about eight weeks, and the change in my health was wonderful. My cheeks filled out and became clear and rosy. I gained eight pounds in weight and am now as strong and vigorous as possible. (Signed) 'MRS. E. J. RICHARDSON.'"

Ferreroze feeds and nourishes the organs that require assistance. It sends the thrill and vim of robust health from head to foot, makes you feel better at once. Won't you use Ferreroze? Sold everywhere; 50 chocolate-coated tablets in a box for 50c. or six boxes for \$2.50. At all dealers or N. G. Palmer & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

NOTABLES OF EUROPE

For one of the most important collections of Napoleonic relics which have come under the hammer, only 30 guineas was given, at Christie's rooms this week. It covered his who career, starting with a silver statue of the first consul, and ending with a lock of his hair and the death mask taken at St. Helena. There were miniatures of the great Corsican himself, of his son, the ill-fated King of Rome, of Desirée Beaudouin, Marie Louisa, the Empress, medals, crosses of the Legion of Honor, Waterloo relics and a remnant of the flag in which his coffin was wrapped, with splinters of the coffin itself.

The wedding of the Princess Margaret and Prince Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, will be the greatest event of the season. It will, it is understood, take place at the Chapel Royal, St. James', where the Prince and the Princess of Wales were married. The curiously inaccurate statement has been made in many quarters apropos of the engagement of Princess Margaret, that her marriage will be the first example of an alliance between the English Royal house and the Bernadottes, now seated on the throne of Sweden. Prince Charles of Denmark, husband of the King's youngest daughter, is a Bernadotte through his mother, who was the only child of King Charles XV. of Sweden. Under the old regime she would have succeeded to her father's crown, but the Salic law is now in force in Norway and Sweden, as in most European countries.

The Earl of Orford, who is moving from Mannington Hall, his principal Norfolk seat, to Waltham Hall, a smaller place in the same county, is one of the most traveled of English nobles. He has visited Japan, Ceylon, the West Indies, and almost every part of North America; and Lady Orford (born Miss Louise Corbin of New York) is as fond of journeying as her husband. Lord and Lady Orford, among many other things, have gone in for tarpon fishing in Florida, and two huge specimens of the fish, each weighing well over a hundred pounds, are preserved at Mannington.

Florizel van Reuter has been received at Buckingham Palace by Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, who is a friend of the young artist and a great admirer of his artistic abilities. As he was about to depart he was summoned to appear before the Queen, who wished to hear his latest musical poem on the subject of Joan of Arc. Without hesitation the young artist opened the piano and played the composition with the capability of a first rate pianist. His funeral march to a dog, which was performed last autumn by the London Symphony orchestra, was also played by request.

The committee of the proposed modern art gallery in Dublin have acknowledged the generous offer of valuable paintings, a portrait study by Whistler, from Mr. Walter Sickert, and a promise on the part of Mr. Drucker of some pictures from his collection. The Dublin Art and Crafts committee have written to Andrew Carnegie, explaining the need of a suitable building in Dublin for the housing of the pictures, and expressing the hope that he will assist in providing such a building, which would also be a factor in people's concerns and other educational purposes.

There lies the great value of Liquezone. It is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissue, too. Any drugs that kill germs is a poison and it cannot be taken internally. Every physician knows that medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease.

Germ Diseases

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquezone attacks the germs, destroys them, and thus the germ disease which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

50c. Bottle Free

If you need Liquezone and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and you will pay the druggist for it. This is our free gift made to convince you; to show you what Liquezone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON.

For this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to The Liquezone Company, 458-641 Wabash Ave. Chicago.

My disease is _____

I have never tried Liquezone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquezone will be gladly supplied for a test.

Ashma Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anemia Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis La Grippe
Blood Poison Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds Many Heart Troubles
Consumption Piles—Pneumonia
Croup Rheumatism
Constipation Stomach Troubles
Catarrh—Cancer Scrofula—Syphilis
Dysentery—Diarrhea Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas Tuberculosis
Fever—Gall Stones—Tumors—Ulcers
Gout—Gonorrhea Varicella
Gonorrhea—Gleet Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious test.

Real Estate

P. R. Brown Co., Ltd.
30 BROAD STREET.

- FOR SALE**—Fort street, 7-roomed cottage, only \$250 cash; balance \$1,250 on mortgage.
- FOR SALE**—New cottage Douglas street, opposite North Park school; six rooms and all modern conveniences. Easy terms.
- FOR SALE**—Douglas Gardens; the only choice lots on the market. Price and terms on application.
- FOR SALE**—Burns avenue, corner, 7-roomed dwelling, with cellar and attic, also garden with 6 fruit trees in bearing; only \$1,800.
- FOR SALE**—Oak Bay, 3 lots and 8-roomed cottage, nice house, \$2,800.
- FOR SALE**—Four miles from town, 20 acres, of which 12 acres are cultivated, balance light timber, principally oak; orchard of 140 fruit trees in bearing; 5-roomed cottage, brick dairy, large barn, three wells of excellent water; good roads. Price and terms on application.
- FOR SALE**—Pine street, good lot, 55 feet by 135 feet; no rock; assessed value, \$240; our price \$230.
- FOR SALE**—Superior street; 6 roomed bungalow, with basement; modern; fine garden of fruit and flowers.
- FOR SALE**—James Bay, corner lot, with 5-roomed dwelling, only \$1,800.
- FOR SALE**—Pandora street, 10-roomed dwelling, all modern conveniences; \$2,500.
- FOR SALE**—Lake district; 25 acres, 12 acres under cultivation, 13 acres bush; dwelling, barns, etc.—\$2,500. Easy terms of payment. (35011).
- FOR SALE**—1-4 acres under grass; last year's crop of hay sold for \$105; trees \$5 per acre; a good investment at \$1,050.
- FOR SALE**—Water lot and dwelling, near the new C. P. R. wharf, James Bay; price and terms on application.
- FOR SALE**—Fort street, near Linden avenue, 10-roomed dwelling, double front lot; well situated for private boarding house.
- FOR SALE**—Esquimalt road, with frontage on beach, 1/2 acre and 8-roomed house, \$2,500; terms.
- FOR SALE**—Pandora street, lot 60x120, 6-roomed cottage; only \$1,400.
- FOR SALE**—240 acres, Lake District, excellent fruit soil, plenty of water; only \$6,000.
- FOR SALE**—Yates street, between Vancouver and Cook streets, 4-roomed cottage, and stable, \$1,500.
- FOR SALE**—Burnside road, five minutes' walk from Douglas street car line, one acre and five-roomed house, \$1,200.
- FOR SALE**—Oak Bay avenue, 5-roomed cottage and five lots.
- FOR SALE**—Saatchi District, 20 acres, all under cultivation, small dwelling, barn, stable, etc. \$2,700. Terms.
- JUST ISSUED**—Revised list of farms for sale in all parts of the province; call or write for one.

E. A. Harris & Co.

- 35 Fort Street.
- \$275—50x130, Milne street.
- \$125—2 1/2 lots, Battery street.
- \$600—Lot, Dallas road.
- \$400—Lot 50x110, South Turner street.
- \$680—Lot, 60x120, Kingston street.
- \$130—Lot, 50x118, Amphion street.
- \$425—Lot, 60x120, Henry, near Esquimalt road.
- \$400—5 room cottage, 45x103 lot; easy terms.
- \$1,500—6 room cottage; sewer connection, electric light. \$300 cash, \$20 monthly. 62 Yates street.
- \$1,000—5 room cottage, Pandora, corner lot.
- \$3,200—7 room house, modern improvements, Simcoe street.
- \$2,400—6 room house, 50x120 lot, Pandora. Very easy terms.

MONEY TO LOAN.

A. W. Bridgman

- Phone No. 80.
41 Government St. Established 1858
- SIX EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS** on Yates and Johnson, above Cook; assessed \$4,450; to be sacrificed at \$2,500.
- PROSPECT LAKE**—64 acres; extensive water front; cottage; stable; bathhouse; large alder bottom—\$300 per acre; very easy terms.
- NEAR ELK LAKE**—100 acres; living stream; easily cleared—\$200 per acre; terms. m15
- VIEW STREET**, above Vancouver; front sized lot, deep loan; to close an estate; no reasonable offer refused.
- SWAN LAKE**—6 acres, all fenced, part cultivated; black loam; living stream—\$1,000.
- GLANFORD AVENUE**—Ten acres in cultivation—\$1,000.
- KINGSTON ST.**—Seven roomed house; large lot; modern conveniences; stable—\$2,200.
- VICTORIA WEST**—Six roomed house; cost \$500, for \$450 cash.
- SUPERIOR STREET**—Pretty, modern bungalow, with large lot, \$4,200.
- ROYAL OAK**—241 acres, 15 in cultivation, 4 1/2 in bearing orchard; comfortable house; outbuildings; living stream; beautiful situation. Price on application.
- FORT SIMPSON**—Lots in first addition to Hudson's Bay Co.'s townsite—\$150 in side; \$175 corners.
- FOR RENT**—Thirty houses in various parts of city—
- GOVERNMENT STREET**—Suite of offices; excellent position for dentist or lawyer.
- MONEY TO LOAN**—FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

J. H. Whitome

- DUNCANS, V. I.
Real Estate, Insurance, and Financial Agt.
- Farms in the Cowichan District from \$1,000 to \$10,000.
- 100 ACRES—70 acres improved buildings; close to railway\$6,600
- 130 ACRES—On river, 35 acres improved; buildings\$4,400
- 50 ACRES—20 acres improved; new buildings\$2,300
- UNIMPROVED LANDS, residential sites, on Quamichan Lake.
- LOTS, Duncans townsite, from \$100 up.

Pemberton & Son

- TEL. 78. 45 FORT ST.
- FOR SALE**—8 roomed house and buildings, 8 acres of very good land; a great deal of fruit; hay land; 1/4 mile from the sea; 7 miles from Victoria. Any quantity of outside pasturage; good supply of water.
- FOR SALE**—5 room cottage and buildings; 4 acres, all fenced and cultivated; 60 bearing fruit trees; 4 miles from Victoria. More land if wished.
- FOR SALE**—13 acres, some cultivated, some slash, burnt off, and seeded down; lumber cottage; nice position for a residence; fine sea view; easy reach of Victoria—\$900.
- FOR SALE**—Galliano Island, 100 acres; 10 acres cultivated; 150 acres in full bearing (pays 5 per cent. on \$2,000); 30 acres slashed, fenced—\$2,500.
- FOR SALE**—5 room cottage; outbuildings, and two acres planted; just beyond city limits; low taxes—\$2,500.
- FOR RENT**—6 room cottage; furnished; nice sea view, close to Dallas road.
- FOR RENT**—Two storey house, Richardson street; all conveniences—\$16.00.
- FOR RENT**—New residence, School street; 10 rooms; every modern convenience; 2 lots—\$35.00.
- FOR RENT**—Cottage and one acre, Esquimalt road—\$25.00.
- FOR RENT**—Corner Stanley avenue and Fort street; 2 storey residence—\$30.00.

B.C. Land & Investment Agency Ltd.

- 40 GOVERNMENT STREET.
- ROOMS TO LET**—Unfurnished rooms in Five Sisters' Block (heated), \$5 per month, upwards.
- BUSINESS PROPERTY**—\$5,500 will buy a lot 65x14, very central and just off Government street, with improvements.
- TO RENT**—Flat of 16 rooms; centrally located; moderate rent. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.
- \$2,200**—6 roomed house, with attic, modern in every respect; lot 50x133.
- TO RENT**—Victoria Arm—Commodious dwelling on water front, with well kept grounds (1/2 acre); immediate possession; moderate rent.
- 10 ACRES**—6 room cottage, barn and outbuildings; 9 miles from city.
- FOR SALE**—50 acres water frontage on Cordova Bay—\$50 per acre.
- FOR SALE**—Acreage, 320 acres, Highland district—\$2 per acre; will pay for itself in cordoned alone.
- 25 ACRES**—4 miles from Victoria, 15 acres under cultivation, balance slash and seeded; 5 roomed house, barn, etc.—\$4,000.
- \$1,000**—Four roomed modern cottage, in A1 order; large cellar; corner lot 45x135; stable, etc.
- GORGE ROAD**—Handsome residence on water front, with acreage. Apply for particulars.
- \$1,000**—Six roomed house on car line, James Bay; sewer connections, etc.
- \$1,500**—Third street, 5 roomed cottage and lot 50x133 with sewer connections, stable, front and back entrance.
- \$1,600**—Six roomed cottage, Cadboro Bay road; lot 72x120.
- \$2,000**—House and 2 lots, on Bay street (corner); very easy terms.
- \$425**—One acre in north end of city, all cleared and under cultivation.
- LOTS** in Fairchild Estate, \$100 each; \$10 cash, \$90 per month, interest 4 per cent. only.
- ONTARIO ST.**—Full sized lots, \$400 each; very easy terms.
- \$250**—Lots 50x153, on Garbally road, corner Gorge road; easy terms.
- SIMCOE ST.**—Lot 60x240; no rock; only \$300.
- FOR SALE**—Oak Bay avenue, half acre just outside city limits—only \$700.
- SAANICH DISTRICT**—20 acres, all under cultivation; small house, barn and outbuildings; running spring of water—\$2,700.
- WAR SCRIP**—South African war scrip for sale.
- HOTEL**—Over 40 rooms, bar, etc., furnished as a going concern—\$1,500.
- OAK BAY DISTRICT**—1/250—5 roomed cottage, bath room, pantry, hot and cold water, electric light, outhouses.
- HARRISON ST.**—1,850—6 roomed cottage, bath, hot and cold water, etc.
- JAMES BAY**—\$1,800—5 roomed 1 1/2 storey dwelling, all modern conveniences, good street; handy to car.
- NORTH END**—\$1,800—5 roomed cottage, brick and stone foundation, bath, pantry, electric light, hot and cold water.
- FARMS FOR SALE**—Ask for printed list.
- \$200 WILL BUY** a good lot, 50x152; front and back entrance; Gorge and Garbally roads.
- YATES ST.**—Modern 1 1/2 storey 8 roomed dwelling, electric light, sewer and bath—only \$2,100.
- FIRE INSURANCE** (Phoenix of London). MONEY TO LOAN.

W. H. Finlayson

- 76 GOVERNMENT STREET.
- LOTS IN FINLAYSON'S FIELD**—Terms.
- TWO HOUSES**—4 rooms each and out-houses; sewer; in good locality; always rented and in splendid order—\$1,500.
- SOME OF THE BEST FARMS ON THE ISLAND**
- MENZIES ST.**—8 rooms; modern; in splendid order; garden—\$3,150.
- ESQUIMALT ROAD**—9 rooms; garden—\$2,500.

The Stuart Robertson Co., Ltd.

- 30 Broad Street
- SUPERIOR ST.**—8 roomed house, with all modern conveniences, and 1 lot—only \$3,200.00.
- NORTH PEMBROKE ST.**—8 room house and 1/2 lots—a good buy at \$1,225.
- MENZIES ST.**—7 room house, modern—only \$2,000.00.
- FIRST ST.**—8 room cottage, everything modern—price \$2,200; \$200 cash, balance on mortgage.
- CADBORO BAY RD.**—7 room house and 2 lots—\$2,300.
- DUNCANS, V. I.**—7 roomed house and lot—\$700.

A. Williams & Co., Ltd

- 104 YATES STREET.
- FOR SALE**—140 acres, partly improved; \$1,500.
- FOR SALE**—50 acres, small orchard; \$1,250.
- FOR SALE**—5 1/2 acres good land, all cleared and fenced (close in); \$850.
- FOR SALE**—13 acres, 5 cleared, with stock, good buildings, etc.; \$3,000.
- FOR SALE**—House, 6 rooms, in good order, with bath—\$700.
- J. A. Douglas**
Real Estate Office. 20 Bastion Street.
- FOR RENT.**
- THREE WELL LOCATED ROOMS** TO LET on Government street, suitable for offices or apartments.
- FOR RENT**—Office, 73 1/2 Government street, suitable for stenographer, typewriter, etc.; \$4 per month.
- Now is your time to buy city lots at bargain prices. A few splendid frontage lots for sale, size 50x120, price \$250; back lots, size 50x120, \$200 per lot. Worth your while if you are thinking of buying lots to see these bargains. Splendid location on the Fairchild Estate. For full particulars apply to
- JAMES A. DOUGLAS.**
Real Estate Office. 20 Bastion Street.

J. Stuart Yates

- 22 BASTION STREET.
- FINE BUILDING LOTS**, fronting new City Park, on Gorge Road.
- GOOD ACREAGE** property along Burnside road, and also above Gorge bridge; excellent for fruit growing.
- VALUABLE CITY LOTS** on Yates street and Wharf street, yielding good return as an investment.
- ALSO TWO CITY WATER LOTS** at foot of Yates street, with 100 feet wharf and large warehouses.
- TWENTY-THREE ACRES** in Esquimalt district, fronting on Royal Road.
- SEVENTY-NINE ACRES** fronting on Sooke Harbor.
- EXCELLENT BUILDING LOTS** in Esquimalt town.
- Heisterman & Co.**
- FOR SALE**—Two and one-half acres, with nice cottage; orchard; poultry yards, etc.; close to town—\$1,100. Heisterman & Co.
- FOR SALE**—Fine 60x120 lot; good neighborhood, off Cook street—\$500. Heisterman & Co.
- FOR SALE**—Lots in Work Estate, from \$15 upwards; \$10 cash and \$5 a month. Heisterman & Co.
- FOR SALE**—We offer for sale to close an estate, a good seven roomed house, with full sized lot, near Parliament Buildings, James Bay; all modern conveniences—price \$2,400. Heisterman & Co.

Grant & Conyers

- No. 2 View St. Opposite Main Entrance Drifted Hotel.
- BEAUTIFULLY SITUATED MODERN COTTAGE**—Close to the High school, with six rooms, bath, pantry, hot and cold water, electric light, sewer, etc. Will be sacrificed at \$2,200.
- HANDSOME MODERN RESIDENCE ON STANLEY AVE.**—With bath, hot and cold water, electric light fixtures, sewer, basement, etc. We are offering this beautiful house, and as it is newly built, it is one of the cheapest buys offering in the East End today. Call and get particulars at our office.
- CHOICE BUILDING SITES IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.**
- DO YOU WANT TO BUY REAL ESTATE?** If so, it will pay you to call and consult us. We have on our lists the best buys in either homes or sites in the city today, and can loan you money and arrange easy terms of purchase. Always pleased to give any information.

Beaumont Boggs,

- Real Estate & Insurance Agent, 42 Fort St
- FOR SALE**—A choice farm of 156 acres, of which there is about 60 acres cleared. Price only \$2,500.
- FOR SALE**—10 acres, with water frontage on Victoria Arm; good land. Price \$150 per acre.
- FOR SALE**—5 acre blocks of fruit land in "North Dairy," "Strawberry Vale," "Cedarvale" and "Cadboro Bay Park" subdivisions. Prices from \$25 to \$150 per acre.
- FOR SALE**—3 choice lots on Esquimalt road, corner of Dalton street; all good soil—very cheap.
- New issue of "Home and Farm" list just out. Send for Free Copy.

Handy Telephone Calls

- CABINET MAKERS**
- CARRUTHERS, DICKSON & HOWES**, Cabinet Makers and Joiners, 131 Johnson street.
- MESSANGER**
- MESSANGER OFFICE** 409
22 Prount Avenue.
- PLUMBERS**
- A. SHIBERT** 629
PLUMBING AND HEATING
102 FORT STREET.
- PLUMBING**
- JOHN COLBERT**, Plumbing, Heating and Sheet Metal Works, 4 Broad Street.
- REAL ESTATE**
- P. B. BROWN LTD.** 1076
30 Broad St.
For a Dwelling, Furnished or Unfurnished.
- CARPET CLEANING**
- Carpet Cleaning, Sewing and Laying, J. F. SHARP, 83 Douglas street, Reid's Tea Store, Clarence Block. Prices Reasonable.
- NOTICE.**
- IN THE MATTER OF THE Estate of John Yates, deceased.
- NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act," that all creditors of the estate of the said deceased are required on or before the 22nd April, 1905, to send particulars of their claims duly verified to the undersigned, solicitors for the said estate, or to the said estate, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.
- Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 21st March, 1905.
- DRAKE, JACKSON & HILMCKEN,**
20 Bastion Street, Victoria, B. C., Solicitors for the Executor. m22

POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK.

- WANTED**—Horse about 900 or 1,000 lbs. State price, and where seen. Address Box 352 Colonist. ap15
- FOR SALE**—Farm horse, weighing about 1,300 lbs., can be seen at corner of Fourth street and Topaz avenue. ap12
- FOR SALE**—Gentle driving mare. Apply 94 Superior street. ap12
- EGGS FOR SETTING**—It is stated by all who have seen my Barred Rocks they are the finest flock they have seen in this part—price 50c. per dozen, John C. Mollet, South Salt Spring P. O., B. C. ap11
- FOR SALE**—Heavy draught horse for sale. Apply at B. C. Soap Works. ap9
- FOR SALE**—Eggs from hens guaranteed to lay not less than 200 eggs each per year; White, Brown, Black Lechors, White, Buff, Barred Rocks, \$1.00 per setting. Mrs. Edith Stewart, Chemainus. All prices birds, or bred from such, paid.
- ADARE POULTRY FARM**—Wm. Baylis, Ross Bay, Fairchild Road, Victoria, B. C. Choice eggs for setting, from pure bred and vigorous stock. Barred Plymouth Rocks, from first prize birds; S. C. Black Minorcas; S. C. Brown Lechors; Toniohens; game, Polish ducks. All eggs tested before shipping and warranted from choice matings. Orders taken at Brown & Cooper's, Government street, or by mail order to P. O. Box 580, Victoria, B. C. ap7
- MAYWOOD POULTRY YARDS**—Light Chequins and B. P. Rocks, \$1.50 per pair. Also apply to J. H. Hughes, Maywood P. O., or Speed Bros., Fort street. ap2
- FOR SALE**—An extra good family cow; big milkier; very quiet; part Jersey; fresh calved; young third calf. Apply 31 South Turner street, James Bay. ap2
- EGGS FOR HATCHING**—Plymouth Barred Rocks, \$1.50 set 13; \$8 per 100. Apply "Goepel," P. O. Victoria. m29
- SILVER GREY DORKINGS**—Cocks, \$5; hens, \$3; 15 eggs, \$2; 100 eggs, \$10—all prizes Naamanshire, fair third pullet. D. W. Maloney, Chemainus, B. C. m12

WANTED—FEMALE HELP

- WANTED**—Lady help or nursery governess. 1140 Melville street, Vancouver. B. C.
- WANTED**—An experienced general maid. Apply Mrs. W. H. Finlayson, 16 Montrose street.
- WANTED**—Experienced nursemaid; infant four months; kind, considerate home. Apply 60 Rae street.
- WANTED**—Two reliable sewing maids; children's garments. 60 Rae street, ap12
- WANTED**—Two reliable general maids; plain cooking, light housework. 60 Rae street.
- WANTED**—An apprentice for art needle work and fancy goods store. Apply 60 Rae street.
- WANTED**—Female teacher for Shuswap Falls school; apply to F. Finlayson, Secy., Lumby, B. C. ap4

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

- WANTED**—A lady desires a position as companion help in the country. 60 Rae street.
- WANTED**—A reliable, experienced nurse desires position with an invalid; long experience. 60 Rae street.
- ADVERTISEMENTS** under this heading will be inserted at a special rate of one-half cent per word, with six insertions for the price of four.
- WANTED**—By middle aged woman, position as working housekeeper; good cook; good references. Address Box 328 Colonist office.
- WANTED**—Two reliable housekeepers want positions; good cooking and entire supervision of home. Apply 60 Rae street.
- WANTED**—Position as housemaid by young English woman. Address Box 315 this office.
- YOUNG WOMAN** wants a place as general servant, or will take cleaning by the day. Box 290 Colonist.
- EXPERIENCED LADY STENOGRAPHER** desires position. Apply Box 300 Colonist office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

- MEN WANTED**—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, take up showcards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary \$300 per year, or \$15 per month and expenses \$2.50 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont.
- WANTED**—First class cook and vest maker, at once. Croft & Toombs, 25 Broad street.
- WANTED**—Man to travel British Columbia; experience not necessary; stamp reply. Box 340, Colonist.
- WANTED**—Well educated boy for good business office. Write personally, stating age and requirements in full. Address Box 325 Colonist office.
- WANTED**—An experienced newspaper canvasser for subscription work. Apply in writing Box 324 Colonist office.
- MEN WANTED**—Reliable men in every locality throughout Canada to advertise our goods, take up showcards on trees, fences, along roads and all conspicuous places; also distributing small advertising matter. Salary \$300 per year, or \$15 per month and expenses \$2.50 per day. Steady employment to good, reliable men. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. Empire Medicine Co., London, Ont.
- SALESMAN**—Publishing for Victoria; permanent position. Box 311 Colonist.
- WANTED**—A chore boy to work under a white man on Pier Island. Apply "C. P. W." Pier Island, near Sidney.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

- WANTED**—Reliable, educated man desires employment at desk and general commercial correspondence. "P." care of P. O. Box 158, Victoria. ap15
- WANTED**—Young man wants position, grocery, provision or warehouse work. Box 340 this office.
- ADVERTISEMENTS** under this heading will be inserted at a special rate of one-half cent per word, with six insertions for the price of four.
- ENGLISHMAN**, well educated, with first class references, desires employment as secretary, tutor, companion, or office assistant, or in any similar capacity. Apply Box 337 Colonist.
- POSITION WANTED**—By good general work worker. Address Box 314 this office.
- TO RENT—RESIDENCES.**
- FOR RENT**—6 roomed house 212 Cook street, near Frederick street; good condition; rent moderate. Apply on premises. ap15
- TO LET**—Upper Pandora street, corner of George street, 9-room house, all modern conveniences, \$20 per month. Apply to Mrs. Sophia Rudin, next door. ap1
- TO RENT**—Furnished, "Glen" and "Devon" cottages, opposite St. Paul's church, Esquimalt road. Apply John Day, Tel. 140. m10
- TO LET**—One of the nice cottages on Yates street; particulars at 247 Yates.
- A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE** on Pandora avenue, six rooms and bathroom; full sized lot, with stable; \$17 per month. Apply A. W. Bridgman.
- TO LET**—Furnished or unfurnished, a number of desirable residences. Apply P. C. Land & Investment Agency, 477 1/2, Limit "40 Government street.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES.

- FOR SALE**—Easy terms, new 8 room house, all modern improvements; fruit and ornamental trees; tennis lawn; one, two or three lots. D. H. Bale, Leighton road. ap11
- FOR SALE**—Five roomed cottage; well located, with lot 60x100, for \$800; only open at this price for few days. Lee & Fraser, Truncheon avenue. m12
- FOR SALE—TIMBER LIMITS**
- LARGE TRACTS** of timber land, both crown granted and leasehold, cedar, spruce, fir and other woods. Apply to P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street.
- FOR SALE**—300 acres of first-class fir, on Cowichan Lake, averaging 50,000 feet per acre; conveniently located and can be logged very cheaply. Crown granted. Apply P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street.

LOST.

- LOST**—A pair of black silk mittens. Finder will be rewarded on returning to Colonist office.
- LOST**—On Wednesday, 12th inst., small silver watch, between Rockland avenue and Oak Bay Junction. Please leave Colonist office.
- LOST**—Belt pin; oxidized, flower-shaped, black ribbon. Finder very kindly return to Box 323 Colonist. Reward. m5
- LOST**—Small gold chain and oval stick pin and turquoise and diamond pin. Finder rewarded by returning to Campbell & Cullins.

FOUND

- FOUND**—A gold sleeve button, with monogram. Apply at this office.
- FOR SALE—BOATS, ETC.**
- FOR SALE**—Gasoline launch, about 18 feet, 2 1/2 h. p. Launch, Box 343, Colonist office.
- FOR SALE**—At Cowichan Lake, steamer "Walbran," length feet 27.5; breadth feet 6.8; in fair condition. Price \$250. Address S. A. Wood, Duncan. ap6
- FOR SALE OR CHARTER**—Two new boats for cannery work, 90-ft. and 65-ft.; thoroughly modern, finely equipped. "Charter," P. O. Box 801 Tacoma. m24
- FOR SALE**—Columbia river fishing boat in good condition. For particulars, address Box 330 this office.

WANTED—FARMS.

- WANTED**—Any persons desiring to dispose of land, suitable for sheep farming, timber lands, fruit and other farms lands, in large or small areas, will do well by communicating with Box 122 this office.
- BUSINESS CHANCES.**
- FOR SALE**—As a going concern—Good will and furniture of a large first-class private boarding and lodging house, doing a thriving business; seat of furniture. Cheap. For full particulars apply to P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.
- ENTERTAINMENTS.**
- PRIMROSE DANCE**—Companions of the Forest will hold their 11th annual Primrose dance at the A. O. U. W. hall, on Tuesday, 18th, Gentlemen 50c., ladies 25c. Refreshments.
- BUSINESS PROPERTY.**
- \$5,500** will buy a large lot (65 feet frontage) in the heart of the city, just off Government street. Apply P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government street.

TO RENT—ROOM AND BOARD.

- TO LET**—Furnished housekeeping rooms. 60 Fort street.
- TO RENT**—Accommodation in private house for gentlemen and wife; large bedroom, handsomely furnished drawing room, piano, modern conveniences, phone; close in. Apply Box 347 Colonist office.
- TO RENT**—Large sunny apartments; completely furnished for housekeeping; in-landscaped lights, gas stoves, bath, hot water, telephone; a quiet, pleasant home. 98 Yates street.
- BOARDING HOUSES**
- FURNISHED ROOMS**—First class table; well recommended; fine brick house, and grounds. 227 Johnson, corner Vancouver.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND.

- FOR SALE**—SECOND HAND—Olds automobile, in perfect order, a snap—\$350. Thos. Plimley, Central Cycle Depot, opposite Post Office.
- FOR SALE**—Second-hand Brunswick Rialto, 4000 lbs. safe. Apply W. G. Stevenson, Savoy Theatre. m28
- FOR SALE**—Gent's bicycle, 21-inch frame, in good condition. Cheap for cash. Address Box 339 this office.
- FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS**
- FOR SALE**—Household furniture in good condition, to be sold before the 25th instant. For particulars apply 60 Esplanade.
- FOR SALE**—The best cues, chalk, balls, etc.; genuine "Simmons" cloth; many new and slightly used tables always in stock. Catalogue free. Brunswick Rialto, 4000 lbs. safe. Apply W. G. Stevenson, Savoy Theatre. m28
- FOR SALE**—New plant, cheap. Apply 47 King's road.
- FOR SALE**—Eighteen early cabbage plants, never run to seed, 50c. per 100, 80c. per 200, \$1.00 per 300, delivered in city. Mount Tomlin Nursery.
- FOR SALE**—Slab wood, lemon, Gonsalon & Co., Orchard and Government streets. Telephone 77.

FOR SALE—MACHINERY.

- STEAM THRESHING** FOR SALE—1 Water, 12 horse power, portable engine; 1 Advance, 28 inch cylinder, 48 inch separator. Apply to James Todd, Mt. Tomlin P. O., Victoria, B. C.
- FOR SALE**—All kinds of sewing machines; also good office desk—cheap. J. W. Gonsalon, 185 Douglas street.
- MISCELLANEOUS.**
- FOR EXCHANGE**—For Victoria property, city or suburban, 5 houses in Tacoma, income \$54.00 monthly. Modern improvements. "P. R." 3018 East D St., Tacoma, Wash.
- THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY**—60 R. M. street. Business hours, 10:30 to 2 p. m. J. Devereux.
- VICTORIA PORTABLE HOUSE CO.**—Portable buildings, suitable for all climates. Office 51 Wharf street, Victoria. m22
- TO PLACE MINE OWNERS** interested in saving four gold advertisers would work a claim to B. C. Land & Investment Agency, apply Box 102 Colonist.
- CHOICE OIL PAINTING** also something new in Christmas cards, hand painted and lettered. On sale Smith & Co., 42 Fort street, Five Sisters' Block.
- ADVERTISING WORLD**, Columbus, Ohio, a monthly journal of information; plans, suggestions and ideas for advertising. Send today for free sample, of 10c. for four months' trial.
- PARTIES WANTING THOROUGH TRAINING** in surveying and civil engineering, apply to P. C. Land & Investment Agency, 477 1/2, Limit "40 Government street.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES.

- FOR SALE**—Easy terms, new 8 room house, all modern improvements; fruit and ornamental trees; tennis lawn; one, two or three lots. D. H. Bale, Leighton road. ap11
- FOR SALE**—Five roomed cottage; well located, with lot 60x100, for \$800; only open at this price for few days. Lee & Fraser, Truncheon avenue. m12
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- LARGE TRACTS** of timber land, both crown granted and leasehold, cedar, spruce, fir and other woods. Apply to P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street.
- FOR SALE**—300 acres of first-class fir, on Cowichan Lake, averaging 50,000 feet per acre; conveniently located and can be logged very cheaply. Crown granted. Apply P. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

- ARCHITECTS.**
- HOOPER & WATKINS, Architects**—Rooms 9 and 11, Five Sisters' Block, Victoria, B. C.
- AUCTIONEERS.**
- W. JONES**, Dominion Government Auctioneer, Established 1858. 1848 room corner Broad and Pandora streets. Auctioneers conducted personally.
- BOOKBINDING**
- THE COLONIST** has the best equipped bookbinding in the province; the result is equal in proportion.
- BOATBUILDERS.**
- A. HARRIS**—Yacht, Launch, Boat and Canoe Builder, repairs, etc. 65 Work Street, Rock Bay.
- BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.**
- C. A. McGRIGOR**, carpenter and joiner, 95 Yates street. Terms moderate. m23
- BLACKSMITHS, ETC.**
- LEDINGHAM & CHRISTIE**—Blacksmiths and Carriage Builders. Cormorant street, Victoria, B. C.
- BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR**
- THOMAS CATERALL**—10 Broad street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 820.
- COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS.**
- VICTORIA COFFEE & SPICE MILLS**—Office and mills, 148 Government street. A. J. Merley, proprietor.
- CHIMNEY CLEANING**
- CHIMNEYS, STOVEPIPES CLEANED**—25c up; no mess or humbug. 4 Broughton street.
- CLOTHES CLEANING.**
- LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES** cleaned, pressed, altered, repaired. Gents' suits from \$1.50, ladies' suits from 80c. Mrs. B. Lash, 104 View street, near Quadra.
- DYE WORKS**
- C. B. STEAM DYE WORKS**, 141 Yates street. Largest dyeing and cleansing establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 200

The Astor Fortune

How the German Fur Dealer's Money Grew in Spite of the Owner—\$450,000,000 in Real Estate.

(Written for the Sunday Colonist.)

Three million dollars a year at the least is said to be the income of John Jacob Astor, of Fifth Avenue, New York, and twice that amount, if not three times, is sent annually from New York to England to William Waldorf Astor, head of the family of that name. Almost the whole of this immense income is derived from real estate, which has been gradually accumulated for the last hundred years by four generations of the same family. It is largely the unearned increment caused by the rapid growth of a great city.

The founder of this estate, Johann Jacob Astor, was the ragged son of an idle German butcher, who came to America in the steerage one hundred and twenty years ago. According to his great grandson, he was descended from one Jean Jacques D'Astorga, a Spanish grandee of the will century. Soon after his arrival in New York, however, he was a delivery boy for a German baker. "Jacob was nothing but a little pakey boy," once remarked his sister, Mrs. Schirmer, "and sold bread and cake." With the main facts of his life most people are familiar; how he made solitary trips through the unfrequented forests of New York state; how he bartered gold, beads and firearms with the Indians for furs; how he sent these to China in his own ships, bringing back cargoes of tea.

About this time he made the discovery that has proved so profitable—that America was to be a great and populous country, and that New York was to be its greatest city. How best could he turn this sufficiently obvious fact to his own advantage? Looking north from the city, he found his answer. Not many years hence, he said, those neglected farms will be occupied by houses and business buildings of a hard-working, rent-paying people. I will buy these and then sit down and wait. He bought and waited. Farm after farm was purchased, his friends thinking him mad and advising him to stop, but he listened to their advice and then bought some more. Much of the property was marsh and rock, and there was quite a stampede to unload. He would take nothing that seemed really worth while. He would rent by the acre, and business buildings had no attractions. He once disposed of a Wall street house for \$8,000. The purchaser, after the deed was signed, chuckled over his bargain. "Mit t'is eight thousand dollar," replied Astor, "I will put the eighty lots up der Broadway near Canal Street. In ten years dey will be worth \$1,000 each, and dis Wall street house will be worth just vat it is now." So the event proved, and in this episode is found the secret of the Astor wealth.

This old John Jacob must have been a hard man, for the records show that he loaned money on mortgage to those who were in poor circumstances, and in time of depression such as during the year of 1812 and the panic of 1837, the estates were foreclosed. He appeared as the complainant in no less than sixty different proceedings during the latter period, the properties in all cases being bought in by himself at absurdly low figures. Thus he obtained at \$2,000 a block in Harlem now worth \$1,000,000. His foreclosures aroused the greatest popular indignation. In one instance, after Astor had bid in lots for \$5,000, now worth \$800,000, the court compelled him to pay a bonus.

Thus by fifty years' incessant buying of vacant properties, which rapidly became available for building, and re-investing the income in more farms, Astor became the richest man in America. Such methods of accumulating wealth did not make him popular. He had no pity for backward tenants. Such is said to have been his interest in gathering the shekels that, having to be tossed in a blanket during his last illness, for exercise, he anxiously enquired, between throws, whether certain backsliders had paid up. He is, however, said to have been honest.

Astor had invested about \$2,000,000 in New York real estate. At his death its value was \$20,000,000. When William P. Astor died in 1876, it had increased to \$100,000,000. By 1890 competent authorities estimated it at more than \$250,000,000. The total Astor holdings now, distributed among several branches of the family, amount to at least \$450,000,000. Here evidently we have a most notable instance of the unearned increment. When John Jacob died, the New York Herald, in an editorial article, gravely suggested that his property be divided into two parts, one half to go to his heirs, the other to the city of New York. For it was not Astor's energy or genius, said the Herald, which had made him so rich; it was the city's commerce, its fashion, its men of progress and enlightenment, which had converted his goat-farms and swamps into the richest rent-bearing soil. All the economic and social forces which have made New York the American metropolis have, entirely without their instigation, made the Astors wealthy.

John Jacob was a capitalist of the leisurely school. He was in no great hurry to benefit by his land operations. The Astor empire could always wait. It is not quite true that he never sold any land, but in general he held tenaciously what he bought. He was, however, interested in the city's most strategic

points, however, before it began to grow. As in obedience to a natural law, its growth almost invariably tended along the line of Astor's purchases. He himself did nothing to encourage this. The city fathers ran streets through his farms, laid out parks and otherwise embellished the neighborhoods—usually against Astor's will. He was not fond of paying assessments, even when he gained enormously thereby. Nor did he tempt the population to settle upon his lands; in fact, his business policy in every way discouraged it. As his plots became available for building, he naturally had many offers to sell, frequently made by people who would put up ornate buildings that would greatly improve the value of the remaining property. Astor turned them off scornfully. "Well, then, would Mr. Astor himself erect the building and rent it on fair terms? Neither would he do this. There was one thing, and only one, that he would do. He would lease the property. Any citizen attracted by one of Astor's lots could obtain the use of it for twenty-five years. He must erect his dwelling at his own expense, and, when the ground lease expired, this dwelling became the absolute property of Astor. The tenant meanwhile, in addition to paying rent, on the basis of 5 or 6 per cent. of the value of the land, paid all taxes, made all repairs, and became responsible for all charges. Thus, year after year Astor compelled his fellow-citizens to improve his property, pay his taxes and a yearly tribute besides. This method was most popular, and as a result the Astor property was always the last to be improved. Not all of it is built upon even now. Great blocks of land purchased by John Jacob Astor a hundred years ago still stand unused in what are today thriving locations.

Immigration has doubled and tripled the value of the Astor estate. From 1840 to 1850 came a wretched mass of Germans and Irish, settling mainly on the lower east side. At first the Astors were alarmed. Their great holdings were tenanted by the respectability and wealth of New York, which fled before the unsavory influx. The Astor lands thus seemed to be in danger of depreciation. On the contrary, they grew in value. The little dwellings which had previously sheltered one family now housed three and four and five. Consequently they yielded a greater revenue. The more wretched the immigrants, the more valuable the land becomes, for with immigration has grown the tenement system. Frequently one hundred people are sheltered on the same amount of land that formerly housed five or six.

The invention of the elevator contributed very largely to the Astor wealth. Here was something of which John Jacob, when purchasing the old knickerbocker farms, never dreamed. His imagination could picture thousands of business buildings, all tributary to his descendants, but he could not see that some day his little leafy town would cease growing laterally and suddenly start into the air. One morning the Astors woke up and found that they had acre after acre of land, previously useful for four or five storey structures, upon which twenty and twenty-five storey office buildings and hotels could be built. The humble inventor of the elevator had thus doubled and tripled their wealth.

The old Astor House plot, which previously was worth \$2,000,000, suddenly acquired a valuation of \$5,000,000.

The Astors today spend a large part of their income in new buildings. The big hotels which bear their name are monuments of their work. Nothing but real estate will attract them. At the present rate of increase, it is difficult to imagine what their wealth will be in a few years. Perhaps it will grow too unwieldy for one family or become so great a burden that, like Carnegie, they will seek some use for it that will be of public benefit and atone to some extent for the drag it has been upon the city from which it was obtained.

A BROAD STATEMENT.

This announcement is made without any qualifications. Hem-Rold is the one preparation in the world that guarantees it. Leonard's Hem-Rold will cure any case of piles. It is in the form of a tablet.

It is the only pile remedy used internally.

It is impossible to cure an established case of piles with ointments, suppositories, injections or outward appliances.

A guarantee is issued with every package of Leonard's Hem-Rold, which contains a month's treatment.

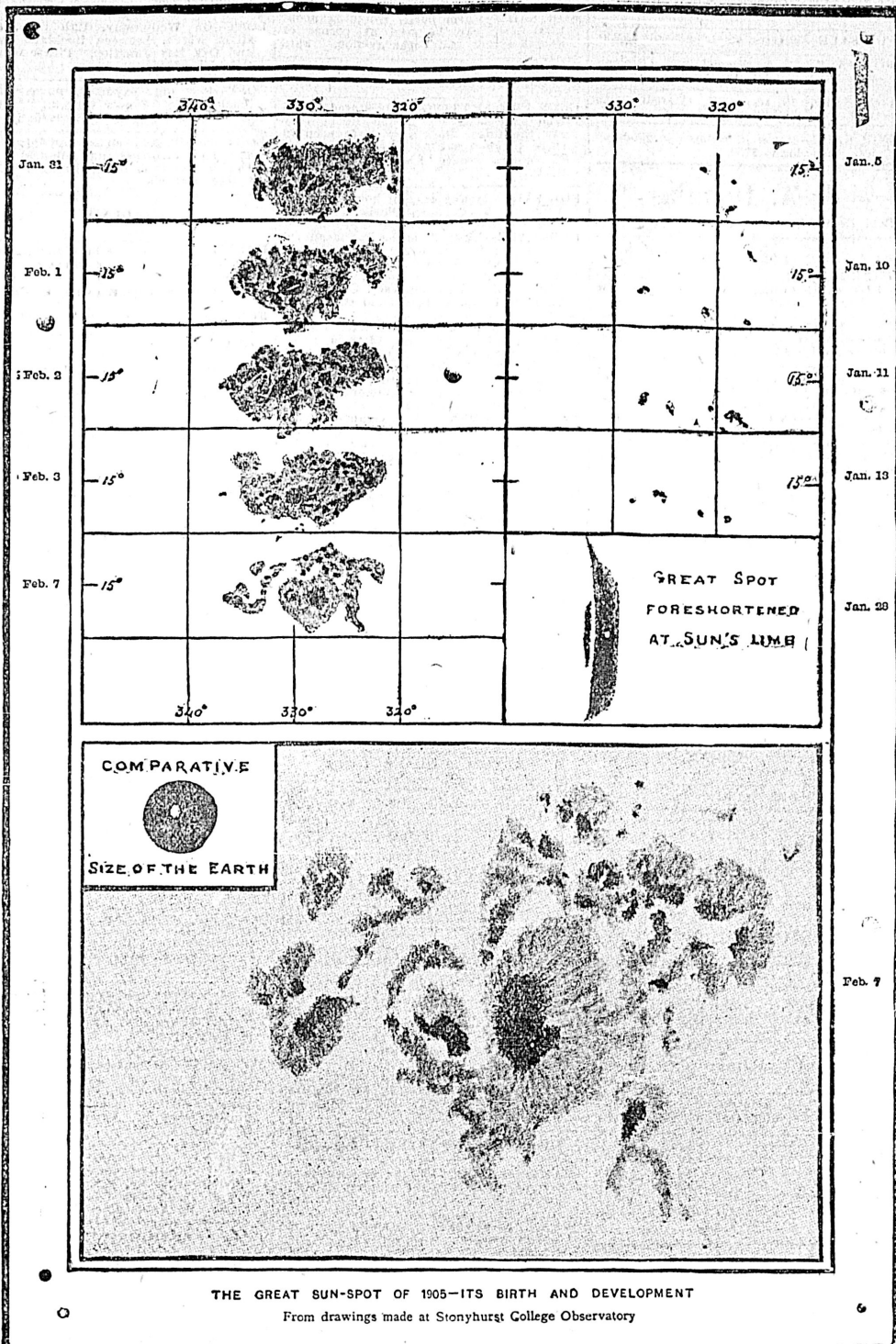
Go and talk to your druggist about it. The Wilson-Frye Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

"Is my hat on straight?" "Yes—hurry or we'll be late." "Are you sure it's on perfectly straight?" "Yes, I tell you—you couldn't get it straighter."

"Then I'll have to go back again, John. You know it isn't stylish to wear this kind of a hat straight."—Cleveland Leader.

Jasper—So the Orville Swells have really got into society? Jumpup—Sure they have. They have had a hyphen put in and their appendices taken out.—Life.

Sun Spots---An Astronomical Phenomena



Every eleven years on an average, says a writer in London Sphere, the sun reaches a maximum of activity, when the spots on its surface are not only more numerous, but also individually greater than at other times. Every such phase of a sun-spot period is generally marked by the appearance of one or two spots of exceptional greatness, which can very easily be detected by the unaided eye, provided it be shielded from the glare of the sun's rays by a piece of colored or smoked glass.

We may call a sun spot very great when it attains an area of one five-hundredth part of the sun's visible hemisphere, or relatively as large as Spain, when compared with the area of the earth's hemisphere. The actual dimensions of such a spot would be approximately 1,180,000,000 square miles, or about six times the superficial area of the whole earth.

Twenty such monster sun spots have been observed on the sun's surface during the last thirty-one years, and of these twenty spots the one that was lately visible is the second in order of size, being surpassed only by that of February, 1892.

The life history of the spot during its two appearances from January 5 to February 8 is given in the annexed plate of drawings made at the Stonyhurst College observatory by direct projection on a sheet of paper placed on a drawing board suitably adjusted to obtain the correct position of the spots.

The telescope used was the Perry memorial equatorial, of 15-inch aperture.

The group of spots was born on the visible hemisphere in the southern quadrant of the sun's disc on January 5, and continued to present the appearance of a group of small spots until it was carried round the western limb of the sun by the rotation of the sun on its axis.

The horizontal and vertical lines on the plate show that the mean latitude

of the group was 16 degrees south of the sun's equator, and its longitude 32 degrees from the conventional solar prime meridian.

While the group of spots was on the invisible hemisphere of the sun it must have greatly increased in size, for when observed January 28 on the eastern limb of the sun at its second appearance it showed like a long line of varying blackness, evidently betokening a huge sunspot seen foreshortened on account of the perspective effect of being viewed on the edge of a sphere.

Three days more of solar rotation sufficed to show it on something like its full proportions, for it attained its greatest size on January 31. On that date it covered an area of about 3,384,000,000 square miles, or about nineteen times the superficial area of the whole earth. It was about 70,000 miles long and 43,000 miles broad at its widest part.

It will be observed that in the dark central nucleus, or umbra of the spot, as it is called, there is a bright division, a bridge. If the successive drawings be compared one with another and the relative positions of this bridge be noted, it will be seen that the spot has turned through a considerable angle on its axis in a direction from west to east, or as looked at on the picture in the direction in which the hands go around over a face of a watch.

Hence one may infer that this huge black mass on the sun's surface was endowed by a gyratory or cyclonic motion of an axis very much like the cyclones in the earth's atmosphere.

A drawing on a larger scale was made on February 7 at the Stonyhurst observatory in order to show the details of the spot and the distribution of the umbrae or darker portions among the penumbrae or less dark portions, with greater clearness.

The spectroscopic observation of sun spots has shown that they are composed of blackness of metals, more particularly of the elements vanadium and titanium, existing under great pressure and density. In this spot hydrogen gas was also brilliantly predominant, and the calcium clouds which surrounded and overlaid it were bright and extensive. Why, then, should it appear black when in reality it is a mass of glowing gases and metallic vapors? Partly by contrast with the brighter background of the clouds that form the heat and light-giving surface of the sun; partly, too, because these glowing vapors absorb the light of the same kind and quality coming from the sun's nucleus.

On August 27, 1883, a great volcanic eruption took place in the Straits of Sunda, by which two cubic miles of the island of Krakatoa were blown into space. The sound of the explosion was heard 3,000 miles away.

The sea wave started by the upheaval traveled as far as the English Channel, and the air wave was registered by the Stonyhurst barometer for seven successive passages.

Might as well this explosion, it pales beside the vast scale on which eruptions of vapors of metals take place on the sun? It is possible, then, that though the earth is 93,000,000 miles away, some effects should be produced even at that tremendous distance? Not as affecting the weather, in all probability, but as releasing the energy which causes those abnormal swings in the magnets that are called magnetic storms, with the accompanying electric earth currents, which sometimes prevent the proper working of the telegraph wires and throw electric traction into disorder.

The present sunspots had, as was expected, their associated magnetic storm, on February 2-4, but with the exception of one big swing of the compass needle of one degree, it was not by any means one of the greatest of such storms. In fact, there is no parity between the size of a big sun spot and its associated magnetic storm. Most probably the sun spot was a condition for, and not the cause of, the magnetic storm.

Antwerp furnishes another example. It stands as the third shipping port of the world, yet its population in 1902 was only 256,000—less than that of such cities as Detroit and Milwaukee.

Shipping alone, then, will not make a great city, but is a highly important adjunct. Manufacturing industry everywhere is the chief basis of a city's growth. Some one has seen a statement that in 1902 the freight tonnage of Pittsburgh was 88,000,000 tons, said to be double that of London and more than that of New York, Boston and Philadelphia combined. And this enormous business is a product of an immense manufacturing industry, carried on in a city hundreds of miles distant from the sea.

CAMPING OUT IN THE ROCKIES. (From The Mountains, by E. E. White.)

About dusk you struggle in with trout or game. The camp-keeper lays aside his mending or his repairing or his note-book, and sits up the cooking fire. The smell of broiling and frying and boiling arises in the air. By the dancing flame of the camp fire you eat your third dinner for the day.

In the mountains all meals are dinners, and formidable ones at that. The curtail of blackness have seen a statement that in 1902 the freight tonnage of Pittsburgh was 88,000,000 tons, said to be double that of London and more than that of New York, Boston and Philadelphia combined. And this enormous business is a product of an immense manufacturing industry, carried on in a city hundreds of miles distant from the sea.

Speaking of chemical experiment, Mr. Gray pointed out what had been done in this line in regard to wheat during the last ten or twelve years in the different experimental stations of the United States. It was but recently, however, that laboratories had been established in connection with flour mills, but they have already demonstrated their utility.

As to the purification of flour by electricity, the speaker remarked that it is about two years since this method was adopted, and the development has been wonderful. A beautiful silvery whiteness is produced by subjecting flour to air which has been passed through a flaming electrical discharge. The flour has also, as a consequence, better keeping qualities and commands a better price. The Ogilvie Flour Mills Company, he said, was the only firm in Canada, and one of the first in America, to make use of this purifying and sterilizing process.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S 25c CATARRH CURE... 25c. Is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the discharges, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

MASON AND RISCH



ONE of our oldest employees says he remembers when we had to make a round of the lumber yards in search of the wood we wanted and he finds we are just as great cranks about it now when we have a million feet of it in our own yards. Yes, we are cranks, if that means asking and persistently insisting on getting the very best. We know how much the tone quality and the life of a piano depends on the wood in it. So we won't let any but the best lumber into our yards and we keep it there on probation about five years. If in that time it seasons right and we are satisfied with it we put it in our drying kilns where we keep it an average of twenty-four days according to its kind and its needs.

Then the wood comes up for its final inspection and even what we discard is good wood. We learnt the importance of the best materials long ago and it pays us to discard much that might be good, so we know every bit we use must be good.

We don't want to make all the pianos in the world, but we do want to make the best and some of the world's greatest musicians agree with us that we have found it.

You can buy a Mason and Risch Piano on the easy-payment plan, if you wish, and we allow a liberal price for old instruments. Write for our catalogues and full particulars.

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The Piano with a Soul

Mason and Risch Piano Company, Limited, Toronto

Hicks & Lovick Piano Co. 88 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.



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Fit-Reform Rain Coats are the most useful of top coats.

When the sun shines, they're stylish, dressy spring overcoats. When the rain pours down, they're the one protection that protects from neck to ankle.

Just the thing to slip on these chilly evenings.

Rainproof and dampproof.

Made with big, broad shoulders—roomy backs—light, easy, comfortable.

Rich Tweed effects—\$15 to \$25.

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Exclusiveness

"Progress" Brand Clothing is above all exclusive.

The "Progress" way of buying direct from the mills, enables "Progress" Brand to command patterns and color schemes that "Progress" Clothing alone can show.

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The "Progress" way of selling only to the leading retailers, who are financially responsible,—who enjoy the confidence of the best trade—insures the wearer of "Progress" Clothing, an exclusiveness which is not obtainable in other makes.

Sold by Leading Clothiers throughout Canada.

YOUR MONEY BACK IF GIN PILLS DO NOT CURE.

Gin Pills for Kidneys

We believe we have in Gin Pills the most perfect remedy that has ever been discovered for all kinds of Kidney Trouble. So positive are we that Gin Pills will cure any case of Kidney disease that we guarantee every box and authorize any druggist to refund the price in case of failure. All Druggists, 50 cts. per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, or direct from THE BOLE DRUG CO., WINNIPEG, MAN.

THE BOLE DRUG CO., WINNIPEG, MAN.

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Lead, Tin, Antimony, Aluminum.

THE CANADA METAL CO. TORONTO, ONT.



NOW I notice a decided improvement in the cultivation of tobacco in Cuba.

The soil is artificially fertilized and the plants regularly tended by experienced men to keep down the destructive caterpillar—and keep the plant nipped back so that only as many leaves are left on the plant as nature will allow it to properly mature—consequently the quality of the tobacco has so improved that when I buy the well matured and well cured leaves I obtain the choicest smoking material the world produces.

J. BRUCE PAYNE, Limited, Granby, P.Q.

The celebrated Broadleaf, grown in Connecticut, I use as binder, and a genuine clear leaf Sumatra, I import from Amsterdam, Holland, completes my Pharoah and makes it a delicate, charming smoke.

None genuine unless branded PHA-RO

AN INCIDENT OF MISCHENKO'S CAVALRY RAID



The London Times' Tokyo correspondent, in a letter dated January 23, says: There is now lying in hospital at Liaoyang a young Japanese officer, Lieut. Iwai. He has four wounds, and the account he gives of the circumstances in which he received them makes a vivid page in the history of Mischenko's cavalry raid down the western bank of the Liao River.

On January 3 it became known to the Japanese garrison at Anshantse that the Russian cavalry was showing some activity in the valley of the Liao. No details were procurable, however, and the officer in command decided to send out a company of infantry to reconnoitre. He did not suspect, it would seem, that more than a few squadrons of Cossacks would be encountered. Capt. Yasuhara went in command of the company. It numbered over 100 men—the exact detail has not been published—and with it were Lieut. Iwai and Assistant Surgeon Namba. The little force moved slowly and cautiously, endeavoring to collect information as they went. During six days they saw nothing of the enemy; but on the 9th, when they had crossed the Tai-tse River and were in the region between the Liao and the Liao River, a large body of cavalry, some 3,000 strong, was in front of them. It was then about 3:30 in the afternoon. To retreat at once would have been the natural course for Yasuhara's company, since to effect a reconnaissance had been their only object. But the close proximity of the Russians made safe retreat impossible for infantry, and, moreover, an excellent position for defensive purposes offered itself in the immediate neighborhood. Yasuhara determined, therefore, to make a stand, sending meanwhile a small detachment to the rear to convey the intelligence to headquarters. At 4:30 the advance guard of the Cossacks detected the presence of the Japanese, but, seeing that the lat-

ter's number was insignificant, the Russian troops rode on boldly. The first volley from Yasuhara's men emptied all but were wounded—Captain Yasuhara, shot through the stomach; Lieut. Iwai, with a broken leg; and three sergeants and twelve privates, all crippled. More than one half of the whole company lay killed or wounded outside. It was a little past 6 o'clock. During the next two hours the Russians repeatedly attempted to recover the building, but were always driven back. Now, however, their artillery came up, and simultaneously with the crashing of the shells which must soon settle the combat, the little garrison found themselves enveloped in flames and smoke. A quantity of millet stalks piled against one side of the building had taken fire. In these desperate circumstances a proposal was made that they should all die by their own hands. But Iwai, who though wounded in four places, had not become helpless, suggested that a retreat might be possible under cover of the conflagration. Calling upon all who could follow, he struggled out, and with him went a sergeant and six privates,

while a second sergeant at the head of twenty men made an exit in another quarter. The intention was to hold together, but in the darkness and confusion the two parties became separated, one moving east towards the Tai-tse, while the other made its way south in the direction of Old Newchwang. Both ultimately effected their escape—Lieut. Iwai and his seven comrades reaching Anshantse, while the other 21 passed through Newchwang and finally entered Niuhiatun. Meanwhile Captain Yasuhara, the three sergeants and twelve privates who had remained in the building committed suicide. Assistant Surgeon Namba, however, met with an awful fate. He had struggled out simultaneously with Iwai, but, it being plain that he could not make any protracted effort to escape, his comrades left him, feeling assured that the Red Cross on his arm would ensure his safety. But Iwai declares that by the glare of the burning house he saw the Cossacks raise Namba and throw him into the flames. They did the same another wounded man who had fallen in the struggle to gain possession of the house, but they were sufficiently merciful to stab him before consigning him to the conflagration. Thereafter the Russians broke into two bands and followed the directions taken by the fugitives. Those going south were subsequently repulsed at Niuhiatun with heavy loss; but those going east managed to injure the railway slightly in two places before the Japanese, now everywhere on the alert, were able to drive them back. This body of Cossacks constituted only a portion of the force led southward by Mischenko, but the story of the main column's movements is already familiar. Before the publication of Lieut. Iwai's account, however, the public had not known that an encounter had taken place in the district between the Liao and the Tai-tse, and, moreover, the fight, though in itself a small affair, well deserves to be recorded.

Dreaded Spotted Fever

Ravages Made by Cerebro Spinal Meningitis in New York—Scientists and Physicians Studying the Mysterious Disease Which Threatens to Spread to Regions Where It is Now a Stranger.

In the three months ending on the last day of March 680 persons died in New York of cerebro spinal meningitis, the mysterious disease commonly known as "spotted fever." While the exact number of cases is not known, the health authorities estimate that it was about double the number of deaths. In Philadelphia, in a period of two months and a half last winter, there were 25 deaths from a total of 26 cases reported. The disease has continued to rage in New York during the present month. "Spotted fever" is no respecter of persons. One of the recent victims in New York was a prominent railroad president, and the list of victims is made up from all walks of life.

Public attention has recently been called to the fact that little is known about the cause of "spotted fever" by the appointment in New York of a commission of seven physicians to study the disease. In taking this action Dr. Darscouge, the health commissioner, has made what is practically an official admission that too little is known of this danger for effective measures to be adopted for checking its progress. Last year the death toll from this cause in New York amounted to more than 1,200, and the authorities anticipate a much larger total for 1905 is over. A similar, though milder, outbreak occurred in 1871, 1872 and 1873, reaching its height in 1872. This has led to a very general belief that for some inscrutable reason an epidemic usually lasts three years, and that it is now at its zenith in New York city. This is a theory of encouragement to the fact that the disease is spreading into parts of the country where it has previously been a stranger, and that it threatens to become epidemic, and that America exhausted all its resources in fighting the disease. As a member of the faculty of the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital said recently, "Everywhere the railroad goes, cerebro spinal meningitis may be found, and every physician may be sure that it will make its appearance in his territory sooner or later, if it has not done so already."

With this encouraging prospect ahead, the medical profession has met with a new grapple with renewed vigor. One sign of the increased importance which is now attached to meningitis is the creation of the New York commission, the members of which receive nothing for their services, though the board of estimate has appropriated \$5,000 for the necessary expenses of the investigation. Another is to be found in the New York Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital, which embraces in its territory some of the worst spots from a bacteriologic standpoint in the city, where the fever thrives more than elsewhere. In the past two years there have been in the babies' and children's wards of the hospital more than 150 cases, and there have been at one time as many as thirty sufferers from the disease. Despite this abundance in New York and the alarm which the epidemic has created there, there are many practitioners of good standing and long experience who have never seen a case of cerebro spinal meningitis. It is significant that men of this character, from whom are drawn the students at the Post-Graduate, have shown an increased interest in the meningitis patients in the wards, and are striving to prepare themselves by observation and study in New York for the time when they will be called upon to grapple with the disease themselves. It may be remarked incidentally that this is the one instance of the value of post-graduate medical instruction—an idea which the world owes to America.

That it will not be so many years before this effort bears fruit cannot be doubted, medicine has won in the past few decades over other sciences. At a dinner given last year on the occasion of the twenty-first birthday of the New York Post-Graduate Medical School,

Dr. Keen, in urging the state endorsement of medical schools, said that in 1790, the year of Edward Jenner's discovery of vaccination, two million persons died of smallpox in Russia; and added that it was once as uncommon to see a man in the streets of London who was not pock-marked as it is now to see one who is. And just as smallpox has practically been driven from the civilized quarters of the globe, so the terrors of diphtheria have been removed, and the mortality has fallen from 40 per cent. to 8-10 per cent. Even yellow fever and cholera have been curbed wherever it is possible to insist on proper sanitation, and there are comparatively few left of the thousand and one plagues before which the physician was once powerless.

Up to the present time, however, cerebro spinal meningitis has been a hard nut to crack. The particular germ which is the root of this evil has been discovered by an examination under the microscope of the spinal fluid of the patient. The task of extracting this fluid, by the point of a needle—a process known as spinal puncture—is a remarkable instance of the ease with which modern science can perform the most delicate operations. In spite of the sensitiveness of the spinal chord, the fluid can now be extracted with no more inconvenience to the patient than would be afforded by an ordinary pin prick. "It all depends on the localization," said one physician, speaking of the effect of the germ. "If the germ settles on the brain, it is cerebro spinal meningitis, and if it could get down to the knee-cap it would cause trouble there. But you on earth it should insist on going up to the brain these last two years, we don't know."

New Yorkers just now are inclined to attribute the evil to the condition of the streets after a winter of exceptional early and heavy snowfalls which have greatly impeded the work of the street-cleaning department. This inference was strengthened by the recent death of two small children from cerebro spinal meningitis in Little West Twelfth street, a thoroughfare which was at that time in a most unattractive condition, but which has been cleaned up since the attention of the authorities was called to it by the outbreak of the disease there.

Attributing the epidemic to unsanitary conditions explains nothing, however. Beyond the facts that persons whose vitality is depressed by unhealthful conditions are more liable to catch every form of illness, and that germs of every kind are believed to thrive on dirt, there is nothing to connect the present outbreak with the always disputed question whether the city is clean or not. Bacteriologists working in their laboratories have been able to find means of nourishing the cerebro spinal meningitis germs in test tubes, but how they live when at liberty in the outside world and beyond the realm of microscopes, no one has yet found any way of discovering.

Even if the manner in which the infection is spread is still a mystery, it is quite certain that careful nursing and feeding are essential to recovery. This explains why it is that, while in the whole of the city the percentage of mortality is 70 per cent. and in the crowded quarters where the fever is most flourishing even higher, of the patients treated at the Post-Graduate Hospital, for instance, the percentage of deaths has been a little more than 50. It is possible for the very poor to receive in their own homes the gratuitous attendance of the best physicians, but no amount of charitable work can make of a dirty, ill-ventilated, two-room apartment occupied by a whole family, a suitable sick-room, and under such circumstances scientific nursing is impossible. For the proper care of the sufferer the diet kitchen, too, which is now to be found in every modern hospital, is indispensable, and not infrequently recourse must be had to the stomach tube, the use of which is necessarily confined to expert hands. As for the actual cure, that is largely confined

to fighting the symptoms as they appear, leaving the rest to time and nature. No infallible specific for the "spotted fever" has yet been discovered, any more than for pneumonia.

Just what the recently appointed commission will be able to accomplish in increasing our knowledge of cerebro spinal meningitis is of course a question for the future to settle. In the interval physicians from all over the country are seeing, many of them for the first time, the methods which are employed in New York to treat those who have already fallen ill. Few forms of illness are more difficult to handle, for in addition to intense pain, the patient's muscles become absolutely rigid. With children, the chief sufferers, convulsions are frequent. So difficult, in fact, are spinal meningitis patients to care for that one nurse declared that she would resign rather than take another case. To the difficulty of nursing such patients is added considerable danger. How the disease is spread is still unknown, but it has been believed to be only mildly infectious and not contagious. Recently, however, one of the nurses in a New York hospital was stricken with cerebro spinal meningitis while caring for a patient, and succumbed to the fever all too immediately.

It is not improbable that the chief value of the commission's work will lie in progress toward the discovery of the way in which the infection is spread and the methods by which it can be checked. For such investigations the physicians on whom depends the actual treatment of individual cases have little time. The inestimable value of their work lies in aiding others to gain practical knowledge of what is still, in many parts of the country, a very rare disease, but one which is recognized as an ever-increasing danger.

BYRON AND NAPOLEON.

(John Davidson, in London Outlook.) The more I think of Byron the more clear it becomes to me that he is, first, second and third, a tragic figure. He was the child of a loveless marriage, that constant source of unhappiness and discordant nature. His upbringing was tragic; his marriage was tragic; his loves were tragic; his death, which at first I thought only tragical, is actual tragedy. Byron and Napoleon, contemporaries were the analogues and complements of each other. Byron is the passive tragedy of the imaginative temperament as poet, using expression; Napoleon is the active tragedy of the imaginative temperament as warrior and world-conqueror, employing deeds. Byron inevitably ends in an abortive attempt at action in Greece; Napoleon, as inevitably, in an abortive attempt at expression (the detailed memoirs) in St. Helena.

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Courtesy and Success

(By Newell Dwight Hillis, in New York World.)

Text: "Be ye kind, tender-hearted."—Eph. iv., 32.

Some years ago two business men from New York were breakfasting at their hotel in Paris. One of them was commenting upon the millions of money that Americans were pouring into the city of Paris, the city of the golden river ought to be turned upon the fields of American industry and commerce. He urged that his own store offered advantages as many and great as any shops of Paris. "Do you want to know why our Americans and their money here in Paris?" said his companion. "Come with me for an hour and I will show you the reason." Then the lawyer and the merchant went into a shop. The July morning was bright but the French merchant and his wife understood the law of kindness and courtesy. The lawyer said he wished to look at some gloves, some ties and some lace. "But first of all you must sit down and rest." So Madame brought an easy chair, and the shopkeeper insisted on bringing a fan and a cool drink. Very soon the stout merchant forgot his heat and long walk. After a little he apologized to Madame for the trouble he was making her. "It is no trouble," it is a pleasure. "No courtesy could have been more thoughtful."

In that hour kindness oiled all the wheels of trade. Good manners made buying and selling a pleasure. The big, prosperous merchant forgot his long walk, and he bought with open-handed generosity. Nor did he remember his discussion until he had reached the street, when he began to understand the laughter of his companion.

"Well," said the merchant, "Paris has taught me one thing—the law of courtesy. When I get back to New York I am going to have the heads of departments organize my clerks into classes, with lectures on kindness and good manners." For the law of courtesy has a tremendous value. Courtesy will not make an ignorant man wise nor a stupid, lazy clerk to be successful, but the youth of good parts will find that kindness and courtesy are large additional assets and will do much to promote his happiness and good feeling among his fellow-workers.

What culture is to the scholar, and what perfume is to a flower, that courtesy is to a gentleman. Kindness makes the youth a happiness-maker. Courtesy is a delicate exhalation that sweetens the atmosphere. Good will diffuses itself in a genial glow. It has been said that a gentleman is for his companions' minds what an easy chair and a warm fire are for the body. It makes the youth consider the rights of others; and once the law of kindness is fixed in the heart, it manifests itself in good-fellowship, wholesomeness, cordiality and those refined attentions that go to make a youth popular among his companions. One day a friend asked a freshman in Harvard College why the boys always cheered a certain professor. Now the freshman had never considered that point before, and he jumped at an answer, and he gave the right one: "Oh, he is so kind it always seems good to have him around."

Some people call courtesy a minor grace. But how can that virtue be little that lifted a professor to a throne and made him loom large above his fellows? Remember that roughness is a sign of weakness. Some men are so harsh that their softest word is a blow. There are blunt, brutal men who ride roughshod over their fellows and companions, and they say, "Oh, you mustn't mind me! It is a way I have!" Suppose a porcupine were to say, "Don't mind my quills! It's a way I have!" A hedgehog has a way, but the way is very bad. Bad manners, sarcasm and disregard of the rights of others are great faults. Remember that one yellow stain ruins a marble, one black spot in the ceiling ruins the fresco, and one great fault, like the absence of courtesy, can injure character, threaten prosperity, and halve one's influence and success. The word "criticism" is like Satan who fell from heaven—it is a fallen

word. It began as the artist's word, and meant to select the beautiful and essential elements in a great painting that should be lifted up for admiration and praise. This glorious word is like a seraph that has been dragged down until its pinions drag in the mud. We all know the type of man whose tongue is a flail. Here is the teacher who is always praising the bright scholar, and, when the slow one stumbles, exclaims, "You stupid fool!" And yet the boy has worked twice as faithfully, despite his failure, as the other one, and earned his master's admiration, did his teacher but know it.

Ours is a world that is harsh in its judgments and cruel in its criticism. Young man, restrain your tongue! Be kind. Practice courtesy. Keep the ideals of Sir Walter Raleigh's gentleman ever before you. Don't pelt the unsuccessful with words like stones. Consider that what the north wind cannot do to produce a harvest the south wind, blowing softly, can easily accomplish. Hate is as powerful as a blizzard. Love is as omnipotent as the sunshine. Distribute joy by your daily kindness. Go out like a sower and sow benefactions like a prince. Live with the courtesy of one who feels himself to be a natural king. Test yourself by Jesus Christ. He scattered benefactions and exhaled kindnesses. Be kind, tender-hearted and forbearing if you would reap the finest harvest of practical success.

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Race run at Epsom, Eng., May 31, 1905. Prizes divided as follows:

1st Horse 40 per cent.
2nd Horse 20 per cent.
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(Japan Mail Steamship Co.) S. S. "ITO MARU" for Yokohama and Kobe, will sail on or about May 16, 1905.

For all information, K. J. BURNS, General Agent, 75 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

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FROM VICTORIA, 7:30 P. M. City of Puebla, Umbria or Senator, April 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, May 3, 8. Steamer leaves every fifth day thereafter.

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Leave Victoria 4 a.m., S. S. COTTAGE CITY April 12, 26. Leave Seattle 5 p.m., Cottage City, City of Seattle or Humboldt, April 7, 11, 13, 17, 23, 25, 29.

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The past week has been one of good music at the Victoria, the Consolidated Amusement, and the Victoria Theatre, the lovers of the best in instrumental music under a lasting obligation by offering as but an incident of the vaudeville programme at this house the twenty-five-piece organization known as "The Players." This band, a group of musicians that is distinctly suggestive of Creators. The leader in particular might almost be styled a replica of this famous conductor, his methods and a truly remarkable, almost paralleling Creators. In the arrangement of the band the old Italian method is observable, the trombones being of a type unfamiliar to American audiences, thus making the usual place of the cornets, and the flutes, and the clarinets, largely depended upon for certain of the climatic effects. The band plays all grades and classes of music, but preference is evident for the Italian school of playing, and the music is fresh and crashing, tumultuous effects. Changing the programmes each afternoon and evening, the conductor has covered a wide range of good composers, while almost every programme has contained something of the nature of the artistic young conductor making a specialty of marches that are almost Souseque in their inspirational quality. Besides, the band last week offered an artist on the accordion, Sig. Frosini, who proved himself a truly remarkable performer upon this humble instrument. The athletic was represented by the familiar Yerkas, in acrobatic and contortion specialties, with a new Roman ending feat, Bob and Lewis supposing, by providing the fun and humor through their skit as presented earlier in the week needed chloride of lime; Harold Hoff was popular in the picture melody "On a Moonlight Winter's Night"; and the "near picture" was well with a good natured audience.

For the new week opening with the Tuesday matinee—Monday evening being given over to "The Marriage of Kitty," and the vaudeville people putting in the evening at the Victoria, the big attraction, and it is likely that it will be a big hit, being "Zinn's Pony Ballet," including seven fresh and fair examples of femininity in ensemble songs and dances. Another strong item is the team of Klein and Klein, in eccentric pantomime comedy, a unique specialty that is sure to please. Then there are Baby June, the child prodigy; Marjorie Mandeville, in contortion dances; Harold Hoff, the boy soprano, in illustrated songs; and the new young voice, and the bioscope in all the latest novelties of animated pictures.

Kalkritus, in his phenomenal hoop rolling and equilibrist specialty, has been the big drawing card at the Savoy during the just-ended week, his defiance of the ordinary laws of possibility and impossibility exciting the wonderment of hundreds of applauding patrons of the house. In addition, the card of dances, songs and other vaudeville features has been a more than ordinarily pleasing and popular one. Commencing tomorrow evening there will be another string of novelties. The management has engaged for one week only Professor Dodd and his wonderful dog, a marvel of canine intelligence that makes Dame Hubbard's celebrated puppy look like a drivelling maniac. It is probable that the dog will excite as much general interest and argumentative speculation as did Trilix, the horse with a brain like unto that of a budding politician. The Redmond Sisters, song and dance artists, are to appear in the first place, where good words concerning their neat and pleasant work have long since preceded them. Another promising announcement is that of the engagement of the new band, the "Players," who are perhaps as keen as any band rivals of popularity among lovers of good music as any who have yet sung in vaudeville in this city. The one is Miss Alice Wildermere, a notably handsome young woman, who is famed for the profession for her taste in dressing and her smart wardrobe, as well as for the quality and power of her voice. She is as well a finished and magnetic interpreter of coon songs, which, as a rule, are used in the most effective manner. Lorne requires no introduction to Victoria lovers of good singing, she having filled several engagements here in years gone by. Born in Australia, and receiving a specially thorough musical education in that colony, she came to America twelve years ago and at once established an unshakable popularity by her sympathetic interpretation of Scottish melodies, of which she still retains a feature. During an extended residence in Dawson, Yukon, where she has been recently returned, she gained the sobriquet of "The Yukon Nightingale," a name that clings to her affectionately with the folks of the new Northwest, of whose regard she holds a place all her own and undiminished by any other artist who has visited the Arctic cities. Among the others in the Savoy programme for the new week are William Woods, comedian; La Ros and Deagle, English comedians; Ethel Jackson, coon shouter; and Blanche Trojan, the latter being among the so-called "hot-overs." For a certain reason there will be given a new English burlesque by Harry Sefton, which bears the title "A Midway Carnival."

An announcement that will occasion a general regret in Victoria is that of the impending departure of the contracted season in the United States of the Ed. Redmond Company, although Victorians will feel a certain proprietary pride in the fact that in the best theatres of the past approves the local verdict as to the quality of these favorite entertainers. It may not be generally understood, but this is the home in reality of the Ed. Redmond company interests, and its confidence in the city and its future has been demonstrated by the investment of large amounts in theatrical properties here. And although the company's engagements now take it to other fields, its interest is still here, and Mr. Redmond and his associates will see to it that none but the most meritorious attractions fill the time at the home house. The farewell week will be an important one, inasmuch as a large number of the company's productions will be offered. On Monday evening "Davy Crockett," with all its beautiful scenery, will receive a careful production. On Tuesday night and at the Wednesday matinee, "The Marriage of Kitty," will be the attraction. Wednesday night is "The Man of Mystery," Thursday night and Friday matinee (special) "The Two Orphans," Friday night and Saturday matinee the Lighthouse Robbery; and on Sunday night of the Redmond season will be the jolly farce comedy "Prince Romero." Much local interest will be shown this final week, for there may be many changes in the company's returns, and it will surely be looked upon as a duty by local theatre-goers to attend at many of the performances as possible during the final week. There has been a vast change in local conditions since the advent of Mr. Redmond in the field, and the class of entertainment has become a change for the better. "Victoria Crockett" and the coming of Mr. Redmond and his

turn engagement. With his infectious and magnetic humor, his laughter-producing eccentricities, his inimitable accent, his facial absurdities and his talent as a whistler, he is perhaps the individual favorite with vaudeville audiences of this city—not even excepting Annie Daniels. A clever actress of the future, Little Mildred, provided a novelty in elocutionary entertainment and character songs; and other items on the week's card have been: De Goe, the world-famed equilibrist; Joe Deming, monologist; Mr. Roberts in picture melodies, and a unique and well-varied selection of motion pictures. For the new week there will be another humorous playlet, "The Players," presented by Mr. and Mrs. John T. Powers, a name to conjure with. T. Luders will give an exhibition of heavy-weight balancing, and Dan Mason—late of Mason and Mason of "Radolph and Adolph" fame, a notable favorite with Victoria theatregoers—will appear in a German monologue. Christopher is billed as a neoclassical entertainer; and Elmore, a poet, personator and elite entertainer, has an act that is referred to as possessing first class literary quality. Carrie B. Whalen will give the needful spice to the bill, she being a saucy singing and dancing soubrette. Mr. Roberts' song is the old-time favorite, "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," with appropriate pictures. The animated story will be all about the "Elopement" and also "Willie's Vacation."

It is usually safe in the case of coming events theatrical to take the advice of well-known and capable critics who have "seen the show." Tomorrow evening "The Marriage of Kitty" will be presented at the Victoria by a fresh Murry Company, headed by Max F. F. F. Upon common report it is such another smartly written modern comedy as "The Earl of Pawtucket" proved to be. Last week "The Marriage of Kitty" was given in Portland, whereupon John W. Kelly, of the Evening Telegram, was moved to write thus: "One of the most delightful farces of the season is 'The Marriage of Kitty.' It you want to laugh and have a good time, and also see a comedian who is

in the little village of Godine, just south of Brussels and a few miles' ride from the famous battleground of Berlin, lives Eugénie Saye (pronounced See-ah), admitted by all contemporary artists to be today incomparably the greatest of living violinists, and who will visit and give a concert in Victoria on the evening of the second June. His is a most so-called life, for outside of his accomplished family he has few companions. It is really a remarkable thing that

her adored Holmes, all the boy returned with two men from an insane asylum.

"Yes," said one of them, "that's the escaped patient," and they led her out. Gillette turned off the lamp, the bit of clear light reappeared, and the curtain fell down on a blank stage with only his having uttered a syllable during the seven minutes between smokes.

Some of Victoria's very best people are certainly doing their best to help the week's card to its American reputation of being slow to recognize a joke. In the course of his advertising campaign for "The Marriage of Kitty," which comes to the Victoria Theatre on Monday evening, amongst whom here a few days ago had 500 invitation style communications elegantly engraved and sent to the leaders Victoria fashion. The cards read:

Mr. Jules Murry requests the honor of your presence at the marriage of Katherine (Kitty) Silverton to Sir Reginald Belsize, Bart., on the evening of Monday next, April 17.

For particulars about prices, advance sale, etc., see daily papers. Carriages at 10:30.

And would you believe it, up to Friday evening no fewer than eleven of these "invitations" were carefully returned to Mr. Jules Murry through the post, with covering notes on quite correct stationery, all to the same tenor: that there had evidently been some mistake, as the recipients had not the honor of the acquaintance of Mr. Murry, of Miss Silverton, nor yet of Sir Reginald Belsize, Bart.

Gustavus Pixley, a comedian in "Babes in Toyland," is confident that he tells a better story of a pessimistic manager than anyone has ever told. Strike.

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And now Vancouver figures in the literature that is sent out from the big theatrical promotion bureaux of New York. Read this from "The Galley Proof" of April 8:

"Manager Richard of the Vancouver Opera House celebrated the phenomenally successful engagement of 'The Earl of Pawtucket' in the metropolis of British Columbia by giving an elaborate 'supper-dinner' in honor of Lawrence D'Orsay. The guests, and his twenty guests were Englishmen assembled to welcome an Englishman with true English hospitality. During the introductions a remarkable coincidence became evident. Among the Vancouverites grouped around the festive board were Mr. Lawrence, Mr. Dorsey, Mr. Montgomery, Mr. Wilkins, Mr. Robinson, Mr. MacDonald and Mr. Forbes. Except for a slight difference in spelling, every one of these seven names came to figure in the cast of 'The Earl of Pawtucket.'"

One would have thought that the public was at the end of its surprises in the matter of value for the money at the "supper-dinner," but, surprisingly, there is amazement yet to be added to wonder. The announcement is made that after the return engagement at the Redmond of the Watson company, who certainly will receive a cordial welcome from many friends among Victorians, there will be presented at this house a season of up-to-date comedies with really good singing principals, adequate orchestration, and a sufficiently large and handsome chorus to

announced that the present was his last tour, Mr. Stoddard had not thought to have it so. He had intended playing for years yet, within an easy radius of his New Jersey home. Let it be hoped that Fate will not uncharitably redeem the predictions of managerial policy.

Frederick Warde and Kathryn Kidder have revived "A Winter's Tale," in Chicago.

Ralph Stuart is organizing a stock company at Portland, Me., to try out two new plays of his own.

Bertha Galland is having great success with "Dorothy Vernon, of Haddon Hall."

Chauncey Olcott may visit Victoria in the course of his coming coast tour.

Lawrence D'Orsay plays a return here next spring.

Carroll Johnston is now with Lew Dockstader at a "princely salary."

VICTORIA THEATRE

Week of April 17th. Excepting Monday

ZINN'S PONY BALLET.
Seven Charming Girls.

BABY VUNE
Child Prodigy

KLEIN AND KLEIN
In Eccentric Pantomime Comedy

MARJORIE MANDEVILLE
Contortion Dancer

HAROLD HOFF in Illustrated Songs.

BIOSCOPE in Latest Novelties.
Prices, entire balcony and gallery, 10c.; lower floor, 20c. Box seats, 50c. Two performances each evening, beginning at 7:30 and 9 p. m. Matinee every day except Monday at 3 p. m.

REDMOND THEATRE

FAREWELL WEEK OF THE Ed. Redmond Company

Mon. Evening—"Davy Crockett."
Tues. Eve and Wed. Mat—"Mountain Girl."
Wed. Eve—"Man of Mystery."
Thur. Eve and Fri. Mat—"Two Orphans."
Fri. Eve and Sat. Mat—"Lighthouse Robbery."
Sat. Eve—"Prince Romero."

All matinees 10c., any seat. Night prices, 10c. and 25c.

VICTORIA THEATRE

MONDAY, APRIL 17.
Reduced Prices—A \$1.50 performance for \$1.00. Jules Murry presents his company, including Mr. MAX FIGMAN, in the comedy success, "THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY"
Curtain 8:30; Carriages 10:30.
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Seats on sale from 10c. at W. J. H. Music Store, Government Street.

GRAND

DAILY 2:30 to 4:30
DAILY 7:30 to 10:30
Gen. Admission, 10c. Res. Seats, 20c.
Matinee to cents all over.
ROBT. JAMESON, Manager

SYLVESTER, JONES & PRINGLE.
TED E. BOX.
LITTLE MILDRED.
DE COE.
CHRISTOPHER.
FREDERICK ROBERTS.
NEW MOVING PICTURES.

50 JOHNSON STREET.
Go where the crowds go.

SAVOY THEATRE

W. G. STEVENSON, Mgr.

Week of April 10, 1905.
THE GREAT KALACRATUS
America's Greatest Equilibrist and Hoop Roller.
WM. WOODS
Blackface Comedian.
LITTLE AMETTA
Ternslecher Artist.
LA ROSE & HATFIELD
SAXTON & DEAGLE
English Comedians.
ETHEL JACKSON
Coon Shouter.
HATTIE WADE MACK
Hibernian Mirth Maker.
SHAW SISTERS
Character Change Artists.
WAID & LESLIE
Song and Dance Artists.
BLANCHE TROJAN
Sole Comedienne.
English Burlesque by Harry Sexton
"FIDELIA."

Admission 15c. and 25c.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p. m. of Tuesday, 18th instant, for a Brick Building, to be erected on Yates street for W. J. Hanna, Esq.
Plans and specifications at the office of the architect, Mr. J. J. Hanna.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

HOOPER & WATKINS.

TENDERS

Estate of Sir Joseph W. Trutch (deceased).
SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned for the purchase of the following described property, situated in the City of Victoria:
Lot 33. Five acre block 9, with cottage thereon. No. 23 Frederick street. West part of lot 106, with cottage thereon. No. 19 Yates street.
Sections 3, 4 and 22, Pated Farm Estate, with 9 roomed dwelling house. Terms and particulars on application. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

MORSEY & O'REILLY,
Solicitors for the Executors.

Gordwood and Stovewood

Truck, Dray and General Teaming done.
J. E. PAINTER
Office, 21 Commercial Street
Residence—17 E. Street, Victoria West.

For School Trustees

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:
I beg to announce that I will be a candidate at the election for School Trustees, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.
WM. McKAY.